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WATER WORKS AND LEMON HILL, FROM FAIRMOUNT.

Perhaps there is no situation in the United States, certainly none within our knowledge, from which a more varied, grander, or richer prospect can be obtained, than that which presents itself to the eye of the beholder, from the heights at Fair Mount. To the east, stretching far away into a seemingly interminable perspective, he sees an immense and opulent city, lying, as it were, beneath his feet, her lofty spires serenely reaching to his level; and he hears the busy hum of her tens of thousands of inhabitants mingled with the sound of bells, and the ruder, though more acceptable, noise of mechanical industry. Turning a little to the north, the Pagoda, glittering with the most gorgeous colors, and rivalling in form the fanciful temples of Chinese worship adorn the view; while beyond, cultivated fields and a varied prospect of hill and dale form a soft and beautiful landscape, terminated on one side by the New Prison, whose massy walls, huge buttresses, lofty turrets, and "dungeon keeps," forcibly recall to mind the Gothic structures of the middle ages. To the south is seen the skirts of the city, and in the distance may be recognized the two Asylums for Widows and Orphans, charities which are principally supported by female contribution; and nearer, the Shot Tower, rising like a huge monument into the regions of middle air, as if in commemoration of some mighty achievement. Around and beneath him on the west, the spectator beholds the works connected with the Fair Mount Water establishment, one of the noblest triumphs of human industry and art, with its dam fourteen hundred and sixteen feet in length, creating a water power sufficient to raise into the reservoirs ten millions of gallons a day; the apparatus by which the water is raised into the reservoirs, and the reservoirs themselves, situated at the top of the Mount, at an elevation of one hundred and two feet above the low tide of Schuylkill, and fifty-six feet above the highest ground in the city of Philadelphia, covering an extent of more than three hundred thousand square feet, and capable of containing twelve million of gallons of water. The pipes leading from these basins through the various parts of the city, extend at this time to the length of thirty-two miles, and are daily increasing. At the distance of a few hundred yards to the northward, lies Lemon Hill, the seat of Henry Pratt, Esq. This elegant villa is most delightfully situated on the eastern bank of the Schuylkill. The grounds are extensive, laid out for the most part in gardens, and embellished with every variety of tree, fruit and flower, that wealth could furnish or inclination desire. The mansion is of a modern order, erected on the brow of an embankment, and commands a fine view of the surrounding scenery. The green-house is one of the largest and best stocked in the United States, and comprises an almost infinite variety of plants, native and exotic. Arbours and grottos, tastefully decorated, are found in various parts of the garden, and the fish-ponds are filled with the different species of coloured fish. In the perspective beyond Lemon Hill, the Schuylkill is seen gracefully winding its course between the banks, which are here chisled with high hills, overgrown with lofty forest trees, and there slope gently down to the river side; covered with the richest vegetation. Below the dam hundreds of craft laden with the produce of the upper country, coal, iron ore, flour, &c. are seen discharging their cargoes, thus adding the appearance of thrifty business to the scene. In a word, the eye cannot turn in any direction from the point we have selected to take our view, without resting upon some object interesting, beautiful and pleasurable.

From the Forget-Me-Not.

TO LEISURE.

BY BERNARD BARTON.

Leisure! there are of whom thy wealth
Seems but a source of sorrow,
Oh, teach thy wilful hard, by stealth,
Thy gifts, their grief, to borrow.

For thee I've panted; thee I've prized
Beyond their estimation:
For thee I've gladly sacrificed
Sleep, health, and recreation.

The feast of reason, flow of soul,
To win thee I have bartered;
For thee have given up many a stroll
Through Nature's haunts, unchartered.

While some who own thee seem, the while,
As if they sought to shun thee,
Early and late I've wooed thy smile,
And yet have never won thee.

The sunny heath, the shady grove,
The ramble o'er and through them,
Are joys a poet's heart must love;
But then must guide him to them.

What is a book, when lacking thee?
A fountain sealed or hidden,
Even the lyre, without thy key,
Is but a toy forbidden.

For love of thee and not itself,
Life seems a thing to covet;
For thee alone I pine for pelf,
For thee would stoop to love it.

Since wealth not only can supply
What worldlings make a trade of:—
Commanding thee, its dross can buy
The stuff that life is made of.

From the Monthly Magazine.

THE STUDENT OF STOCKHOLM.

I have thus brought down my narrative to the last year of my residence at the University. Hitherto what I have related has merely been in sketch—for what more does the record of tasteless and puerile debauchery deserve?—but graver matters now remain to be detailed. During the vacation of the preceding year, which, after the fashion of most university students I had spent in travelling, I had accidentally fallen in with a student of my own rank and standing, who accompanied me during part of my rambles among the picturesque, but seldom-trodden wilds of the Dofrafeld mountains. This collegian—whose name, for obvious purposes I shall disguise under the fictitious appellation of Herwaldsen—was about 26 years of age; effeminate rather, and inclining to *embonpoint* in person; easy and graceful in address; soft in speech and manner; devoted to literature and the Fine Arts; a first rate linguist; and, above all, a complete man of the world, though without the coldness, distrust, and heartlessness which an acquaintance with mankind rarely fails to engender. I have said that Herwaldsen was effeminate; I should observe, however, that though passionately fond of women, he had about him a strong redeeming dash of boldness and enterprise. In after years he might have sunk into a mere Epicurean; but at this period, his mind was too active, his ambition too stirring, to allow him—though his finances were already sufficiently ample—to rest satisfied with his present condition. He aimed at literary distinction, not in mathematics or the abstract sciences—those enviable, high toned pursuits, whose chief objects are, first to prove, and secondly to disprove, that two and three make six—but in the more social and comprehensive areas of the Belles Letters. Among modern authors, he chiefly admired Rousseau, whose voluptuous sensibility and nice apprehension of the beautiful in nature—I was going to add, in art—together with those striking creative powers to which he imparted reality to fiction, and steeped inanimate objects in the living splendors of a rich, sensitive, and prurient fancy, seemed, in Herwaldsen's eyes, to constitute the very perfection of intellect.

It may be conceived, from this sketch of his character, what an attractive travelling companion he must have made. Most literary men are pedants, with but usually one topic of conversation, into which, as into a vortex, all other subjects merge. Books are their Maelstrom; into this they plunge their friends, with this they create their solitude. Over the narrow seas of learning, they can skim lightly and in perfect safety; but on the vast ocean of general information, they have neither skill, rudder, nor compass whereby to guide their course. Herwaldsen, on the contrary, was unlimited in the range of his conversation. Whatever tended to improve or enlarge the mind, was with him a matter of interest. He could laugh with Voltaire, weep with Rousseau, philosophize with Rochefoucault, be simple with Fontaine, eloquent and impressive with Massillon, extravagant but profound with Rabelais, a special pleader with Montesquieu, a determined egotist with Montaigne. Such was Herwaldsen in the year 1818. What is he now, in the year 1828?—Now, when —— But I will not anticipate.

On taking leave of him at Carlstadt, previous to my departure for Upsal, whither it was my intention to vegetate till the university studies should recommence, I was no less surprised than gratified by hearing him press me to accompany him to Naples, whose classic shores he was desirous to explore. From some cause or other, which I cannot just now remember, I was unable to comply with his request; and, accordingly, he set out alone on his pilgrimage, nor did I hear a single syllable either of or from him, until about a month after my return to Stockholm, when a note was brought to my residence by one of the university porters, requesting that, if not better engaged, I would step up and pass an evening with a fellow traveller at his lodgings.

I went accordingly, and found Herwaldsen as cheerful and diverted as ever. After a few indifferent remarks,—"I arrived here," he said, "but yesterday, and am now fixed for at least two years longer. When we last conversed upon our mutual prospects, I told you that I was indifferent to university preferment. Circumstances, however, have since occurred materially to change my opinions, and I am now resolved to struggle hard for college emoluments."

"And pray what may be the circumstances that have caused so abrupt an alteration?"

Herwaldsen paused; a flush came across his face, and he seemed undecided whether or not he would satisfy my curiosity. After a short struggle—"I am going to intrust you, Hermann," he began, "with a secret which, however trifling it may seem to you, it is to me just now a matter of extreme moment. Will you then respect my confidence, if I give it you promptly and without reserve?"

"Certainly," I replied, laughing at the very mysterious expression of his countenance, "provided it involves neither rebellion, heresy, nor schism."

"Listen, then," interrupted Herwaldsen; and drawing his chair closer towards me, commenced his narrative as follows:—"About three weeks after I parted with you at Carlstadt, I reached Naples, where, however, I made but a short stay, disliking its tone of manners and society—notwithstanding I had some excellent letters of introduction—and feeling myself altogether disappointed in the romantic expectations I had conjured up respecting its scenery. Baiæ and Brundisium are all very well in the pages of Horace, and there is something wondrously exciting to the fancy in Virgil's lake of Avernus; but see these places as I have seen them, shorn of their honors, changed in every part, and tenanted by the most abject slaves in the universe, and you will regret that ever you allowed the sobriety of truth to displace the splendors of fiction. With regard to Vesuvius, that stale plebian volcano, it is altogether a fa lure; consisting merely of smoke, cinders, and Englishmen. With this opinion of Naples and its bay—which last, by-the-by, is over-rated—I was not sorry to quit them, and take up my abode at Terracina—a retired neighborhood, sylvan and unassuming, and one that happened exactly to hit my taste. Here, in due time, I managed to become acquainted with a French aristocrat of the old *regime*, whose family—consisting of himself, a wife, and one daughter—received me with an abundance of kind but stately courtesy. Of the two former, I shall say nothing more than that they were poor and immeasurably proud; but, as regards the latter, I cannot be quite so epigramatic in my details. She was, indeed—but you shall see her, and judge for yourself—an uncommonly fine young girl; of a warm, impassioned, but perfectly artless nature. In fact, she reminded me of Virgil's heroine; but her name, luckily, was more euphonious—it was Hortense. I see you are smiling, Hermann, and anticipating the upshot of my tale. You are right: I fell distractedly in love with this fair creature. We read, we conversed, we walked together; and a spell was thus thrown over Terracina, which Naples, with all its voluptuousness, with all its scenery, with all its classic associations, had wholly failed to inspire. But now comes the more serious portion of my romance. Poor Hortense had been for some years—and, as I verily believe, unknown to herself—betrothed to her cousin, a foolish-looking fellow, whose sole recommendations were a thick head and a long pedigree, and who, at this particular juncture, was momentarily expected at Terracina. On receiving this intelligence I was, as you may conceive, in a very pretty state of anxiety, but was calmed by the solemn assurance of Hortense, made in the course of one of our long evening rambles together, that nothing on earth should ever induce her to marry her beaby kinsman. And nobly she redeemed her word—the high-minded, generous girl! When her cousin came, and the purport of his mission was declared, she at once remonstrated with her father, and, on his refusing to listen to her supplications, explained to him candidly the state of her heart, and even went so far as to implore his consent to our union. The old gentleman was thunderstruck. 'Marry a heretic!' he exclaimed, dashing his hand against his forehead—'my daughter, the descendant of a hundred ancestors, marry a heretic!—Never! I would sooner see her stretched dead at my feet.' And, accordingly, that very day month, Hortense, it being found impossible to overcome her abhorrence to her cousin, was sent off post-haste to a nunnery about twelve miles distant from Terracina. Here in due time she was entered as a novice, and compelled to undergo all those annoying preliminary ceremonies, which, though they do not irrevocably bind the nun to celibacy, at least suffice to prevent her from ever marrying. In a few weeks, however, no matter by what means, I contrived to find out her place of abode; and, by dint of bribery, perseverance, and an incredible stock of that impudence which I am proud to my has never yet deserted me, managed to gain, first one interview with her, then a second; then a third, then a fourth, and, finally, to prevail on her to elope from the detested nunnery, and accompany me to Stockholm, where she now is."

"And, of course, your wife." What an insipid termination to a romance!"

"Probably so; nevertheless, it is precisely that sort of insipidity which I am most anxious to secure to myself."

"How! are you not married then?"

Herwaldsen's countenance fell.—"I am not," he hurriedly replied; "for Hortense herself is the obstacle of our union. Whenever I entreat her to let me make the only reparation now in my power, she answers me—and the reply serves to show the disinterestedness of her affection—by a reference to the conventual laws, which declare, it seems, at least in Italy, perpetual imprisonment to whoever is sacrilegious enough to steal a nun from her vows. Even here, in Stockholm, this dreadful idea pursues her. Knowing nothing of the world, it has grown with her growth and strengthened with her strength; and not all my persuasions—not even my remonstrances, which I push at times to severity—have power to change her mind. She sobs, it is true, bitterly—distractedly—as if her heart would burst; but, nevertheless, remains inflexible."

"Noble, generous-minded girl! But have you no idea that she will be induced to change her resolution?"

"Very little at present. She tells me, indeed, that when the heat of pursuit and inquiry has relaxed, we shall be married; but this desired period, judging from her notions of time, is like the Greek calends—vague—uncertain—visionary. Her chief argument is founded on her apprehensions for my safety. Our separation, she says, would at once kill her; she could not survive it an hour. I believe her; for the deep agitation she shows whenever the subject is mentioned, proves how closely it is entwined with her existence. Meanwhile, she is living with me here, in secret. I have taken a cottage for her on the Sodermalm, close beside the Mount of Mosse, and not a soul but yourself knows aught of our intimacy.—But see," continued Herwaldsen, pointing to his watch that lay on the table, "it is already seven o'clock, the hour at which I usually visit Hortense; so put on your hat, and come along with me—I will introduce you to her; nay, more, you shall sup with us to-night."

I did so; and never, to the latest moment, shall I forget that delightful evening. At the very extremity of the large island of Sodermalm, and removed from the more bustling tumult of the city, stood Herwaldsen's cottage—homely, it is true, but the very picture of health, peace, and happiness. Hortense was at the window when we arrived; she was dressed in simple but attractive attire, eminently calculated to set off the luxuriant graces of her person. In stature, she was rather above than below the middle size; of a slender but not thin figure, easy and dignified in her gait, with a bust modelled by nature in her happiest and most classic mood. But her eye—her dark, languishing, Italian eye, eloquent of passion, but tempered by the natural softness of the woman—her Grecian nose—her small, but characteristic mouth—her ringlets, glossy, luxuriant, and wantoning in wild profusion round her forehead, and down a neck such as Canova would have loved to model from—these were the attractions that, joined to a set of features whose general character was tenderness, but which varied according to each varying emotion of the mind, imprinted themselves at once on my imagination, never thence to be withdrawn. During supper our conversation was not wholly without restraint; but, long before I left, it had become frank and unembarrassed. Hortense talked of France (of Italy she said nothing,) which early prejudices had taught her never to think of but with fondness; of the sunny plains of Provence, where she was born, and where she said she hoped to die; and Herwaldsen kept up and illustrated the conversation by apt and familiar anecdotes. And so passed my first evening with Hortense. The next night was spent in the same delightful manner—and so with the next—and the next—and the next. Herwaldsen, now that the ice of his reserve was once fairly broken, honoured me with his entire confidence; his good opinion, of course, extended itself to Hortense—the consequence of which was that I was always a welcome visitor at the cottage.

If I linger over this portion of my narrative, it is because I feel that it is the only part of my existence worth a moment's recollection; because, in short, it is the only part which I would gladly live again. Our progress through life is the progress of a traveller through an Arabian desert; here and there, when worn with toil and desirous of laying down our burden, we arrive at an oasis sparkling with fountains and fresh with pasturage; would we, however, when once the sands are fairly passed, retrace our steps, for the sake of enjoying, a second time, the repose and the beauty of those few sunny spots? Never—so says instinct—so says experience. I, however, am an exception to this rule; for gladly would I repeat the desert of my life, could I, by so doing, enjoy once again the full happiness of the time passed in company with Hortense. Every thing conspired to render this period a paradise. Not an hour passed without its particular avocation. During the day my mind—influenced by Herwaldsen's example, who was now busily engaged in the composition of a poem for the university prize—was exerted in the acquisition of sound and useful knowledge, and, in the evening, the hours flew rapidly away in the witching society of Hortense.

Our usual mode of life was this. After the half-dinner, Herwaldsen would call at my lodgings or I at his, when, over a glass of Alba Flora or Burgundy, we would converse on the subject of our morning's studies, comparing facts, suggesting ideas, commenting on style, and thus mutually receiving and imparting instruction; and in the afternoon, we would both walk, or ride, or row up to the cottage in time for coffee, which Hortense had duly prepared, and over which we lingered, engaged in light and desultory chit-chat, carried on chiefly in French, for the sake of our pretty foreigner, who was yet but an imperfect linguist. As the long, social, autumnal nights drew on, the shutters were shut early; the candles introduced; the thick, warm flowing curtains drawn; the soft wheeled round to the fire, and Hortense, taking up her mandolin, while Herwaldsen and myself sate beside her, would play one of those Italian airs whose tones, sweet and plaintive, like flutes heard across waters on a still summer evening, still ring, and will ring for ever, in my memory. To enhance our amusements, and steep them, if possible, in a richer glow of colouring, we had every thing around us that taste or even luxury could suggest. The library—as Hortense called a small room, in which stood a tasty satin-wood book case, with glass-folding doors lined with rich crimson silk—was stored with an elegant selection of French, Swedish, and Italian authors. The drawing-room was hung with the choicest works of art, the result of Herwaldsen's researches; Titian was there, with his warm, voluptuous colouring—Rembrandt, with his glorious depth of light and shade—Claude with his sylvan mitchapes, his stiff coasts, his classic fanes, splendid as a poet's dreams, yet chaste as the virgin's first sigh of love; his drooping caves and embowered woods, where the Dryads would by choice resort, and where attentive Fancy might seem to hear the voice of Echo, like the music of the incarnate Apollo in the vales of Thessaly, swelling up plaintively and sonorously, high above cliff and glen, and waterfall, companioned by the sighings of the pine-tree, and the gurglings of a thousand streams;—there, too, was Salvator Rosa, the enchanter of the forest, the genius of Romance, whose gloomy spirit throws a more sombre hue over the desert crag, the dun wood, the precipitous and tangled glen;—Domenichino, the most intellectual—and Vandyke, the most chivalrous of portrait-painters. On a light mahogany stand, made expressly for it, stood, at one corner of the room, a cast from the shell Venus; and, at the other, a model from Canova's Graces, sculptured by the nephew of our great northern luminary, Thorwaldsen. I know not whether I am singular in my opinion, but I have always contended for the superiority of sculpture over its sister art. In painting, the attention is diverted and bewildered by the variety of light and shade, and, in the human form, more especially, has, with either sex, an animal stimulant imparted to it by the voluptuous and fleshy tone of the colouring. But sculpture takes a higher flight; it appeals not to the passions, but addresses the judgment—the sensibility—the poetic and religious enthusiasm of the spectator. Who, that has once seen them, can ever forget the spirit in which he viewed Canova's Graces! In those divine forms there lurked no stimulant to sense; though naked they were robed in purity; no fire shot from their eye; no young blood ran riot in their veins; no wanton smile played round their lips; a white virgin modesty—cold—stainless as the marble out of which they sprung, clothed them from head to foot as with a garment, and kept off all impure ideas. It was in this light that I was in the habit of daily gazing on those august sisters, and fancying that, in the loveliest of the three, I could discern some faint resemblance to Hortense.

I have before observed, that Herwaldsen was a man of the world: I here repeat that assertion. Though devoted to his incomparable mistress, his affection for her was not of an engrossing character: it was shared equally with his ambition. Hortense, on the other hand, had but one idea—that of enthusiastic attachment to Herwaldsen. Never yet did Hindoo worship his favorite idol with one half the earnestness with which she devoted herself to my friend. Father—mother—kinsmen—friends—home—country, in his presence, were all alike forgotten: for him alone she lived—of him alone she thought—he was her study by day, her dream by night—for his sake she was content to immure herself in solitude—to forgo even the commonest privileges of her sex, and bloom a shy, sweet flower, preserved in native freshness by the vivifying power of that spirit which abideth in hearts that know no guile, and thoughts that need no restraint. Sometimes, when a cloud passed over her, drawn from the recollection of her father, a word of kindness from Herwaldsen—even a look—a smile—a fond pressure of the soft white hand gently held out to his, would at once dispel the gloom; and she would rise the lovelier from her tears, like the violet, when the April shower has passed over it. Once, and but once, I saw her, even in his presence, wholly overcome. We had all been to pay a visit to the cathedral, and were standing absorbed in admiration—Hortense, especially, to whom the scene was new—at its grand and harmonious proportions, its rich gothic fretwork, its vaulted roof, its tall, umbered columns, its magnificent stained windows, through which the red evening light shot in upon the broad stone floors with a brilliant but mellowed effulgence; when, suddenly, the organ, accompanied by the fine tones of the choristers, who were rehearsing for the ensuing Sabbath, began pealing forth its awful hosannahs. As the music rose on the ear, climbing up the fluted columns, rounding the arched roof, and filling up each nook and cranny of the cathedral with its sweetness and soul-stirring melody, the eyes of Hortense filled with tears; sobs, deep, convulsive sobs, burst from the inmost depths of her heart; she recalled to mind the scene, the hour, when she had last heard that music in the convent of Terracina, while her father stood beside her; and would have sunk to the ground, had not Herwaldsen, surprised and half vexed at her weakness, whispered me to lead her out of the chapel, and accompany her back to the cottage, whither he promised he would shortly follow.

It was a dull evening, and our rude home lay chiefly through the long streets of the Normalm, which, just at this period, happened to be less crowded than usual. Hortense, however, was too deeply depressed to be influenced by external objects: her thoughts were abroad over the waters with her father and her home, at Terracina; once or twice she turned imploringly towards me, as if to apologize for her unavoidable gloom; and there was such agony—such remorse—such utter abandonment of all hope and happiness in her looks, that it cut me to the heart to see her. That instant, and those looks—so lovely in their supplication, so strong in their weakness, decided my fate. The long concealed passion, which, unknown to myself, I had cherished from the first moment I saw Hortense, burst forth: I spoke I know not what—I promised I know not what—I made vows of eternal fidelity; the words of love—of passion—of madness—of guilty, incurable madness—came bursting forth, like flames, from my heart; and, trembling in every limb—alive in every nerve—fire in my brain, and fever in my blood—I stood to hear my doom. That doom was at once and irrevocably pronounced. Insulted modesty brought back all her wonted energy to Hortense: she flung aside her raven ringlets, as if to clear her brow of some impure idea; and then, turning on me a glance—keen, searching in its expression, and lit up with all the stern dignity of the high-born Roman matron—waved me from her side, and walked on alone and silent.

The whole of that night—that memorable night—I passed in a state little short of distraction. I could not but feel that I had forfeited the esteem of the only woman in whom I had ever felt an interest; I thought, too, of the circumstances under which I had offered her such insult—of her forlorn, isolated condition; of her unavoidable estrangement from that society which she was born to bless and adorn; and, above all, of her intense agony of spirit—an agony which, so far from calling forth my reverence, had, through my pity, annulled my passions. But, with regard to Herwaldsen—oh! how I hated him! What was there, in his mind or manner, that should so long have blinded my judgment? His candour was a lie—his taste a cheat—his friendship, hypocrisy—his gentleness, the glozing subtlety of the arch-fiend!

For upwards of five days I continued in this bewildered state, never quitting home till nightfall, when, wrapt up in my cloak, I would steal away to the cottage, deriving some little comfort from the idea that I was breathing the same air with Hortense, and that but a few yards lay between us. One night, I remember, I was rambling in this direction, when the more than usual beauty of the landscape, on which a full-grown virgin moon lay asleep and naked, induced me to pause below the Mount of Mosse, and think with still stronger emotion of her who alone could share my feelings. It was, indeed, a lovely hour! Above—around—beneath me, all was hushed as death, except when, now and then, the far off voices of the Baltic fishermen came softened on the ear, or the waters of the Maelar, just roused by the passing breeze from their repose, woke for an instant, rippled towards the shores of the Sodermalm, and then again sank heavily to rest. But though the scene was thus impressive in its character; though the spacious and romantic city, whose tapering church-spires pointed upwards, like guardian spirits, to heaven; though the vast and picturesque assemblage of vessels from all quarters of the globe; though the wild uncouth precipice; the remote sky-topped mountain; the stilly moonlit waters of the distant Baltic—though these varied objects, as they rose in mingled beauty and grandeur on my eye, called forth my warmest admiration, still there was but one that wholly absorbed it—one little humble spot, which for me had a central and engrossing interest, and from which, if my eye wandered but an instant over the more romantic landscape around me, it was but to return with an added zest. While I stood gazing upwards at this dear, secluded dwelling, a light glanced suddenly from one of the upper rooms, and, the next moment, Hortense appeared at the bed-room window. Awhile she looked abroad on the scene, and up to the blue-studded sky; her ringlets were hanging loose down her neck; the covering was partially withdrawn from her bosom: she was evidently preparing for repose. Just at this crisis, and while she was in the act of drawing down the curtain, another figure appeared beside her, and, touching her lightly, and with a familiar smile on the shoulder, caused her to blush and slightly tremble. I could not be mistaken: it was Herwaldsen. With a wild scream, that resembled more the moaning of a dæmon than any thing human, I rushed from the detested sight; all the furies of jealousy, and hate, and revenge possessed me; I would have cheerfully mounted the scaffold to have plunged that instant a dagger in my rival's heart; to have insulted his dying moment, and trampled on his carrion corpse. Who is he that calls love effeminate? Who talks contemptuously of a passion which in one short day can live the life of years; can sap the springs of life; scorch the brain to cinders; and change the whole fabric of humanity? By the time that I reached my lodgings, I had worked myself up into a most unnatural frame of mind. Fancy—that busy, meddling fiend—exaggerated every part of my conduct; she left me not a single thought to fly to for refuge; but piled image upon image of annoyance, the Pelion upon the Ossa of recollection, till the wholesome daylight of reason was shut out. In her most winning charms, in her most perfect beauty, she placed the figure of Hortense before me. She bid her smile on me once more in kindness; she lent the encouraging tones of reconciliation to her voice; but when I would have rushed forward to avail myself of the proffered boon, Herwaldsen rose in repelling sternness between me and my divinity; and, though my brain fired at the sight, though my heart beat quick and loud, and I would have given worlds to have laid him dead at my feet; still there he stood, calm—motionless, sarcastic—a phantom only when I would have consummated my revenge by murder. But Hortense [illegible] only by day, even in my dreams did [illegible] form pursue me. I then saw her in all [illegible] watchings attractions; I listened to the beat[illegible] of her heart; I felt the flushing of her cheek; I caught her thick, heavy respiration; I watched the undulating swell of her finely rounded bosom;—but the morning dawned, the living vision disappeared, and I awoke to the full wretchedness of my situation.

Such was my state of mind; what it was, [illegible] ing, about ten days after my [illegible] with Hortense, I was surprised by a visit from Herwaldsen. His face was flushed up with extraordinary animation; and, grasping me by the hand,—"Give me joy, Hermann," he exclaimed, "I have gained the university prize—but how is this?" he added, as my [illegible] alarmed at the hurried tone of my [illegible] "Gracious Heavens, you are ill! Why do you not tell me of this before?"

Overwhelmed by a variety of [illegible] could make no reply, but turning [illegible] Herwaldsen burst into a peculiar [illegible] gazed at me with astonishment.

"You have lost a friend—a relative perhaps?"

"I have," was my rejoinder; "and such a friend as I can never—never hope to meet with again—She leaves me, Herwaldsen; I am [illegible] for society, and least of all for yours."

"Hermann, this is worse than [illegible] come, come; you shall go with [illegible] her society will relieve your grief. [illegible] your absence has half [illegible] you, [illegible] she has not been equalled [illegible]."

In vain I endeavored to [illegible] leave me to myself; Herwaldsen [illegible] no reply; but vowed that he would not [illegible] room till I agreed to accompany him to the [illegible] tage.

I wept; and again behold the [illegible] the incarnation of grace and [illegible] tle, the susceptible Hortense. [illegible] at first with grave and distant [illegible] but when she perceived the ravages that [illegible] had made to my person; when she saw my [illegible] on eye; when she heard my [illegible] when she marked the timid [illegible] nor, in which I listened to her [illegible] presumed to address her in [illegible] her demeanour left; with a [illegible] called forgiveness, and even [illegible] herself beside me. That evening was the happiest I ever spent.

Early next morning I received a [illegible] from Herwaldsen. After congratulating me on my renovated spirits,—"I am come," he said, "to receive your congratulations in [illegible] When you left us last night, I had a [illegible] personal conversation with Hortense. I [illegible] of my approaching triumph; I expected to have strength of attention; I even placed her [illegible] however; and at last wrung from her a promise that the same day which should [illegible] eve in the hall of the university, should [illegible] make her a bride."

Herwaldsen ceased; but, had death [illegible] been the consequence of my silence, I [illegible] have made him no reply. My head [illegible] sound—my limbs shook under me; [illegible] stunk as with an ice-bolt to the heart. [illegible] struggling mass time with my [illegible] wildness," I at length faltered out, "[illegible] fulness you on your good fortune; [illegible] time which [illegible] but an [illegible] worthy of literature, and the of you [illegible] be long happy together!"

"But you will be present at the [illegible]."

"I will;"—and, unable to utter another word, I rushed in haste from the room.

The time for taking university degrees was now fast approaching. This is a period of great excitement among the literati of Stockholm. The distinguished candidates are every where the chief topics of conversation; their acquaintance is sought; they are pointed at in the street; they are made the lions of the day. Herwaldsen was one of the few thus honoured; and, could I have derived pleasure from any thing unconnected with Hortense, I should have been delighted by the notoriety I secured by his friendship. But my heart was formed to admit but one idea, and losing that, to lose every thing. The day appointed for my rival's marriage at length arrived; and punctual to the hour, Hortense, Herwaldsen and myself, stood beside the altar. Herwaldsen was unusually cheerful; but Hortense—poor, devoted girl!—seemed oppressed with strange despondency.—Yet never had she looked so lovely! Arrayed in simplest white, she stood like some guardian seraph beside the shrine of its deity, her dark eye upturned to heaven, and her fair white hands clasped meekly across her breast. When the ceremony was ended—that ceremony which crushed my last, my fondest hopes—we returned to breakfast at the cottage, after which Herwaldsen and myself set out together towards the university. As we approached the hall, we met groups of students from the Academy of Antiquities and the Fine Arts, hastening in the same direction, and all conversing eagerly on the one great topic—the recitation of the prize poem. When we reached the door at which the public enter, Herwaldsen left me to make some few preliminary preparations; and I proceeded up stairs to the gallery, which was more crowded than I had ever before seen it. In a few minutes the heads of the university and the different academies entered in procession, and having taken their seats, the usual routine business of the day commenced, after which Herwaldsen was publicly called on to come forward and recite his poem. At this moment every eye was turned anxiously towards the door, at which, after an interval just sufficient to give a keen edge to expectation, my friend—my triumphant friend—appeared. The instant he was discovered, the hall rung with acclamations; but when he commenced the delivery of his prize, a pin might have been heard to drop—so general was the stillness, so respectful, so profound. At first his voice was low; but, as the spirit of his poetry deepened in animation, his tones kindled with it, his fine eye flashed, his countenance glowed with intellect. For upwards of half an hour he kept the audience enchained by the riveting power of his genius; and when he ceased, such was the impression he had made, that the whole hall, excited by one uncontrollable impulse, rose in a body to do him honour. Never before had there been known so complete a triumph!

On quitting the gallery, I hastened to congratulate Herwaldsen, whom I found already surrounded by admirers. On seeing me, his eye sparkled with delight: the name of Hortense escaped him. "How delighted she will be to know of my reception!" he whispered; "but I must not tell her yet—the ceremony of my public dinner must first be gone through." Memorable dinner! who, among the numbers that attended, will ever forget it? Throughout the evening, Herwaldsen was as dazzling: as imaginative: as triumphant—as he had shown himself in the university hall. By one successful flight he seemed to have reached the very summit of his ambition. He laughed—he jested—he philosophized—he sported alike with the most elevated and familiar forms of eloquence; and even when, at a later hour than usual, the party separated, and we were left once again to ourselves, the fervour of his enthusiasm kept up undiminished and unimpaired.

But the time was now drawing near when

according to promise, he should return to Hortense. The night was far advanced, so, by way of despatch, he resolved to go by water—a freak in which I foolishly indulged him. As we pushed off from shore, the wind, which had till then been brisk, subsided into a sudden calm; the sail hung drooping to the mast; the waters of the Mississippi lay stretched out, calm, glassy, and unruffled, before us. Lightly, and with scarce a motion, we floated in succession past the noble bronze statue of Gustavus III.; the Royal Palace, that pride of our northern architecture;—the outward range of the extensive and far-spreading arsenal;—when, just as we had rounded a point that brought us full towards the Mount of Mows, Herwaldseen made a sudden move to the side of the vessel, and, in so doing, lost his balance, and fell headlong overboard. The moon was at this time unclouded, the water transparent as glass, and, as I gazed on the direction in which he had fallen, I could actually discern my unfortunate friend, struggling at a considerable depth below the surface, his hands spread out, his legs wide apart, his head bent back upon his shoulders, and his whole appearance indicating the extreme agony of convulsion and suffocation. Twice he rose, and twice I made vain efforts to rescue him; but when, for the third and last time, he ascended to the surface of the water, the spirit of death was on him; he struggled, he gasped for breath; his eye was glazed, his lip blue, his mouth distorted, he made one last feeble attempt to clutch the oar which I had thrown out to assist him; and then, casting on me a look which rivers of tears—and God knows I have shed them since!—will never wash away from my remembrance, sank slowly, and without a struggle, before my face. I plunged after him; it was vain—he was gone from life for ever! The very heavens conspired together for his destruction; for, just as he sank for the second and last time, a dark, sullen, envious cloud crept over the moon; and the waters, thus secured of their prey, gathered darkly, slowly, and without an effort, above his head. How I myself subsequently contrived to reach the shore, I know not; for some hours my recollection, my very life itself, was a blank; and the first thing that recalled life to my senses, was a hurried visit from Hortense's favorite female domestic, with a request that I would instantly step up to her mistress, who was panting with impatience to see me.

It was a fearful trial; but I felt that it must be endured, and went without a moment's hesitation. As I reached the cottage, Hortense flew herself to the door to let me in.

"Where is Herwaldseen?" she exclaimed;—"speak, in mercy speak!—he has been absent all night."

She ceased, and life seemed depending on the answer she should receive.

"Compose yourself, Hortense," I replied;—"you are too agitated—too terrified—too——"

"Mah, man!—this suspense is torture; I cannot, I will not bear it. Speak at once, or kill me."

"Hortense," I resumed—and the tears, in spite of myself, flowed fast down my cheeks—"your husband is ——"

"Dead?"

"Even so."

She heard no more. Her eye glared wildly; the blood sprung to her brow, knotting the dark veins there till they seemed in act to burst; and, with a shrill yell—half shriek, half laugh—she dropped senseless at my feet.

In about an hour, by prompt medical aid, animation was restored; but reason was fled for ever. Madness had at once succeeded insensibility—a deep, determined madness,—which neither the kind voices of friends, nor the adroitest skill of science had power to soften or remove. For three days and nights Hortense continued in this state—rejecting all aid—refusing all food—and shrinking with a sort of instinctive loathing whenever any one approached her bed. Meanwhile all was done that might possibly assuage her delirium. Music was tried—Italian spoken—the names of her father, her mother, her husband, whispered in her ear,—in the hope that such sounds might strike upon her brain, and so bring back some little fragment, however broken or imperfect, of recollection; but all was vain; the very utmost we could do was to draw forth a faint, low, idiot laugh, or a fearful burst of frenzy. During the whole of this eventful period, I never once quitted Hortense. Alone I kept watch by her bed side; alone I marked the changes of that countenance once so gentle—so lovely—so impassioned in its expression; alone I listened to the hollow sounds of that voice, once so sweet and plaintive; alone I marked the glare of that red, dilated eye, which, except on one occasion, had never turned towards me but in kindness; and, as I observed these proofs of an insanity, that, at one sudden blow, had torn up reason by the roots and shivered the stem to ashes, I prayed that the same bolt which had struck this lovely but fragile plant to earth, might, ere long, lay me beside it.

The evening of the fourth day was now fast approaching. Hortense's attendant had gone to a neighbouring street upon some errand, and I sate alone beside the invalid. Night overtook me on my watch—a night of hurricane and tempest—of arrowy lightning—of loud incessant thunder! But there was one who heard it not: for her frail elements henceforth were still; a far other storm had swept the dessert of her brain—she could never feel a worse! As I marked the changes of her countenance, and listened to her damp, heavy breathing, which every instant fell fainter and fainter on my ear, the cathedral clock tolled midnight.

At this instant a crash of thunder burst right above my head, and shook the house to its foundation.

Another—and then, in the sudden, unnatural pause of the tempest, rose a vision before my eyes, which, whether real or conjured up solely by imagination, has since fixed itself as an imperishable record on my mind. Dim at first, but strengthening gradually into a distinctness, stood at the foot of the bed, his form arrayed in a pale, wan, sickly light, the spirit of the dead Herwaldseen. His face was set in the solemn expression of the grave; all trace of life had passed from it; the thin closed lip stirred not; the stony eye was fixed; but there looked out, methought, from its moveless orbs, the soul of an intellect sublimed by the knowledge of eternity. Had she form before me indeed passed the portals of death? Had it penetrated that mysterious realm from which, ever and anon, comes forth a voice of power which awes us, though we may not comprehend it? I know not—who on earth shall ever know? For a brief while the spectre retained unchanged and motionless, when suddenly it pointed its upraised arm to the wasted form that lay before it, and then slowly exalted into air—one dim, shadowy smile throwing over its countenance an expression of humanity as it vanished. Alarmed, breathless with awe, I turned towards the dying maniac. Life was ebbing fast away; but it was departing in triumph, to the wild dirge of the hurricane, the stormy music of the thunder, the sepulchral torches of the lightning! For upwards of an hour she continued in a state of hopeless, imbecile delirium; when, suddenly, she half raised herself in bed, and, in a faint whisper—so faint, so very faint, that it was next akin to silence, pronounced her husband's name. Astonished, and even almost venturing to hope, I looked earnestly into her countenance—God of heaven! there was intelligence in its expression. With a wan, benignant smile, she held out her hand towards me, while her eye expressed all she would have said. This was her last movement; the springs of existence were broken; the fountain had ceased to flow; the spark was just going out; and, as I caught its glimmer on the threshold, it dimmed—faltered—and then sank into eternal darkness. Hortense was dead!

LIST OF BOOKS

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6962. The Daily Chronicle, vols. 1, 2, 3. Gift of Mr. John Musgrave, Philadelphia, 1828, 9.

6963. Nouvelle galerie des entres de L'Opera, Paris 1720. Gift of Mr. Jos. S. Lewis.

QUARTO.

6979. The History of the reigns of Edward VI. Mary and Elizabeth. By Sharon Turner, F. S. A. London, 1829

6971. Travels in Assyria, Media and Persia, including a journey from Bagdad to Ispahan, researches in Ispahan, description of Persepolis, Bushire, Ormus and Mineral. By J. S. Buckingham, London, 1829.

6972. Journal of a second expedition into the interior of Africa, from the bight of Benin to Soccatoo. By the late Commander Clapperton, to which is added the Journal of Richard Lander, from Kano to the Sea Coast, London, 1829

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6993. Life of the Hon. Wm Tilghman, late Chief Justice of the State of Pennsylvania. Compiled by John Gilmer, Esq. Philadelphia, 1829. Gift of the compiler.

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7009. M. Tulli Ciceronis Epistolarum ad Atticum, variorum Edition, Amsterdam, 1684.

7010. The Iliad of Homer, translated into English Blank Verse. By the Rev. J. Mortice, London 1809.

7011. D. Justiniani Institutionum, London, 1670.

7012. Encyclopædia Americana, a popular Dictionary of Arts, Sciences, Literature, History, Politics and Biography, Philadelphia, 1829, vol. 1.

7013. Lafayette en Amerique en 1824 a 1825; ou Journal d'un Voyage aux Etats Unis, par A Levasseur, Secretaire du General Lafayette pendant son voyage, Paris, 1829.

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7015. The United Service Journal, and Naval and Military Magazine, London, 1829, 1 vol.

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Also, vol. 2 of Napier's War in the Peninsula, Hansard's Parliamentary Debates, vols. ix. and xx. Annual Register, 1828, and the Periodical Publications, to July, 1829.

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4034. The Life and Adventures of Alexander Selkirk; containing the real incidents upon which the romance of Robinson Crusoe is founded. By John Howell, London, 1829.

4035. The life of the celebrated Jean Bart, London, 1828.

4036. Musical Reminiscences of the Italian Opera.—By Lord Mount Edgecumbe, London, 1829

4037. All for Love, and the Pilgrim of Compostella. By R. Southey, London, 1829.

Also, 9 vols. of autobiography, including the memoirs of Vidocq, Goldoni, &c.

For the Daily Chronicle.

ARCH STREET THEATRE.

The comedy of *Married and Single* was performed last night, for the first time, according to the bills. Their contents are not always gospel; but I believe they spoke truth on this occasion, as I do not recollect the play on any of our stages. The piece was brought forward, no doubt, to introduce the northern star, Mr. Finn, in the hero *Beau Shatterly*. I saw Mr. Finn, for the first time, in that original and very diverting character, *Billy Lackaday*, and thought pretty well of him. I should probably have held his performance in still higher estimation but for a previous impression. Rosanna played the love-lorn *Billy* last season, and, in my poor judgment, better than Finn. The latter, however, created much mirth. But it struck me that he was less natural and less true to his author than his predecessor; and certainly much inferior in his cockney dialect. I cannot tell whence the conceit arose, but I could not help thinking, whenever *Billy* was on the stage, that the droll fellow had as much of the Yankee as of the Cockney in him. Mr. Finn must not take these remarks in dudgeon; for I am inclined to think well of his talents, though I have not yet had an opportunity of forming a decided judgment.

His personation, last night, of the old sapscull *Shatterly* seemed to give content to the majority of those who witnessed it; but one thing surprised me, considering the respectable character borne by the actor. I mean the number of offensive expressions introduced into the dialogue; a profusion of *damnees* and other phrases of about the same quality. And all these were uttered before a number of ladies who graced the boxes by their presence. If this language offended my coarse ears, what must have been its effect on those of female delicacy? The actor may find an excuse in saying that he found these expressions in the book; but I doubt whether they occur there so frequently. But granting that every one of them is in the text from which the player studied his part—if he will take the advice of one who pretends to some knowledge of the taste of the virtuous part of the town—the next time he performs the character, he will discard t'em all from his memory, and go through his task without them, even at the risk of affronting the noisy chaps in the gallery, who are pleased with nothing so much as with that which tends to corrupt their morals.

From the little I have seen of Mr. Finn, he appears to be a performer capable of taking a pretty extensive range of characters, and of filling them satisfactorily. QUIN.

York, U. C. Nov. 8.—We understand that the managers of the Montreal Branch Bank, have come to an understanding with the directors of the York Bank, by virtue of which, the former concern is to be removed forthwith, and the field again left clear for the operations of "the Bank of Upper Canada," which, it is said, has also agreed to collect the debts of its Montreal brother, now outstanding.

On Thursday last three children were killed in the Township of Markham, at Milne's Mills, by an accident. They were playing at the Saw-Mill outside, when three saw logs gave way and rolled over them. Two were instantly killed, and the third died the third day after. We understand that one of the unfortunate infants belonged to Mr. James Carey, and the other two to Mr. Wilson Dennis.

THE DRAMA.

Theatre—Chesnut Street.

This evening, November 21,
Will be presented a new Comedy, which was acted with the greatest applause in Covent Garden Theatre, called the
MERCHANT'S WEDDING;
OR, LONDON FROLICS IN 1788.

Warehouse, a Merchant,.....Mr. Kilner.
Frank Flatwell, his nephew,.....Mr. Wemyss.
Timothy Scathrift,.....Mr. Jefferson.
Bright,.....Mr. Rowbotham.
Aurelia, a gay widow,.....Mrs. Rowbotham.
Penelope Flatwell,.....Mrs. Blake.

After which, by particular desire, the favorite Opera of
JOHN OF PARIS.

John of Paris,.....Mr. Pearman.
Grand Chamberlain of Navarre,.....Mr. Rowbotham.
Vincent,.....Mrs. Rowbotham.
Pedigro Potts,.....Mr. Jefferson.
Princess of Navarre,.....Mrs. Pearman.
Rose,.....Mrs. Blake.

On Monday evening, Miss KELLY will make her first appearance as Miss Dorillon.

On Tuesday, first time these twenty years, the Comedy of All in the Wrong, with other entertainments, being for the Benefit of Mr. Blake.

☞ Doors open at 6, and Performance to commence a little before 7 o'clock.

Philadelphia Theatre—Arch Street.

MR. FINN'S FOURTH APPEARANCE.

In consequence of numerous applications from Parties who were disappointed by the inclemency of the weather, in witnessing Mr. FINN'S
PAUL PRY,
It will be repeated this evening, with the Farce of
102.

This evening, November 21,
Will be presented the admired Comedy of
PAUL PRY.

Paul Pry,.....Mr. Finn.
Col. Hardy,.....Mr. Phillips.
Harry Stanley, with songs,.....Mr. Walton.
Grasp,.....Mr. Jervis.
Eliza,.....Mrs. Franklin.
Mrs Subtle,.....Mrs. Maywood.
Phoebe,.....Miss A. Fisher.

After which, a Comic Song, by Mr. Andrews, and a Song by Mr. Walton.

The Evening's Entertainments to conclude with, first time in this Theatre,
102;
OR, THE VETERAN AND HIS PROGENY.

Philip Garlands, aged 102,.....Mr. Finn.
Jerome, his son, aged 80,.....Mr. Phillips.
Pierre, son of Jerome, aged 58,.....Mr. Jervis.
Francois, a Gardener,.....Mr. Andrews.
Isabel,.....Mrs Hamilton.

On Monday evening Mr. FINN'S fifth and last appearance. Mr. DUPP is engaged for a few nights, and will appear on Tuesday evening.

Washington Amphitheatre—N. Liberties.

MASTER RAYMOND'S BENEFIT.

This evening, November 21,
The evening's Entertainments to commence with
A GRAND ENTREE.
STILL VAULTING
By the whole Troop.
HORSEMANSHIP,
By Monsieur RICHER.
HERCULEAN FEATS, by Mr. EAGLESTON.
HORSEMANSHIP
By Master RAYMOND, without saddle or bridle.

Mr. RICARDO will appear and sing the admired Comic Song of The Poachers, or Now Then.

After which, the popular and laughable Ballet of
LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD.

The Evening's Performance will conclude by the whole French troop going through their Manœuvres on the Corde Tenta, with and without the Balance Pole.

Mrs. ROGERS and SON'S BENEFIT will take place on Tuesday evening.

THEATRE—CHESNUT STREET.

Tuesday Evening next, 24th inst.

MR. SLOMAN'S BENEFIT.

Last Night of his engagement—Mrs. Sloman performs in an elegant Play—A New Farce—And Six New Comic Songs, by Mr. Sloman.

CARD.—MR. SLOMAN respectfully announces his BENEFIT for TUESDAY EVENING, 24th Nov. when will be performed the Comedy of ALL IN THE WRONG—the part of Lady Restless by Mrs. Sloman, (her first appearance in that character in this city.)

In the course of the evening, Mr. Sloman will sing the following SIX NEW COMIC SONGS:
"All the Polka Beauties, and Large Bushy Whiskers," are now all the order.
Ambitious; or what are Lawyers, Old Maids, Ladies, Beaux, New Yorkers, Philadelphians, Bostonians, Baltimoreans, Kentuckians, Virginians, Steam Boats, Rivers, Actors, &c. made of?
"Shakspeare's Seven Ages of Man."
"Sloman's Seven Ages of Man."
"Betsey Baker's Travels" across the Allegheny Mountains to New Orleans.
An entire new national Song, called the Heroes of Colombia, will be sung on this occasion; and
The Cool Black Rose, arranged as a Duet, will be sung by Mr. Sloman and Mr. Hamilton.

Sambo,.....Mr. Hamilton.
Miss Rose,.....Mr. Sloman.

To conclude with a Laughable Farce. Further particulars in future bills. nov. 20—tf

PHILADELPHIA:

SATURDAY EVENING, NOV. 21, 1829.

We are enabled to publish a list of the books that have been added to the ample and invaluable stores of the PHILADELPHIA LIBRARY since the last catalogue was printed. This cannot but be very useful to those who hold shares in that excellent and prosperous institution, and to the many others who depend chiefly on its contents for the gratification of their literary wants. We may hint to those members who are in the habit of purchasing new books of temporary interest, that if these, after perusal, were presented to this library, the stock of such works might equal the demand, which is usually greater than could properly be met from the funds of the establishment. Two or three copies of a book of the lighter kind are hardly enough; and such an interchange as would be promoted by a general adoption of the plan we have suggested would secure numbers, especially of the ladies, against the disappointments—not very serious, to be sure, but still worth avoiding—to which they are now liable.

AN ENGLISHMAN IN FRANCE, writing from BOULOGNE in September, thus describes the place:—"In sad truth it is extraordinary to observe the progress that English customs and English prices have made in the course of a few years.—There is nothing French but the name of the place, and a few habits which the younger generation of the natives still in public indulge.—There is but one veritable French body and soul in whose eyes these changes are but dust, and who looks upon their progress as the symptoms of national decay, and that is my friend with the barrel of lemonade. See him stand in the market—if ever he did stand a moment—with his jacket of cotton, his flowing trowsers of equal whiteness, his cocked hat, worn with a sidelong air, his barrel slung across the shoulder, with silver tube and bill, hear to his shrill clear cry, his thrilling double of the ha, ha, ha, and grieve not that the spirit of the nation is dead. See how he flits about, refreshing every thirsty soul with glasses of his innocent composition. Long may he live to hoax about his native home, the memorial of what an aboriginal once was, the happy specimen of a true-born Frenchman, untouched by time or change.—The coaches are English. The heavy diligence still makes this the road between the coast and the capital;—but the vehicles proper to our town are English, and that of a date about twenty years before the present style of rapid motion and the art of breaking necks was made easy. Four times in the day my friend Bill, with the white hat and Belcher kerchief, handles the ribands between Boulogne and Calais; and Grim-gruff-in-hoff the guard growls a surly "all right" behind. Every day the Union light coach starts for Paris. Woe is me, every thing is English down to the Boots at the hotel! The prices are English, or, rather, they outrun John Bull. Talk not of houses or lodgings being doubled, say, rather, quadrupled. Brighton is much cheaper, if a comparison of comfort and of accommodation be made. The furniture of the lodgings is of the poorest and most imperfect description; and happy is the house that has better than a pewter spoon. Our gravity is our own, but our merriment we have stolen from across the Channel. One would be miserable if Mathews with his antithetical face, and Yates with his phiz comica, would let us. I strolled the sands to-day to lament in secret the degeneracy of these times, when the strange pair crossed my path in a double phaeton long and short like themselves, Yates before, and Mathews behind. They shook their sides with laughing, and the crazy carriage shook still more heartily at the joke, and the old horse turned round his staid face to wonder at his loading. Wo is me again—the prices at the theatre are to be raised while this strange couple pay a flying visit! Seat of the Muses, this is profanation! English words, English actors in a French theatre, English prices. Would that the man wot drives the Sovereign would send a few this way, to enable us to meet these charges! The politics are English: No one has heard a word about the alterations in the French Ministry.—Indifferent it is to us that the Prince Polignac has taken place. We growl about the civil war in Ireland, complain of the Assessed Taxes and Select Vestries, and wonder when the Duke of Wellington will attack the Church. Where shall we hide our heads, where shall we escape the tortures of English politics and Irish feuds?—The gaol is English! grieved am I to say its byname is the Hotel d'Angleterre. Many an honest soul has languished there on vile suspicion. Many a capital fellow, who would pay if he could, has given in person what he could not in purse. It is a wretched place to look at, and it chills the blood to think how many hours of life, never to be recollected, have been wasted within it. The French law gives no relief to debt, and those who once are placed beneath its gripe, feel that for them there is no hope. The church is English, and a most respectable establishment it is. For some years the Protestant service was performed in a room in the upper town; but public spirit has now raised a handsome large structure, a regular Minister is appointed, and service performed to a most numerous congregation. The approaches to the church on Sundays are the best evidence of the extent to which the English transformation has gone. Every class in society, from Nobility to the artisans, are seen in kindred groupes; long trains of boarding-school boys and girls prove the ample reinforcement that will exist when we old people cease to live. The weather is English. Oh, that I might condense the general rage that grumbles from every throat, and place it on this paper in one emphatic growl!—Oh, that I might string up all the variety of epithets which are hourly bestowed on the unpropitious season! Heavy clouds sweep across the sky, the wind moans, the sea labours, the rain comes down in torrents. The face of nature frowns bleak upon us, and no man looks his neighbour kindly in the face. Without stirring from within doors, without remarking John Bull among the star which twinkles in such a place. Mamma looks disappointed at her daughters, and sighs that nobody is coming to marry them—the young ladies pout in their cages, and vent their innocent rage in imprecations against the weather."

There is at least as much truth as severity in the remarks of the WESTMINSTER REVIEW on the writings of Lady MORGAN. The Review says:—"Fashion is one of the curses of this country. The classes above manual labour are engaged in one race of vanity; and to outstrip in modes and habits to the aristocracy is the aim of the most despicable ambition which ever possessed a people. Throughout the country it may be observed that the new sects of wealth are the readiest and most pliant tools of the patrician neighbors. Their wives, their sons, their daughters, all, for the grand object of politics, conspire to produce the parent's perversion of independence, though his own habits or taste should disincline him to manliness and free agency to the favor or toleration of the great man of the place. These people are made the willing dupes of the aristocracy, against whom their new condition, should be raised in power. To break their bondage, which is abject character, to discountenance such and despicable objects, should be the liberal and enlightened wishes, which manners of society the chief observation, and whose playful wit is ed to produce impression on the which it is desirable to act. But Morgan, democratical professor, have a devoted apostle of fashion worst foolories. There is not a pretty or affectation belonging to fashionable *modishness*, which she does not labor to firm and strengthen, by precept, and her own goodly example. Her peculiar city, too, lamentably well fits her for the taking. She has a vivacity, a playfulness, which may pass for wit, and a perception of the ridiculous which carries her far enough to make the laugh without suggesting the truth which lies skin-deep beneath the ludicrous. Behind her from manners, and her mind appears capable of superior inquiries; but the field of manners should be the field of her ability, and there it is actually mischievous. All the great general principles the lady has ever propounded, advocated, or indicated, are overbalanced in the ten-thousand fold, by the sanction and encouragement she affords to the idlest and most basing of the frivolous prejudices. The before us is enough to poison half the drawing rooms in the land. It might be styled, "The Tuft-hunter's Vademecum," the whole gist and effect of it being to show the joy and glory of aristocratical associations; to illustrate the pride and pleasure of distinction by persons of quality. Nor is this pitiable fault peculiar to the work immediately in question; the blemish extends over all those productions of Lady Morgan with which we happen to be acquainted. The morality of the old ginger-bread covered nursery books used to be that the pinn-holding hero "saved a great deal of money, married his master's daughter, and came to ride in his coach and six, all very grand, as you may see in the pretty picture facing the title-page." The morality of Lady Morgan is, that by pert address, elegant accomplishment, and minute talent, persons may come to enjoy the society of Lords and Ladies, and dine in Duke's houses, "all very grand;" and she in herself presents the living example of such rewarded merit, parallel to the Billy Goodboy in coach and six, pictured in the "Tall copy" of his true history. If this manner of stuff proceeded from the pen of "Vivian Grey," or of "Sayings and Doings," we should think it undeserving of more comment than a simple spurn of contempt; but it is the circumstance of Lady Morgan's varying liberal colors which makes the lending of vanities doubly exasperating, and renders it necessary to expose their evil destination.

In the District Court, the argument on Mr. BAROZO's claim of privilege has been again postponed.

ITEMS.

The report, in the French papers, of the

The Saint John (N. B.) Courier says, that several counterfeit United States' Bank Notes, some purporting to be of the U. S. Bank, payable at Charleston, are in circulation there.

In consequence of the unfavorable state of the weather, which interfered with the arrangements of the superintendent, the ceremony of elevating the Statue of Washington, at Baltimore, was postponed until Wednesday next, the 25th instant.

In Frederick county Court, Md. on Friday last, R. Whip received the sentence of the law, (twelve years' confinement in the Penitentiary, for setting fire to and burning the barn of Mr. Stevenson, a connexion of his, both residents of that county.

Several members of Congress, says the New York Journal of Commerce, have already reached this city, on their way to Washington. Gen. Hinds of Mississippi, arrived yesterday in the ship Azelia from New Orleans. Mr. Silsbee of Massachusetts, and others of the New England delegation, have been in the city for several days.

We understand much injury has been done in the east part of the town of Poughkeepsie, N. Y. during the last week, by dogs attacking several flocks of sheep. One farmer alone, lost about thirty. Sometime last winter a cow belonging to the Methodist clergyman in that village was attacked by dogs and nearly killed.

A case of slander was tried on Wednesday in the Court of Common Pleas, New-York, in which Dr. Thomas Pitts was plaintiff, and James A. Campfield defendant. The actionable words were, that the plaintiff was a quack, and that it could be proved, or to that effect. The most respectable physicians in the city were called to give testimony, and the jury brought in a verdict for the plaintiff of $100 dollars damages.

The New Orleans Price Current of Oct. 31, reports sales of 600 bales new Cotton, at 9 a 10 cts. No samples of new Sugar yet arrived. Tobacco, clearances for Philadelphia, 123 hhds; for Liverpool 117 hhds. Flour declined to $ 1-2 a 3-4.

The oldest member of either house of Congress is Gen. Samuel Smith, of Maryland, who was elected to the House of Representatives in 1797, and transferred to the Senate in 1803, where he has continued, with the exception of a short interval, to the present time. Mr. Newton, of Virginia, is the oldest member of the House, having been regularly re-elected from the Norfolk district since 1801.

Edward B. Dudley has been elected, without opposition, the Representative to Congress from North Carolina, vice Gabriel Holmes deceased.

The Quebec Mercury states that snow fell in that city on the 7th inst. to the depth of two or three inches. The weather, however, continued mild, and the ground was not frozen. In Ogdensburtown, Jefferson County, N. Y. it has fallen to the depth of about eighteen inches, and the sleighing is good in Onondaga.

The Boston Gazette, boasting of a picture of Sam Patch which adorns its columns, omits to say that it is copied from one designed and engraved for our paper, by that unrivalled artist, Mr. Gilbert; whom we can recommend heartily to all who wish to have wood cuts executed in the very best style.

The Providence Daily Advertiser, in alluding to a slight fall of snow in that place last week, breaks forth into the following rhapsody:—"Autumn attempted to try on one of Winter's light garments last Saturday morning, but the chilly vestment had scarcely touched her, ere it brought tears into her mild eyes, and was dissolved in relenting moisture—in other words, we had a spit of snow, followed by considerable rain."

Alexander Harvey, a native of Perth, Scotland, aged about 35 years, was drowned in the canal near Schenectady, N. Y. on Friday evening week, by falling overboard from one of the canal boats. The deceased was a Marine on board the United States ship Brandywine, and was on his way to Utica.

The first session of the twenty-first Congress will commence in Washington on the first Monday of the ensuing month.

From the Buffalo Republican, Nov. 14.

GREAT FIRE!—This morning, a little before five o'clock, our citizens were alarmed by the cry of fire. It broke out on the north side of Main street, in a block of wooden buildings, two or three doors north of the bookstore, printing office and bindery of Messrs Day, Follett, and Hawkins; it continued to rage for two hours, and destroyed the following buildings:—

1. Wood store and dwelling house, occupied by Col. Geo. Stow, as a grocery store, loss $400, no insurance. Sargent and Wilgus, bookstore and bindery, saved a small part only of books, loss uncertain, no insurance. Dr. Geo. E. Hayes & Co. druggists, saved $400, lost 1500, no insurance. Dwelling occupied by Mr. Groom, loss $40. Front office up stairs occupied by S. Shumway, attorney, loss in books, trifling. Town Library was in this office, which was partly saved. This building was owned by Townsend and Coit, and was insured to its value.

2. Wood store, occupied by E. Smith, sadler, loss $600, no insurance. Joseph Kinney, grocer, saved part of his stock, loss 70 or 80, no insurance. Building owned by Townsend and Coit, insured for the probable value. These stores were leased by Maj. Palmer, whose loss amounts to $300, having expended this sum on the buildings.

3. Wood store, owned and occupied by Samuel Bosworth, jeweller, saved watches, jewlery and customer's watches, loss $1000 in building and tools, &c.

4. Wood store and printing office, owned principally by D. M. Day, and occupied by Messrs. Day, Follet and Hawkins. Their stock was extensive, they were engaged in book printing and binding, and their loss heavy, as their stock is the most difficult to remove of any. They saved a few of their printing materials, and a considerable part of their dictionary plates; of their book stock they saved probably $1000—probable loss 7 or $8000, insurance $4000, by Western Insurance Company. Mr. Day's loss in the building is $700. One great item of their loss is the interruption of their business, but this, we trust, will be in some measure made up to this enterprising house by their patrons and the public.

5. Wood exchange office, owned and occupied by H. R. Seymour, his property saved, building insured for the full value.

6. Wood store, owned by C. Athearn, and occupied by him as a tobacco factory, loss $4000, insurance on goods and building $2500.

7. Wood store, owned by Maj. John Scott, and occupied by Messrs. Athearn and Havens, with groceries, saved $1000, loss $2000, no insurance on goods, insurance on the store.

8. Wood store, owned by Maj. John Scott, and occupied by Messrs. Bristol and Powell, loss about $1000, insurance on store and goods to the full amount of loss.

9. Wood store, owned and occupied by Abm. Lansiere, jeweller, saved his goods principally, insured to the amount of his loss.

10.—Wood store, owned and occupied by S. N. Callender, dry goods, loss in building about $900—$250 insured, loss by removing goods; insurance for full amount of loss.

11.—Wood store, owned and occupied by R. Hargrave Lee, with groceries, insurance on $1500—loss over insurance probably 7, or $800.

It was fortunate that there was but little wind; otherwise, it would have been difficult to have saved two more blocks from destruction. The doors and window shutters across the street, were severely scorched; but by using water freely on the wood parts exposed, a large stock of valuable buildings were saved.

There was a great want of water experienced. Gen. Potter and Mr. Lovejoy, were severely injured, by the falling of some part of a building.

There were probably more than 4000 citizens present; but few, however, could be of any further service, than to assist in removing property. Two buildings were pulled down; there were instances of a fearless exposure of several citizens; some remained on the broken buildings until they were pulled down.

We think that some measures ought to be taken immediately to secure a supply of water, in future; and, it would be well for those authorised to do so, to make personal inspection, during windy nights, of all stores, offices, and shops on Main street.

The amount, lost in the whole, was between 20 and 30,000 dollars; a considerable part of which was insured. There are two or three cases of severity. This misfortune has swept away a dozen of wooden buildings, situate in the heart of the business part of the town; the bulk of the loss, however, falling on the insurance offices, the interruption of the business of those burnt out will not be of long duration.

Among the losers, the case of Messrs. Sargent & Wilgus, and Dr. G. E. Hayes, will be felt the severest.

This is a warning to those who have escaped, to be on the look-out. This is the first signal fire, since the red brand of the enemy was applied to this village in Dec. 1813.

SHIP NEWS.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 21—Arrived, ship Mesengabela, Dizey, from Liverpool, Oct. 9th, with mdse. to T. & E. Cope & Sons.

Schr Ariadne, Davis, Gloucester, 7 days, with fish, to B. & B. Cooper.

Brig Dido, Eaton, 56 days from [illegible] Islands, with barilla, to J. Miller, Jr. [illegible] 20, lat 70, spoke brig North Star, 14 days from Portland, bound to Matanzas.

Schr. Fair Play, Hopkins, 5 days from Snowhill, with grain, to Captain.

Schr. Emory, Bell, 3 days from Folly Landing, with grain, to Captain.

Schr. Comet, Hitchens, 5 days from Suffolk, with shingles to Captain.

Sloop Ellen, Blair, 20 hours from Baltimore, via canal, with mdse. to J. Hand.

Sloop Star, Egbert, 2 days from Baltimore, via canal, with mdse. to W. J. Watson.

Sloop Superior, Gale, Baltimore, via Canal, 2 days, with mdse. to W. J. Watson.

Below, a brig and two schrs. unknown.

Brig Phila, at this port from Havana, and 10 days to the capes; sailed Nov. 8th. Same day, the ship Rebecca, of New York from Buenos Ayres, with a cargo of jerked beef, bound to Havana, drifted ashore on the Peaks, bilged, and sunk almost immediately, the captain and crew had barely time to save themselves. Left the brig Drumo, Morgan, to call next day for New York.—Brig Wm. Martin, of Philadelphia, uncertain; schr. Superior, cleared for Wilmington, N. C. the 5th inst.—The revenue cutter Marion, just arrived from Key West. The United States schr. Grampus was in the port of Havana.

CLEARED, schr. Wm. Tell, Ortley, Baltimore, via canal, A. Wakeman.

Ship Brothers, Davis, Savannah, L. Clapier.

Brig Otto, Barney, Havre, John Welsh.

Schr. Nancy, Corson, Pensacola, W. Jackson.

Schr. Fair Play, Sharp, West Indies, J. Patton, Jr.

Sloop Lafayette, Peterson, Baltimore, via canal, W. J. Watson.

Sloop Dominic, Pettit, Alexandria, via canal, J. Hand.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—Arrived, ship Concordia, Britton, from Belfast, Oct. 20th, with merchandise.—[illegible] inst. off Montauket, saw schr. Boston Packet, of Guilford.

Brig Charles, Hatch, Marseilles, Oct. 1st, with mdse. almonds, opium, &c. Passengers, Mr. and Mrs. Mapahe. Left, ships Hercules and Albion, and brigs Margaret and Aurora all unarmed. Ship Canton Packet, sailed Sept. 28, for Brazil; brig Amazon, Martin, for New Orleans, sailed a few days before. Passed Gibraltar Oct. 10th.

Brig Mary Jane, Correja, Havana, 12 days, with coffee, sugar, &c. Passengers, F. De la Cruz, Unquieroio, and Mr. Tarterway. Sailed in co. with brig Panther, for Baltimore. Left brigs Roxana, Miller, uncertain; Charles, Stevens, do.; Susan, Evans, do.; St. Joseph, of Marblehead, do.; and others.

Brig Wm. P. Fernald, Child, 25 days from St. Barts, with specie, &c.

French brig Le Cotounier, Patten, 6 days from Charleston.

Schr. Edgar, Wilson, 60 days from Smyrna. Left, brigs Nile, Ellis, for Boston, in 2 days; William & Henry, do. 4 days; Smyrna, Sprague, of do. uncertain.

Schr. Wm. Harris, Robinson, 25 days from Maracaibo, with hides, &c.

Sloop Gen. Lafayette, Osborn, 3 days from Philadelphia.

Below, 2 schrs.

Sailed, ships Edward Quesnel, Hawkins, Havre; St. John, Parker, Mobile.

Cleared, ship America, Baker, Gibraltar.

Brig Plaindes, M'Corron, Antwerp.

Brig Onslow, Clapham, Port au Prince.

Brig Courier, Smith, Charleston.

Schr. Jeune Antoinette, Gerois, St. Domingo City.

Passengers in the ship Concordia, Britton, from Belfast:—Mr. Hamilton Steele, and 41 in the steerage.

Passengers in the ship Leonidas, Bugnon, sailed yesterday for Havana:—Mrs. S. S. Jeuve, Misses J. Jeuve, E. Jeuve, A. Jeuve, D. Jeuve, Mr. A. Jeuve, Mr. Lewis Ehrentz, lady, two children and servant, Messrs. Lewis G. Melizet, F. Solo, and E. Wade, of Havana; Mr. William A. Whitehead, of New Jersey; Mrs. Lyon, Mrs. Smith, Messrs. John Whitehead, L. Forniton, Samuel Beston, and Cunningham, of New York; Mrs. Nisscott and daughter, of Philadelphia.

NEW LONDON, Nov. 15.—Arrived, brig William Henry, Bennett, from Curacoa.

BOSTON, Nov. 17.—Arrived, brigs William, Atwood, from Savannah; Messenger, Higgins, Fredericksburg; Larch, Simpson, Alexandria; schooners Reliance, Farley, Turks Island; Splendid, Norwood, Philadelphia; Emigrant, Prince, do.

Cleared, schooner J. Q. Adams, Isley, St. Jago, Cuba.

PORTSMOUTH, Nov. 15.—Arrived, brig Margaret, Lowe, from Turks Island.

BATH, Nov. 14.—Arrived, brig Franklin, Trott, from Point Petre, Guad.

Cleared, brig Eagle, Holbrook, Havana.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 20.—Arrived, sloop Farmer's Daughter, from Philadelphia, via the canal.

Sloop Union, Lewis, Philadelphia, via canal.

Sloop Neptune, Hackney, Philadelphia, via canal.

Steam boat Norfolk, Henderson, 24 hours from Norfolk. Passed, off Smith's Point, one ship at anchor; saw a number of vessels bound down. Nothing in the Bay bound up.

Cleared, ship Belvidere, Nabb, Liverpool, via Charleston.

NORFOLK, Nov. 17.—In Hampton Roads, brig Harvest, Eldred, from up James River, bound to Bordeaux.

Sailed, brig Mark, Anthony, for Halifax, N. S.

Nov. 18.—Arrived, schr. Garnet, Higgins, Rockport, Me. 28 days, bound to Charleston, mackerel and potatoes—put in in distress, having experienced very severe weather during the passage—was compelled to throw overboard a part of the deck load, and was also short of provisions and water.

Steam boat Norfolk, Henderson, from Richmond.—Passed above Harrison's Bar, ship Gratitude, bound up; off Goose Hill Flats, ship William Brown; below Hog Island, ship Henry Tuke, both bound down.

Below, a brigantine, belonging to Baltimore, from New York, with stone, for the Rip Raps.

From the Boston Patriot of Monday.

THE MONEY FOUND.—$4800 was stolen from the bar room of the Suffolk Hotel, Elm street, between Thursday night and Friday morning. From Mr. Hastings, the keeper of the hotel, we learn the following particulars respecting the theft and the recovery of the money:—

The driver of the Dorchester stage, to whom charge the money had been committed, stepped into the bar, where Mr. Hastings stood, by the desk, saying he wished to put something in, which he did. The driver thought Mr. H. understood it was money, which was not the case. Neither the first nor second bar-keeper had any knowledge that there was money there. On Thursday night, Mr. Morse, second bar-keeper, and a stagemen slept in the bar-room, when they were called up by one of the boarders, and a lodger from the country, who said "the devil was to pay" in their room. He went up stairs with them taking a light, and there found the ceiling of the room broken through, some plaster upon the floor, and a slipper. On going into the garret, they found another slipper; the hole having been made probably by some one stepping through; but nothing more could be found. Mr. Morse then called Mr. Case, bar-keeper, and all four searched about, for some time, both in and out of the house, without finding any thing uncommon. Finding all quiet they retired to rest.

On Friday morning the theft was discovered, and a diligent search was made until Saturday afternoon, when the money was found. The front part of the cellar under the building, is partitioned off, and occupied by Mr. Brooks. This part is plastered, and between the plastering and the floor of the bar-room is a cavity, about 6 inches wide. A trattle and stair-way leads from the bar-room, inside the counter, and about half way down the cavity above mentioned, stands very handily, and on the edge of this the bundle of money was found unopened.

It is supposed that some one entered the bar-room, secured the money, passed down to the cellar and deposited it on the ledge, calculating to enter through the outer cellar, which was never fastened, at some other opportunity and carry off the plunder. Whether he attempted to hide it in the garret, or only made a disturbance there to have those who slept in the bar-room called away is a matter of doubt.

ONE DAY LATER.

New York, Nov. 20.—By the ship Concordia, Captain Britain, which arrived last evening from Belfast, we have papers off that place to Oct. 19. The accounts from London and Liverpool which they contain are one day later than those received by the New York.

BELFAST, Oct. 19.—The Paris papers of Wednesday evening contain an article headed "continuation of hostilities in Turkey;" the meaning of which is, that several of the Turkish provinces have risen against the Sultan, in consequence of the severity of the conditions which Russia had imposed on him, the acceptance of which can be to no one a matter of astonishment, considering the desperate situation in which he was placed. The proximity of the Russian army will prove a sufficient security to the person of the Sultan—but it seems a matter of much doubt whether he will be able to employ the rein of his unlimited power with sufficient offect, so as to subdue an infuriated and scattered population of badly connected provinces; each of which has an interest, such as it is, different from its neighbor; and not all bound under one effectively governing whole.

PARIS, Oct. 14.—*Modification of the Treaty of Adrianople.*—The French Government has received advices from St. Petersburgh, which announce that his Imperial Majesty has consented to admit of modifications to the treaty of the 14th of September, which will render it less onerous for the Turks, and less obnoxious to the other powers of Europe. The precise nature of the proposed modifications has not transpired; but it is stated on very good authority, that they will principally apply to the amount of the indemnity, as on the amount of this indemnity depends the length of the occupation of the principalities.

It is stated the article interdicting the passage of the Bosphorus to the vessels of nations at war with either of the two contracting powers, is not to be found in the treaty of the 14th of September; yet the Moniteur, of the 6th of October, announced that such a clause was in the treaty. It is to be remarked, that when the Moniteur gives news as being received by the government, without quoting the authority of any other paper, such news, whether it appear in the official or non-official part, is always official.

The announcement of the existence of the abovementioned clause in the Treaty of Adrianople, was then official, yet it does not appear to have been correct. I believe the truth to be that the article in which this assertion was made, was drawn up in the Foreign Office here, on the authority, not of the Treaty as *signed*, but on that of a draft of the Treaty as first proposed by the Russians, but which Diebitsch himself modified afterwards, probably in consequence of representations made to him. At any rate, the clause does not exist in the Treaty as it stands now, and, in consequence, one great source of contention has been done away with.

The Irish papers contain further accounts of the disturbances in that country. An attack had been made, by an armed party, on the dwelling of the Rev. Mr. M. J. Shaw, in Kilmactrany, county Sligo: some of the party forced their way into the Rev. gentleman's bed-room, and placing a pike to his breast, compelled him to take the following oath, on pain of instant death to himself and all his family:—"To discharge every Protestant servant in his house—to take others that would be named in their stead—to discontinue his schools—not to send for the police, or disclose any of the orders he gave, and if he did not comply, to quit his Parish and Globe the next day." The fellow then made Mr. S. open his hall-door, and departed. Sooner than sacrifice the lives of his family, the Rev. Mr. Shaw left his Parish the next day.

BELFAST MARKET, Monday, Oct. 18.—There was a good supply of Wheat, which went off rather heavily, from 10s 4d. to 10s 9d. for Red.

LONDON CORN EXCHANGE, Oct. 16.—Our market is very heavy, and Wheat is offered at from 2s to 3s per quarter lower than on Monday, with little demand.

LONDON MARKET, Oct. 16.—The complexion of the markets for Colonial produce has improved this week, and confidence which was so severely shaken by the late failures, is in a great degree restored. The purchases of Plantation Sugar, though not extensive, have been generally at rather better prices. Coffee.—The public sales of Plantation Coffees have gone off heavily at rather lower prices. Indigo Sale.—The East India Company's sale of Indigo is going on languidly. The declaration consists of about 600 chests of Madras, 700 chests of common Oude, and some of very fine quality, and the rest of Bengal. The reduction in ord. shipping qualities, may be stated at 4d to 6d lb. lower than last sale; fine qualities 8d to 9d lb. lower. Inferior qualities have gone much lower, but a good deal has been refused. Hops.—Trade is very flat. Duty called at $6,000!. In the Tallow market there is no alteration: the price remains heavy at 37s 3d per cwt. There are no later accounts from St. Petersburgh to-day.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE, Oct. 16.—Consols for Money are to-day 90, and for the November Account 90 1-8. The speculators for the advance have been successful against their opponents, and were much assisted by the scarcity of stock and the profusion of money from the individuals. In other English Securities there is no alteration. In the Foreign Market extensive transactions are reported: French Five per Cts. at 107 50; Three per Cents, 31 75, with Exchange 25 60; Russian Stocks 102; Portuguese 47 3-4; Brazil 73 1-2; Greek 29 1-2 32; Peruvian and all South American, are also higher.

LIVERPOOL CORN EXCHANGE, Oct. 17.—In consequence of large arrivals from Ireland, Irish new Wheats experienced a decline in price of from 2d to 4d per 70 lbs. and but little doing.

An English paper calculates that the amount of wine consumed in the United States per annum is 1-7th of a gallon to each inhabitant. In Great Britain, 1-3d of a gallon. In the U. S. about half are French wines—in Great Britain 1-17th.

Tea in the United States, about 1 lb. for each inhabitant; in Great Britain, 1 lb. 2 oz. In the former country the article is about one half cheaper than in the latter.

Coffee in the United States is nearly 2 lb. for each inhabitant; in Great Britain, 2-3ds of a pound.

Foreign spirits in the United States, about 1-4th of a gallon of rum for each free inhabitant, and a rather larger quantity of gin and brandy. In Great Britain 1-8th of a gallon of rum, and only 1-15th of a gallon of gin and brandy.

MAD DOGS.—Much alarm prevails in Canandaigua, N. Y. and other towns in Ontario and Wayne Counties, on the subject of mad dogs.

A Palmyra paper says, that a young woman of Ontario, (Wayne county,) and another in Phelps, have recently died, in consequence of having been bitten by a mad dog. The same paper further states, that four persons have been bitten in Newark, and three in Phelps; as well as a number of cattle, swine and dogs. The inhabitants of Marion, (Wayne county,) have held a meeting, and resolved to kill off their own dogs, and all others they may see wandering away from their owners.

The inhabitants of No. 9, held a meeting at Pritchard's Tavern, on Saturday last, and passed the following resolutions:—

Resolved, That all persons owning dogs, are required to keep them confined, or run the risk of their being killed.

Resolved, That all dogs running at large, or beyond hailing distance of their masters, shall be shot without any discrimination whatever for 15 days.

Montreal, Nov. 14.—Splendid preparations are now making at the Theatre Royal of this city, for a grand Masquerade on Thursday evening the 19th inst. under the direction of Signor Antonio, from Vienna. The pit will be entirely covered over in line with the stage, and richly decorated. The scenery, &c. will be painted and decorated by Messrs. Hunter and Angelo.

On Wednesday afternoon, between one and two o'clock, as some of the workmen employed in taking down the scaffolding from the front of the New French Church, were cutting away a rope which fastened part of the erection, a portion on which three men were standing gave way. One of them was caught on a lower scaffold, and escaped with little injury, but the other two fell to the ground. One of them was killed on the spot, and the other was so severely injured, that no hopes are entertained of his recovery.

The Planets Jupiter and Venus have for some time past, from their proximity to one another, been interesting objects of observation in the western part of the heavens. Their nearest approach to each other was on the evening of the 29th ult. Venus being only 2 1-2 degrees south of Jupiter, since which they have been receding, and will continue to do so: Jupiter approaching the sun until he becomes invisible in the splendor of solar rays, and Venus receding from the sun until 26th December next, and increasing in brightness, until the middle of January.—*Cour.*

BLOMAN'S SONGS, &C. &C.

NEAL & MACKENZIE have for sale, at their Circulating Library and Dramatic Repository, No. 201 Chesnut street, between the Theatre and Arcade, ELTON'S COMIC SONG BOOK, compiled in four numbers, and containing many songs sung by Mr. BLOMAN. Among others are the following,—Large bushy Whiskers and the Poke Bonnets are now all the order; Betsey Baker; Rose; Analinsina; Sweet Kitty Clover; Snobber's Club; London Newspapers; Mr. Jones and his Kittens; Professional Parties; My Eye and Betty Martin, &c. &c. &c.

Also, DIXON'S DROLLERIES—Terpsichorine, a collection of Duetts, Songs, &c., as sung by Messrs. Horn, Pearman, Hunt, Keene; Mesdames Rock, Kelly, Fisher, Knight, &c. &c. Being a companion to the Opera, four numbers of which have been published, at 12½ cents per No.

Also, as above, the new pieces of Merchant's Wedding, Married Bachelor, All in the Wrong, Evening, &c. &c. nov. 21—3t

THE FINE ARTS.

W. HAYWARD respectfully announces to the collectors of FINE ENGRAVINGS, the postponement of the close of the sale of his stock to THURSDAY EVENING, the 29th inst. up to which period persons of taste have still an opportunity of enriching their portfolios or apartments with such choice specimens as are rarely submitted to their notice. This collection, consisting of nearly 2000 of the best works of the most distinguished engravers of the English, French and Italian Schools, will be offered at the lowest possible prices, at PRIVATE SALE ONLY, and not a single print of this stock, W. H. pledges himself, will be sold at auction.

To the above has recently been added some very choice and rare works.

Also, a few Oil Paintings and Enamels.

Engravings and other works of Art received in exchange. 195 Chesnut street. nov. 21—3t

Life of Arthur Lee, L. L. D.

JUST published and for sale by E. L. CAREY & A. HART, corner of Fourth and Chesnut streets, The Life of Arthur Lee, L. L. D. joint Commissioner of the United States to the Court of France, and sole Commissioner to the Courts of Spain and Prussia during the Revolutionary War; with his Political and Literary Correspondence, and his papers on Diplomatic and Political Subjects, and the affairs of the United States during the same period. By Richard Henry Lee, A. M. in 2 volumes, 8vo. nov. 21—tf

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. B. AUGUST has the pleasure to inform the lovers of Dancing, that he continues to give lessons at his old establishment, corner of Seventh and Chesnut streets, to persons of different ranks and ages, who desire to learn to dance in a short time, in order to attend Balls and Parties this season. Mr. B. A. assures persons who will begin soon, that he will enable them to dance with propriety, on or before Christmas or New Year eves.

Days of tuition, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays; from 10 o'clock in the morning till 12, for the ladies; from 4 to 6 for children of both sexes; from 7 to 9 for gentlemen; and from 9 till 10 for private classes of 4 or 5 acquaintances, in order that they form cotillions and learn the steps and figures by themselves.

Prices per quarter $10, for a course of 18 lessons $5, and scholars will have the advantage, (if they choose,) to attend the practising Balls, as lessons, in order to learn the figures.

Practising Balls every Monday until May, at which strangers will be admitted at $1, or $10 for the season; former pupils will pay half price.

Private lessons every day, and at any hour, either in dwellings or at the school, where several rooms are prepared for persons averse to attending public schools, or others who desire to learn new steps or new figures.

N. B. Mr. B. A. will teach to waltz and the graces for $5; hornpipes and characteristic dances $1 each lesson.

The ball room will be let twice a week for balls, parties, exhibitions, &c. on reasonable terms. For further information apply at the above place. D.

nov. 21—1t

ELEGANT ALBUMS.

JUST received, a small invoice of elegant ALBUMS, with engraved title-page, tinted leaves, and numerous plates; and for sale by R. GURLEY. 253 Market street, opposite Decatur street. nov. 21—3t

QUILLS,

FOR SCHOOLMASTERS.

SCHOOLMASTERS and others can be supplied with QUILLS at 37½ cents per 1000, at No. 148 Spruce Street, above Fourth. nov. 21—3t

SILVER BEAR.

THE skin of the Silver Bear, which is a rarity, may be seen at the Fur and Cap Store of SYLVESTERS, BROTHERS & CO., Nearly opposite the Mechanics' Bank. nov. 21—tf

American Caricatures, &c.

THE subscriber offers for sale the following American Caricatures, viz:—Life in Philadelphia, No. 1 to 13, Sketches of Fashion, Nos. 1 and 2; Life in New York, No. 1 to 4, Sketches in Dancing, 8 illustrations, Shakers at Lebanon; The Long Story; Johnson's Scrap Book.

Also, 400 English Caricatures, Political, &c.

Views in London, Paris, Edinburgh, Scotland, &c.

Also, upwards of 300 English Views, at 18 cents per dozen. S. HART, 65 South Third street, opposite Girard's Bank. nov. 21—3t

UNION LINE TO BALTIMORE.—Steam Boat Niagara, Captain Jenkins, leaves Chestnut street wharf every Monday, at seven o'clock. The public are respectfully informed, that passengers by this line arrive in either city before dark. nov. 19—1y

CITIZENS' CANAL LINE TO BALTIMORE.—Steam boat [illegible], Capt. Jeffries, departs from Arch street wharf every morning, at seven o'clock. The public are respectfully informed that the barges pass through the Canal, between Philadelphia and Baltimore, daily. nov. 19—tf

CITY PASSAGE, RECEIVER.—A Meeting of the Company will be held at Mystery Hall, this evening, 21st November, at 8 o'clock precisely, to make arrangements for the intended Excursion to Washington City. JOSEPH AKIN, Secretary.

The members of the Perseverance Hose Company tender their thanks to Mr. Knight, No. 8 Church Alley, for the Refreshments provided for them during the fire on the night of the 19th inst.

The following is published to oblige a youthful correspondent:—I am the name of necessary things, and a word of 14 letters; my first, second, third, fourth and fifth, make the name of a country in Asia; my fourth and fifth, a verb; my sixth, seventh and eighth, a writing utensil; my second, seventh and third, a nickname for a boy; my eleventh, seventh and third, what every tired boy hears at night; my ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth and thirteenth, a water animal; my fourteenth, seventh, tenth and twelfth, a model animal, a native of Patagonia.

MARRIED.

On Thursday, the 19th inst. by the Rev. Charles R. Demme, JACOB ALBRIGHT, a native of Germany, to Miss ANN A. DUNLAP, of Trenton, N. J.

On Thursday evening, by the Rev. Charles Dewey, Capt. CHARLES BETTON, of East Hoboken, to Miss MARY ANN HANNAH SMITH, of this city.

Near Trenton, on Thursday, 19th inst. by the Rev. Eli F. Cooley, Mr. THOMAS J. STRYKER, Merchant of that city, to Miss HANNAH, youngest daughter of Mr. John Scudder.

In Amwell, N. J. on Wednesday, 18th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Kirkpatrick, Mr. LINCOLN R. TITUS, Merchant of Trenton, N. J. to Miss IDA, daughter of Captain Garret Schenck, of the former place.

DIED.

Yesterday morning, Mr. JOHN WHITE, aged 48 years. The friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon, at 1 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 182 Cedar (South) street.

On Wednesday evening, after a short illness, Mr. WILLIAM BRAGHEN, in the 45th year of his age.

On the 20th inst. in the 57th year of her age, Mrs. ELIZA PAUL, after a lingering illness. Her friends and acquaintance, and those of her mother, Mrs. Hobson Webb, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, without further notice, from her mother's residence, South Second street, third door below Chestnut street, east side, on Sunday next at 1 o'clock.

On the 19th inst. THOMAS NELSON, a native of Yorkshire, Great Britain, in his 60th year, long a resident in this city, and its neighborhood, few souls have passed through life more blameless or more esteemed by all that knew him. His friends and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, without further notice, on first day, the 23d inst. at 1 o'clock, from his late residence, Ferry street, No. 98, between Spruce and Pine street, and between Twelfth and Thirteenth street.

ALMANACK.

1829 NOVEMBER.	DAYS MONTH.	DAYS YEAR.	HIGH WATER.	SUN'S RISING.
21 SATURDAY,	7 11	4 45	10 41	7 [illegible]
22 SUNDAY,	7 12	4 46	11 28	7 [illegible]
23 MONDAY,	7 13	4 47	0 12	7 [illegible]
24 TUESDAY,	7 14	4 48	0 56	7 [illegible]
25 WEDNESDAY,	7 15	4 49	1 39	7 [illegible]
26 THURSDAY,	7 16	4 50	2 16	[illegible]
27 FRIDAY,	7 16	4 51	3 47	[illegible]

THE MUSEUM

Of Foreign Literature and Science,

NO. 69, FOR NOVEMBER, 1829.

CONTENTS.—History of the Knights Templars, from the Foreign Quarterly Review; American Manufactures, from the Oriental Herald; The Mauvais Pas, from Blackwood's Magazine; The Welcome to Death, from Sharpe's London Magazine; If Heaven be Dead, from Blackwood's Magazine; Revolution of Naples in 1647 and 1648, from the Foreign Quarterly Review; The Nightingale's Death Song, from the New Monthly Magazine, Fo to a Parody, from Sharpe's London Magazine; Colonial Discoveries, from Blackwood's Magazine; Guardian Boat Song, from the same; Departing Moods, from Sharpe's London Magazine; Von Hammer's History of the Ottoman Empire, from the Foreign Quarterly Review; Ode to the Harp of Eln, from Blackwood's Magazine; The State and Prospects of Great Britain, from the same; The Boland Nunnery, from the same; A Sonnet to Hermoth, from the same; The British Settlements in Western Africa, from the same; Napier's Peninsular War, from the Monthly Review.

Miscellany.—Muller's Danish Biography and Literary History; St. Cuthbert's Monks; Paris Booksellers; New Dictionary; History of the Internal Navigation of France; Messrs. Quoy and Gaymard's Collections in Mineralogy, Zoology and Botany; Prizes offered by the Geographical Society of Paris; Annual Medal of the same society; French Exploratory Scientific Commission to the Morea; Travels of M. Huyot; Sketches of the Island of Java and its Inhabitants; History of the Prussian Monarchy; Quattro Anni in Morea; Portraits; of the most illustrious Living Characters of Italy; General History of the Arts of Design.

New Publications.—Manon; Three Series of Popular Histories; History of the Revolution of Spain and Portugal; Tales of an Indian Camp; Treatise on the Nature and Properties of Light; Practical Treatise on Colonial Law, Private Correspondence of David Garrick, Esq.; Narrative of the War in Germany and France in 1813 and 1814; Private Memoirs of the Court of Louis XVIII.; Travels in Mexico in 1826, 7, and 8; The Borderers; An Introduction to Medical Botany; Captain Basil Hall's Travels in America.

The Museum is published Monthly, at $6 per annum, by E. LITTELL & BROTHER, Corner of Chesnut and Seventh streets. nov. 21—tf

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Vendition Exponas, to me directed, will be sold, at Public Vendue, on Monday, November 30, 1829, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the Merchants' Coffee House.

ALL the right, title and interest of Abraham Kline, of and in all that certain two story brick messuage or tenement, frame building and lot or piece of ground, situate on the east side of Third street, between Coats and Brown streets, in the Northern Liberties, containing in front or breadth, on said Third street, seventeen feet six inches (including a two feet six inches wide alley on the north side, to be left open, 34 feet from the east side of Third street) and in depth thence eastward, 34 feet, then narrowing, by an offset, 9 inches, then continuing eastward the said reduced width of 16 feet 9 inches, 20 feet, to an alley left open from Coats to Brown street, called Brooks' alley, on which alley it is 16 feet 9 inches; bounded on the north partly by the remaining ground of John L. Shaffer, and partly by an alley two feet nine inches wide, left open by the said John L. Shaffer, thirty-one feet deep from the west side of said Brooks' street, on the south by ground of the said John L. Shaffer and ——— Hunter, on the east by said Brooks' street, and on the west by Third street aforesaid; together with the use and privilege of the said two feet nine inches wide alley, leading into Brooks' street, and of a water course, over and along the same, and of the common use and privilege of the said Brooks' street at all times, hereafter forever; and together with all and singular the buildings, improvements, ways, streets, alleys, waters, water courses, rights, liberties, privileges, hereditaments, —— and appurtenances whatsoever thereunto belonging, or in any wise appertaining, subject to a yearly rent charge of $44. 67, payable to John L. Shaffer, his heirs and assigns, in half yearly payments, on the 1st of May and 1st of November, the said John L. Shaffer reserving to himself, and his heirs and assigns, the right, use and privilege of the said 2 feet 9 inches wide alley, east, to and in said Third street, the said depth of thirty-four feet from the east side of Third street, and of a water course, over and along the same, at all times hereafter forever.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Abraham Kline, and to be sold by GEORGE REED, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Philadelphia, Nov. 19, 1829.—21-3t

LOST,

AT some of the recent fires, a double Mail screw, branded U. S. and belonging to the United States Fire Company. Any information respecting the same, will be thankfully received at Jesse Ogden's, corner Fourth and Race, or 64 Market street. nov. 21—tf

Philadelphia Medical Society.

Medical Hall, Nov. 19.

AT the next meeting of the Society, to be held this evening, 21st inst. at half past six o'clock, Dr. BENJAMIN H. COATES will read a paper on the Physical means of investigating certain diseases of the Lungs.

ROBERT M. DUNBAR, Rec'd. Sec't'y.

nov. 21—1t

Manufacturers' Market,

Nos. 13 and 15 NORTH WATER STREET.

EVERY *WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY AFTERNOON*, will be arranged for *PRIVATE SALE*,

A large and general assortment of *AMERICAN MANUFACTURED GOODS*, comprising all the varieties made in the city and neighbourhood, with an assortment of *AMERICAN PRINTED CALLICOES.*

Also, a quantity of *BRITISH* and *CANTON GOODS.*

Sales at Auction.

BY GILLINGHAM, HITCHINS, & CO. North Second Street, near Market.

PACKAGE SALE.

On Tuesday morning, at 10 o'clock, 750 packages assortable British Dry Goods, received by the late arrivals, particulars of which will be found in catalogues, which will be ready for delivery and goods open for examination early on the mor

according to promise, he should return to Hortense. The night was far advanced, so, by way of despatch, he resolved to go by water—a freak to which I foolishly indulged him. As we pushed off from shore, the wind, which had till then been brisk, subsided into a sudden calm; the sail hung drooping to the mast; the waters of the Mediterranean stretched out, calm, glassy, and unruffled, before us. Lightly, and with scarce a motion, we floated in succession past the noble bronze statue of Gustavus III; the Royal Palace, that pride of our northern architecture,—the outward ranges of the extensive and far-spreading arsenal;—when, just as we had rounded a point that brought us full towards the Mount of Moses, Hortensio made a sudden move to the side of the vessel, and, in so doing, lost his balance, and fell headlong overboard. The moon was at this time unclouded, the water transparent as glass, and, as I gazed on the direction in which he had fallen, I could actually discern my unfortunate friend, struggling at a considerable depth below the surface, his hands spread out, his legs wide apart, his head bent back upon his shoulders, and his whole appearance indicating the extreme agony of convulsion and suffocation. Twice he rose, and twice I made vain efforts to rescue him; but when, for the third and last time, he ascended to the surface of the water, the spirit of death was on him; he struggled, he gasped for breath; his eye was glazed, his lip blue, his mouth distorted; he made one last feeble attempt to clutch the oar which I had thrown out to assist him; and then, casting on me a look which rivets my tears—and God knows I have shed them since!—will never wash away from my remembrance, sank slowly, and without a struggle, before my face. I plunged after him; it was vain—he was gone from life for ever! The very heavens conspired together for his destruction; for, just as he sank for the second and last time, a dark, sullen, ominous cloud crept over the moon; and the waters, thus secreted of their prey, gathered darkly, slowly, and without an effort, above his head. How I myself succeeded in reaching the shore, I know not; for some hours my recollection, my very life itself, was a blank; and the first thing that recalled me to my senses, was a hurried visit from Hortense's favorite female domestic, with a request that I would instantly step up to her mistress, who was panting with impatience to see me.

It was a fearful task; but I felt that it must be endured, and went without a moment's hesitation. As I reached the cottage, Hortense flew herself to the door to let me in.

"Where is Hortensio?" she exclaimed;—"speak, in mercy speak!—he has been absent all night."

She ceased, and his secret depending on the answer she should receive.

"Compose yourself, Hortense," I replied;—"you are too agitated—too terrified—too——"

"Man, man!—this suspense is torture; I cannot, I will not bear it. Speak at once, or kill me."

"Hortense," I resumed—and the tears, in spite of myself, flowed fast down my cheeks—"your husband is——"

"Dead!"

"Even so."

She heard no more. Her eye glared wildly; the blood sprung to her brow, knotting the dark veins there till they seemed in act to burst; and, with a shrill yell—half shriek, half laugh—she dropped senseless at my feet.

In about an hour, by prompt medical aid, animation was restored, but reason was fled for ever. Madness had at once succeeded insensibility—a deep, determined madness, which neither the kind voices of friends, nor the adroitest skill of science had power to soften or remove. For three days and nights Hortense contested in this state, rejecting all aid—refusing all food—and shrinking with a sort of instinctive loathing whenever any one approached her bed. Meanwhile, all was done that might possibly assuage her delirium. Music was tried—Italian spoken—the names of her father, her mother, her husband, whispered in her ear,—in the hope that such sounds might strike upon her brain, and so bring back some little fragment, however broken or imperfect, of recollection; but all was vain; the very utmost we could do was to draw forth a faint, low, chill laugh, or a fearful burst of tears. During the whole of this eventful period, I never once quitted Hortense. Alone I kept watch by her bed side; alone I marked the changes of that countenance once so gentle—so lovely—so impassioned in its expression; alone I listened to the hollow sounds of that voice, once so sweet and plain; alone I marked the glare of that red, dilated eye, which, except on one occasion, had never turned towards me but in kindness; and, as I observed these proofs of an insanity, that, at one sudden blow, had torn up reason by the roots and cleaved the stem to ashes, I prayed that the same bolt which had struck this lovely but fragile plant to earth, might, ere long, lay me beside it.

The evening of the fourth day was now fast approaching. Hortense's attendant had gone on a neighbouring errand, and I sate alone beside the invalid. Night overtook me on my watch—a night of hurricane and tempest—of arrowy lightning of loud incessant thunder! But there was one who heard it not—for her ear, elements henceforth were silent. Let the storm had swept the desert of her brain—she could never feel a worse! As I marked the changes of her countenance, and listened to her deep, heavy breathing, which every instant fell fainter and fainter on my ear, the cathedral clock tolled midnight.

At this instant a crash of thunder burst right above my head, and shook the house to its foundation.

Another—and then, in the sudden, unnatural pause of the tempest, rose a vision before my eyes, which, whether real or conjured up solely by imagination, has since fixed itself as an imperishable record on my mind. Dim at first, but strengthening gradually into a distinct shape, stood at the foot of the bed, her form arrayed in a pale, wan, sickly light, the spirit of the dead Hortensio. Her face was set in the solemn expression of the grave; all trace of life had passed from it; the thin closed lip sunted not; the stony eye was fixed; but there loomed out, methought, from its motionless orbs, the soul of an article sublimed by the knowledge of eternity. Had she been before me indeed passed the portals of death? Had it penetrated that mysterious realm from which, ever and anon, comes forth a voice of power which awes us, though we may not comprehend it? I know not—what no earth shall ever know! For a brief space the spectre remained unchanged and motionless, when suddenly it pointed its upraised arm to the wasted form that lay before it, and then slowly, and all into air—one dim, shadowy smile through grief its countenance an expression of humanity as it vanished. Alarmed, breathless with awe, I turned towards the dying maniac. Life was ebbing fast away; but it was departing in triumph, to the wild strains of the hurricane, the stormy music of the thunder, the sepulchral torches of the lightning! For upwards of an hour she continued in a state of hopeless, tuberculous dreaming; when, suddenly, she half raised herself in bed, and, in a faint whisper—so faint, so very faint, that it was just akin to silence, pronounced her husband's name. Astonished, and even almost venturing to hope, I looked earnestly into her countenance—God of heaven! there was intelligence in its expression. With a wan, benignant smile, she held out her hand towards me, while her eye expressed all she would have said. This was her last movement; the principle of life [illegible] the fountain had ceased to flow; the pain was just going out; and, as I caught its glimmer on the threshold, it dimmed—wavered—and then sank into eternal darkness. Hortense was dead.

LIST OF BOOKS

RECEIVED AT

THE PHILADELPHIA LIBRARY,

Since the Publication of the last Catalogue.

FOLIO.

1001. Pinax-theca Hemptoniana—Septem de actis Apostolorum tabulas, ex Pinacotheca quae Raphael pinxit in aedibus Nicholai Dowgny del et sculpt. London.

1002. The Daily Chronicle, vols. 1, 2, 3. Gift of Mr. John Musgrave, Philadelphia, 1828, 9.

1003. Nouvelle edite ure entre de L'Ocean, Paris 1720. Gift of Mr. Jos. S. Lewis.

QUARTO.

2010. The History of the reigns of Edward VI Mary and Elizabeth. By Sharon Turner, F. S. A London, 1829.

2011. Travels in Assyria, Media and Persia, including a journey from Bagdad to Persepolis, researches in Babylon, description of Hillah, Bushire, Ormus and Mosul. By J. S. Buckingham, London, 1829.

2012. Journal of a second expedition into the interior of Africa, from the bight of Benin to Soccatoo. By the late Commander Clapperton, to which is added the Journal of Richard Lander, from Kano to the Sea Coast. London, 1829.

2013. Travels in Arabia, comprehending an account of those territories in Hedjaz which the Mahomedans regard as sacred. By the late John Lewis Burckhardt, London, 1829.

2014. Memoir of De Witt Clinton, with an appendix, containing numerous documents, illustrative of the principal events of his life. By David Hosack, M. D. New York, 1829.

2015. Memoirs of the Administration of the Right Hon. Henry Pelham, collected from the family papers, &c. By William Coxe, M. A. & c. 2 vols. London, 1829.

2016. Journal of an Embassy from the Gov. Gen. of India, to the Court of Ava in 1827. By John Crawford, Esq. late Envoy, London, 1829.

2017. Transactions of the Royal Society of Literature of the United Kingdom, 1st vol. London, 1829.

2018. Records of Mining. Edited by John Taylor, F. R. S. Part I. London, 1829.

2019. Constantinople in 1828. A Residence of Sixteen months in the Turkish Capital and provinces. By Charles Mac farlane, Esq. London, 1829.

2020. Fauna Boreali Americana, or the Zoology of the Northern parts of British America. By John Richardson, M. D. F. R. S. &c. assisted by W. Swainson and W. Kirby, London, 1829.

2021. The Life of John Locke, with extracts from his correspondence, journals and common place books. By Lord King, London, 1829.

2022. Researches into the origin and affinity of the principal languages of Asia and Europe. By Lieut. Colonel Vans Kennedy, London, 1828.

2023. Early Rhymes, from sketches made with the Canoe Parties, in N. America, in 1827—8. By Capt Basil Hall, London, 1829.

OCTAVO.

6976. John's History of the Hebrew Commonwealth, translated from the German. By Calvin E. Stowe, Andover, 1828.

6977. A digest of the Laws of the United States, including an abstract of judicial decisions, with notes. By Thomas S. Gordon, Philadelphia, 1827.

6978. Letters from the West, containing sketches of scenery, and manners and customs, and anecdotes connected with the first settlement of the Western sections of the United States. By the Hon. Judge Hall, London, 1828.

6979. Milton's Familiar Letters, translated from the Latin, with notes. By John Hall, Philadelphia, 1829.

6980. A reply to Sir Walter Scott's History of Napoleon. By Louis Bonaparte, Philadelphia, 1829.

6981. A Memoir of the Rev. Leigh Richmond, A. M. By the Rev. T. S. Grimshaw, A. M. London, 1828.

6982. Portugal in 1828, comprising sketches of the state of private society, and of the religion in that country under Don Miguel, with a narrative of the author's residence there. By Wm. Young, Esq. London, 1828.

6983. Letters from the West. By the Hon. Judge Hall, London, 1828.

6984. Nollekens and his times; comprehending a life of that celebrated sculptor, and memoirs of several contemporary artists. By John Thomas Smith, 2 vols. London, 1828.

6985. The Ellis Correspondence. Letters written during the years 1686, 1688, and addressed to John Ellis, Esq. containing many particulars of the Revolution.—Edited by the Hon. George Agar Ellis, 2 vols. London, 1829.

6986. Memoirs of General Miller, in the service of the Republic of Peru. By John Miller, 2 vols. London, 1828.

6987. St. Petersburg, a Journal of Travel to and from that Capital, through Flanders, Russia, Saxony, Germany and France. By A. B. Granville, M. D. 2 vols London, 1828.

6988. Memoirs of Scipio de Ricci, reformer of Catholicism in Tuscany, compiled from MSS. and the letters of distinguished persons of his times. Edited from the original, M. Potter, by Thomas Roscoe, 2 vols London, 1826.

6989. Twelve years Military Adventures in three quarters of the globe, or Memoirs of an officer, in which are contained the Campaigns of the Duke of Wellington in India and his last in Spain and the South of France, 2 vols. London, 1829.

6990. The Life and Times of Wm. Laud, D. D. Lord Archbishop of Canterbury. By John Parker Lawson, M. A. 2 vols London, 1829.

6991. The Magazine of Natural History, and Journal of Zoology, Botany, Mineralogy, Geology and Meteorology. Conducted by J. C. Loudon, vol. 1, London, 1829.

6992. The New Monthly Magazine and Literary Journal for 1828. London, 1828.

6993. Life of the Hon. Wm. Tilghman, late Chief Justice of the State of Pennsylvania. Compiled by John Gardner, Esq. Philadelphia, 1829. Gift of the compiler.

6994. Report of the Canal Commissioners, December 15, 1828. Harrisburgh, 1828. Gift of S. Duncan, Esq.

6995. Literary Remains of the late Henry Neele, consisting of Lectures on English Poetry, Tales and other pieces, New York, 1829.

6996 and 6997. The History of Pennsylvania, from the first settlement by Europeans to the Declaration of Independence, in 1776. By Thomas S. Gordon, Philadelphia, 1829. No. 6997, gift of the author.

6998. Life of Napoleon, Emperor of the French. By the author of Waverly, &c. abridged for an American Gentleman, 2 vols. in 1, Philadelphia, 1827.

6999 and 7000. A year in Spain. By a young American, Boston, 1829.

7001. Letters from the Algerin. By James Emerson, Esq. New York, 1829.

7002. Sermons preached in England, by the late Right Rev. Reginald Heber, D. D. New York, 1829.

7003. Travels in the North of Germany, in the years 1825 and 1826. By Henry E. Dwight, A. M. New York, 1829.

7004. A year in Spain. By a young American, Boston, 1829.

7005. Tales of Military Life. By the author of the Military Sketch Book, New York 1829.

7006. Sermons upon Religious Education, and Filial Duty. By the Rev. J. M. Wainwright, D. D. New York, 1829.

7007. Memoirs of Simon Bolivar, President Liberator of the Republic of Colombia, his principal Generals, &c. By Gen. H. L. V. Ducoudray Holstein, Boston, 1829.

7008. Letters written in the interior of Cuba, between the Mountains of Arcana and Cuaco. By the late Abiel Abbot, D. D. Boston, 1829.

7009. Oeuvres complettes de Madame La Baronne De Stael, publiees par son fils, Paris, 1820, 17 vols.

7010. M. Tullii Cicerionis Epistolarum ad Atticum, variorum Edition, Amsterdam, 1684.

7011. The Iliad of Homer, translated into English Blank Verse. By the Rev. J. Mitchie, London, 1809.

7012. D. Junii Juvenalis Satyrae, London, 1673.

7013. Encyclopedia Americana, a popular Dictionary of Arts, Sciences, Literature, History, Politics and Biography, Philadelphia, 1829, vol. 1.

7014. Lafayette en Amerique, en 1824 a 1825; ou Journal d'un Voyage aux Etats Unis, par A. Levasseur, Secretaire du General Lafayette, pendant son voyage, Paris, 1829.

7015. Catalogue of the Medical Library of the Pennsylvania Hospital. Gift of the Managers, Philadelphia, 1829.

7016. The United Service Journal, and Naval and Military Magazine, London, 1829, 1 vol.

7017. The Naval and Military Magazine, 4 vols. London.

7018. Lectures on Sculpture. By John Flaxman, Esq. R. A. with a brief Memoir of the author, London, 1829.

7019. A Dictionary of the Peerage and Baronetage of the British Empire, exhibiting alphabetically the present state of the exalted ranks, with their armorial bearings, mottoes, &c. By John Burke, Esq. London, 1829.

7020. An Essay on the Plants. By John C. Loudon, London, 1829.

7021. Letters of Philip, second Earl of Chesterfield, now first collected, including those of the time of Charles II., William III. and Queen Anne, with some of their relations, London, 1829.

7022. Sermons preached in England. By the late Rt. Rev. Reginald Heber, D. D. 2d edition, London, 1829.

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7024. A dissertation on the course and probable termination of the Niger. By Lieut. Sir R. Phillips, London, 1829.

7025. Travels in the Interior of S. America, [illegible] years on the Paramos of Venezuela and Caracas, 2 vols. London, 1829.

7026. A Journey through Norway, Lapland and Finland, [illegible] weeks. By the Rev. R. Everard, A. M. London, 1829.

7027. The Life of Belisarius. By Lord Mahon, London, 1829.

7028. The Life of John Milton. By C. Symmons, London, 1822.

7029. The Life of Captain Philip Beaver, of the Navy. By Capt. W. H. Smyth, London, 1829.

7030. The Life and Death of Cardinal Wolsey. By Thomas Storer, reprint, Oxford, 1826.

7031. Spinning Machinery. A Reply to the Edinburgh Review. By Richard Guest, Manchester, 1829.

7032. Historical Sketches of the Maritime Colonies of British America. By J. McGregor, London, 1828.

7033. Travels in Turkey, Egypt, Nubia and Palestine. By R. R. Madden, 2 vols. London, 1829.

7034. A New System of Geology. By John Ure, London, 1829.

7035. The Writings and Opinions of Justin Martyr. By John, Bishop of Lincoln, Cambridge, 1829.

7036. Memorials of Shakspeare. By Nathan Drake, London, 1828.

7037. The History of the rise of the Mahomedan Power in India, till 1612, from the Original Persian.—By John Briggs, 4 vols. London, 1829.

7038. Travels to and from Constantinople, in 1827—8. By Capt. C. Frankland, London, 1829.

7039. A Connection of Sacred and Profane History, from the Death of Joshua to the decline of the Kingdoms of Israel and Judah. Intended to complete the works of Shuckford and Prideaux. By the Rev. M. Russell, 2 vols. London, 1827.

7040. An Essay on the effects of the Reformation.—By Wm. Mackray, London, 1829.

7041. The Life of Launcelot Andrews. By H. Isaacson, London, 1829.

7042. A Description of Ancient Greece, with a Map and plan of Athens. By J. A. Cramer, 3 vols. Oxford, 1828.

7043. A Chronicle of the Conquest of Granada. By W. Irving, 2 vols. London, 1829.

7044. The Life of Napoleon Buonaparte. By William Hazlitt, in four vols. 2 vols. London, 1828.

7045. Personal and Literary Memorials. By the author of Italy As it is, &c., London, 1829.

7046. A History of British Animals. By Jno. Fleming, D. D. Edinburgh 1828.

7047. Memoirs of the War in Spain, from 1808 to 1814. By Marshal Suchet, 2 vols. London, 1829.

7048. Historic Survey of German Poetry. By W. Taylor, 2 vols. London, 1828.

7049. Sir Thomas More, or Colloquies on the Progress and Prospects of Society. By Robert Southey, plates, 2 vols. London, 1829.

7050. The History of the Huguenots. By W. S. Browning, Esq. 2 vols. London, 1829.

7051. Memoirs of Lady Fanshawe. Written by herself, London, 1829.

7052. A Narrative of Memorable events in Paris in 1814. By a Detenu. London, 1829.

7053. History of Russia and Peter the Great. By Count Segur, London, 1829.

7054. Letters on the Climate, &c. of the Neilgherries, or Blue Mountains of South India. By James Hough, London, 1829.

7055. Present state of Van Dieman's Land. By H. Widowson. London, 1829.

7056. Letters from an Eastern Colony. By a Resident, London, 1829.

7057. Journal of a Passage from the Pacific to the Atlantic. By H. L. Maw, R. N. London, 1829.

7058. History of the Roman Law, during the middle ages. From the German of Savigny, vol. 1st, Edinburg, 1829.

7059. Letters from the Continent. By the Rev. Weaver Walker, Edinburg, 1828.

Also, vol. 2 of Napier's War in the Peninsula, Hansard's Parliamentary Debates, vols. ix. and xx. Annual Register, 1828, and the Periodical Publications, to July, 1829.

DUODECIMO.

3968. Petri Gassendi institutio Astronomica, Londini Gift of J. P. Engles.

3975. Seven years of the King's Theatre. By John Ebers, Philadelphia, 1828.

3976. Popular Lectures on the Steam Engine. By Lardner and Renwick, New York, 1828.

3977. Odes upon Cash, Corn and Catholics. By T. Moore, Philadelphia, 1828.

3978. The Republic of Cicero. Translated by G. W. Featherstonhaugh, Esq. New York, 1829.

3979. Tales of a Grandfather. By Sir Walter Scott, Philadelphia, 1829.

3980. A History of the State of New York. By F. S. Eastman, New York, 1829.

3981 and 3982. A Chronicle of the Conquest of Granada. By W. Irving, 2 vols. Philadelphia, 1829.

3983. Letters from the Ægean. By James Emerson, Esq. 2 vols. London, 1829.

3984. Memoirs of the Empress Josephine, with anecdotes of the Courts of Navarre and Malmaison, 3 vols. London, 1829.

3985. Memoirs of the extraordinary career of John Shipp. 3 vols. London, 1829.

3986. Remarks on the Character of John Milton. By the Rev. Mr. Channing, Boston, 1828.

3987. Laconics, or Instructive Miscellanies. By a General Reader, 1 vol. Philadelphia, 1827.

3988—89—90. Anne of Geierstein. By the author of Waverly, 2 vols. Philadelphia, 1829.

3991. Fabri on Romanism. Philadelphia 1829.

3992. The Sketch Book of Geoffrey Crayon, 3d Ed. Philadelphia, 1828.

3993. Sketches of Naval Life. By a Civilian, 2 vols. New Haven, 1829.

3994. Sermons Preached in India. By Bishop Heber, Philadelphia, 1829.

3995 to 3998. Guide Books in France, Germany, &c Philadelphia, 1829.

4005, 7, 8, and 4019. Travels in North America. By Capt. Basil Hall, R. N. 2 vols Philadelphia, 1829.

4008. Memoir of Mrs. Ann H. Judson. By James D. Knowles. 2d edition, Boston, 1829.

4009. Triumphus Sapientiae seu Conciones, per Guilielmum Price, Amsterdam, 1655.

4010. The Christian Philosopher. By Thomas Dick, New York, 1827.

4011. The Philosophy of a future state. By Thomas Dick. Brookfield, Mass. 1829.

4012. Common objections to Christianity, proposed and answered. By James P. Wilson, D. D. Philadelphia 1829.

4013. The Hope of Immortality. By James P. Wilson, D. D. Philad. 1829.

4014. The Book of the Boudoir. By Lady Morgan, 2 vols. New York, 1829.

4015 and 16. The Wept of Wish-ton-Wish. A Tale, by the author of the Pioneers, &c. Philad. 1829.

4017. Essays on the Pursuit of Truth, &c. London, 1829.

4018. Solitary Walks through many Lands. By Derwent Conway, 2 vols. 1829.

4020. The Chelsea Pensioners. By the author of the Subaltern, 3 vols. London, 1829.

4021. The Tales of the Peers. By the author of the Diary of an Ennuyee, 2 vols. London, 1829.

4022. Three years in Canada—an account of the actual state of the country, &c. By John Mactaggart, 2 vols. London, 1829.

4023. Tales of Military Life, 3 volumes, London, 1829.

4024. Traits of Travel, by the author of Highways and Byways, 3 vols. London, 1829.

4025. Journal of a Naturalist, London, 1829.

4026. Forest scenes and incidents in the wilds of North America. By George Head, Esq. London, 1829.

4027. Mrs. Lushington's Journey from India to England, London, 1827.

4028. Outlines of Geology. By W. T. Brande, London, 1829.

4029. Historical Sketches of the native Irish and their descendants. By C. Anderson, London, 1827.

4030. An Essay on Ancient Coins, Medals, and Gems, as illustrative of the progress of Christianity. By the Rev. R. Walsh, London, 1828.

4031. A Spaniel's Tour in France, Genoa, &c. in 1827, London, 1828.

4032. Notes of a Journey in the North of Ireland in 1827, London 1829.

4033. An official visit to Guatemala. By Gd. Thompson, Esq. London, 1829.

4034. The Life and Adventures of Alexander Selkirk, containing the real incidents upon which the romance of Robinson Crusoe is founded. By John Howell, London, 1829.

4035. The life of the celebrated Jean Bart, London, 1828.

4036. Musical Reminiscences of the Italian Opera.—By Lord Mount Edgecumbe, London, 1829.

4037. All for Love, and the Pilgrim of Compostella. By R. Southey, London, 1829.

Also, 9 vols. of miscellaneous biography, including the memoirs of Valnecq, Goldoni, &c.

For the Daily Chronicle.

ARCH STREET THEATRE.

The comedy of *Married and Single* was performed last night, for the first time, according to the bills. Their contents are not always gospel; but I believe they spoke truth on this occasion, as I do not recollect the play on any of our stages. The piece was brought forward, no doubt, to introduce the northern star, Mr. Finn, in the hero *Beau Shatterly*. I saw Mr. Finn, for the first time, in that original and very diverting character, *Billy Lackaday*, and thought pretty well of him. I should probably have held his performance in still higher estimation but for a previous impression. Horrex played the love-lorn *Billy* last season, and, in my poor judgment, better than Finn. The latter, however, created much mirth. But it struck me that he was less natural and less true to his author than his predecessor; and certainly much inferior in his cockney dialect. I cannot tell whence the conceit arose, but I could not help thinking, whenever *Billy* was on the stage, that the droll fellow had as much of the Yankee as of the Cockney in him. Mr. Finn must not take these remarks in dudgeon; for I am inclined to think well of his talents, though I have not yet had an opportunity of forming a decided judgment.

His personation, last night, of the old sapscull *Shatterly* seemed to give content to the majority of those who witnessed it; but one thing surprised me, considering the respectable character borne by the actor. I mean the number of offensive expressions introduced into the dialogue; a profusion of *damnees* and other phrases of about the same quality. And all these were uttered before a number of ladies who graced the boxes by their presence. If this language offended my coarse ears, what must have been its effect on those of female delicacy? The actor may find an excuse in saying that he found these expressions in the book; but I doubt whether they occur there so frequently. But granting that every one of them is in the text from which the player studied his part—if he will take the advice of one who pretends to some knowledge of the taste of the virtuous part of the town—the next time he performs the character, he will discard them all from his memory, and go through his task without them, even at the risk of affronting the noisy chaps in the gallery, who are pleased with nothing so much as with that which tends to corrupt their morals.

From the little I have seen of Mr. Finn, he appears to be a performer capable of taking a pretty extensive range of characters, and of filling them satisfactorily. QUIN.

York, U. C. Nov. 5.—We understand that the managers of the Montreal Branch Bank, have come to an understanding with the directors of the York Bank, by virtue of which, the former concern is to be removed forthwith, and the field again left clear for the operations of "the Bank of Upper Canada," which, it is said, has also agreed to collect the debts of its Montreal brother, now outstanding.

On Thursday last three children were killed in the Township of Markham, at Milne's Mills, by an accident. They were playing at the Saw-Mill outside, when three saw logs gave way and rolled over them. Two were instantly killed, and the third died the third day after. We understand that one of the unfortunate infants belonged to Mr. James Carey, and the other two to Mr. Wilson Dennis.

THE DRAMA.

Theatre—Chesnut Street.

This evening, November 21,
Will be presented a new Comedy, which was acted with the greatest applause in Covent Garden Theatre, called the

MERCHANT'S WEDDING;
OR, LONDON FROLICS IN 1738.

Warehouse, a Merchant, ... Mr. KILNER.
Frank Flotwell, his nephew, ... Mr. WARNER.
Timothy Scatbrid, ... Mr. JEFFERSON.
Weight, ... Mr. ROWBOTHAM.
Aurelia, a gay Heiress, ... Mrs. ROWBOTHAM.
Penelope Flotwell, ... Mrs. BLAKE.

After which, by particular desire, the favorite Opera of

JOHN OF PARIS.

John of Paris, ... Mr. PEARMAN.
Grand Chamberlain of Navarre, ... Mr. ROWBOTHAM.
Vincent, ... Mrs. ROWBOTHAM.
Pedigio Potts, ... Mr. JEFFERSON.
Princess of Navarre, ... Mrs. PEARMAN.
Rose, ... Mrs. BLAKE.

On Monday evening, Miss KELLY will make her first appearance as Miss Dorillon.

On Tuesday, first time these twenty years, the Comedy of All in the Wrong, with other entertainments, being for the Benefit of Mr. Sloman.

☞ Boots open at 6, and Performance to commence ½ before 7 o'clock.

Philadelphia Theatre—Arch Street.

MR. FINN'S FOURTH APPEARANCE.

In consequence of numerous applications from Parties who were disappointed, by the inclemency of the weather, in witnessing Mr FINN'S

PAUL PRY,

It will be repeated this evening, with the Farce of

102.

This evening, November 21,
Will be presented the admired Comedy of

PAUL PRY.

Paul Pry, ... Mr. FINN.
Col Hardy, ... Mr. PHILLIPS.
Harry Stanley, with songs, ... Mr. WALTON.
Gossip, ... Mr. JERVIS.
Eliza, ... Mrs. FRANKLIN.
Mrs Subtle, ... Mrs. MAYWOOD.
Phoebe, ... Miss A. FISHER.

After which, a Comic Song, by Mr. Andrews, and a Song by Mr Walton.

The Evening's Entertainments to conclude with, first time in this Theatre,

102;

OR, THE VETERAN AND HIS PROGENY.

Philip Garlands, aged 102, ... Mr. FINN.
Jerome, his son, aged 80, ... Mr. PHILLIPS.
Pierre, son of Jerome, aged 50, ... Mr. JERVIS.
Francois, a Gardener, ... Mr. ANDREWS.
Isabel, ... Mrs HAMILTON.

On Monday evening Mr. FINN'S 6th and last appearance.

Mr. DUFF is engaged for a few nights, and will appear on Tuesday evening.

Washington Amphitheatre—N. Liberties.

MASTER RAYMOND'S BENEFIT.

This evening, November 21,
The evening's Entertainments to commence with
A GRAND ENTREE.

STILL VAULTING
By the whole Troop.

HORSEMANSHIP,
By Monsieur RICHER.

HERCULEAN FEATS, by Mr. EAGLESTON.

HORSEMANSHIP
By Master RAYMOND, without saddle or bridle.

Mr. RICARDO will appear and sing the admired Comic Song of The Poachers, or Now Then.

After which, the popular and laughable Ballet of

LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD.

The Evening's Performance will conclude by the whole French troop going through their Manœuvres on the Corde Testa, with and without the Balance Pole.

Mrs. ROGERS and SON'S BENEFIT will take place on Tuesday evening.

THEATRE—CHESNUT STREET.

Tuesday Evening next, 24th inst.

MR. SLOMAN'S BENEFIT.

Last Night of his engagement—Mrs. Sloman performs in an elegant Play—A New Farce—And Six New Comic Songs, by Mr. Sloman.

CARD.—MR. SLOMAN respectfully announces his BENEFIT for TUESDAY EVENING, 24th Nov. when will be performed the Comedy of ALL IN THE WRONG—the part of Lady Restless by Mrs. Sloman, (her first appearance in that character in this city.)

In the course of the evening, Mr. Sloman will sing the following SIX NEW COMIC SONGS:

"All the Poke Bonnets, and Large Bushy Whiskers," are now all the order.

Assimilating, or what are Lawyers, Old Maids, Ladies, Dandies, New Yorkers, Philadelphians, Bostonians, Baltimoreians, Kentuckians, Virginians, Steam Boats, Rivers, Actors, &c. made of?

"Shakspeare's Seven Ages of Man."

"Sloman's Seven Ages of Man."

"Betsey Baker's Travels" across the Alleghany Mountains to New Orleans.

An entire new national Song, called the Heroes of Columbia, will be sung on this occasion; and

The Coal Black Rose, arranged as a Duet, will be sung by Mr. Sloman and Mr. Hamilton.

Samba, ... Mr. Hamilton.
Miss Rose, ... Mr. Sloman.

To conclude with a Laughable Farce. Further particulars in future bills. nov. 20—1t

THE DAILY CHRONICLE

PHILADELPHIA:

SATURDAY EVENING, NOV. 21, 1829.

We are enabled to publish a list of the books that have been added to the ample and invaluable stores of the PHILADELPHIA LIBRARY since the last catalogue was printed. This cannot but be very useful to those who hold shares in that excellent and prosperous institution, and to the many others who depend chiefly on its contents for the gratification of their literary wants. We may hint to those members who are in the habit of purchasing new books of temporary interest, that if these, after perusal, were presented to this library, the stock of such works might equal the demand, which is usually greater than could properly be met from the funds of the establishment. Two or three copies of a book of the lighter kind are hardly enough; and such an interchange as would be promoted by a general adoption of the plan we have suggested would secure numbers, especially of the ladies, against the disappointments—not very serious, to be sure, but still worth avoiding—to which they are now liable.

AN ENGLISHMAN in FRANCE, writing from BOULOGNE in September, thus describes the place:—"In sad truth it is extraordinary to observe the progress that English customs and English prices have made in the course of a few years.—There is nothing French but the name of the place, and a few habits which the younger generation of the natives still in public indulge.—There is but one veritable French body and soul in whose eyes these changes are but dust, and who looks upon their progress as the symptoms of national decay, and that is my friend with the barrel of lemonade. See him stand in the market—if ever he did stand a moment—with his jacket of cotton, his flowing trowsers of equal whiteness, his cocked hat, worn with a sidelong air, his barrel slung across the shoulder, with silver tube and bill, hear to his shrill clear cry, his thrilling double of the ha, ha, ha, and grieve not that the spirit of the nation is dead. See how he flits about, refreshing every thirsty soul with glasses of his innocent composition. Long may he live to buz about his native home, the memorial of what an aboriginal once was, the happy specimen of a true-born Frenchman, untouched by time or change.—The coaches are English. The heavy diligence still makes this the road between the coast and the capital;—but the vehicles proper to our town are English, and that of a date about twenty years before the present style of rapid motion and the art of breaking necks was made easy. Four times in the day my friend Bill, with the white hat and Belcher kerchief, handles the ribands between Boulogne and Calais; and Grim-gruff in-hoff the guard growls a surly "all right" behind. Every day the Union light coach starts for Paris. Wo is me, every thing is English down to the Boots at the hotel! The prices are English, or, rather, they outrun John Bull. Talk not of houses or lodgings being doubled, say, rather, quadrupled. Brighton is much cheaper, if a comparison of comfort and of accommodation be made. The furniture of the lodgings is of the poorest and most imperfect description; and happy is the house that has better than a pewter spoon. Our gravity is our own, but our merriment we have stolen from across the Channel. One would be miserable if Mathews with his antithetical face, and Yates with his phiz comica, would let us. I strolled the sands to-day to lament in secret the degeneracy of these times, when the strange pair crossed my path in a double phaeton, long and short like themselves, Yates before, and Mathews behind. They shook their sides with laughing, and the crazy carriage shook still more heartily at the joke, and the old horse turned round his staid face to wonder at his loading. Wo is me again—the prices at the theatre are to be raised while this strange couple pay a flying visit! Seat of the Muses, this is profanation! English words, English actors in a French theatre, English prices. Would that the man wot drives the Sovereign would send a few this way, to enable us to meet these charges! The politics are English. No one has heard a word about the alterations in the French Ministry.—Indifferent it is to us that the Prince Polignac has taken place. We growl about the civil war in Ireland, complain of the Assessed Taxes and Select Vestries, and wonder when the Duke of Wellington will attack the Church. Where shall we hide our heads, where shall we escape the tortures of English politics and Irish feuds?—The gaol is English! grieved am I to say its by-name is the Hotel d'Angleterre. Many an honest soul has languished there on vile suspicion. Many a capital fellow, who would pay if he could, has given in person what he could not in purse. It is a wretched place to look at, and it chills the blood to think how many hours of life, never to be recollected, have been wasted within it. The French law gives no relief to debt, and those who once are placed beneath its gripe, feel that for them there is no hope. The church is English, and a most respectable establishment it is. For some years the Protestant service was performed in a room in the upper town; but public spirit has now raised a handsome large structure, a regular Minister is appointed, and service performed to a most numerous congregation. The approaches to the church on Sundays are the best evidence of the extent to which the English transformation has gone. Every class in society, from Nobility to the artisans, are seen in kindred groupes; long trains of boarding-school boys and girls prove the ample reinforcement that will exist when we old people cease to live. The weather is English. Oh, that I might condense the general rage that grumbles from every throat, and place it on this paper in one emphatic growl!—Oh, that I might string up all the variety of epithets which are hourly bestowed on the unpropitious season! Heavy clouds sweep across the sky, the wind moans, the sea labours, the rain comes down in torrents. The face of nature frowns black upon us, and no man looks his neighbour kindly in the face. Without comfort within doors, without resources abroad, John Bull curses the star which brought him to such a place. Mamma looks despairingly at her daughters, and sighs that nobody is coming to marry them—the young ladies pout in their cages, and vent their innocent rage in exclamations against the weather."

There is at least as much truth as severity in the remarks of the WESTMINSTER REVIEW on the writings of Lady MORGAN. The critic says:—"Fashion is one of the curses of this country. The classes above manual labor are engaged in one race of vanity; and to assimilate in modes and habits to the aristocracy is the aim of the most despicable ambition that ever possessed a people. Throughout the country it may be observed that the new sect of wealth are the readiest and most pliant tools of their patrician neighbors. Their wives, their sons, their daughters, all, for the grand object of notice, conspire to produce the parent's pretension of independence, though his own individual habits or taste should disincline him to sacrifice manliness and free agency to the favor or mere toleration of the great man of the plain. Thus these people are made the willing slaves of the aristocracy, against whom their new wealth, and new condition, should be raising up a new power. To break their bondage, to show the abject character, to discountenance the empty and despicable objects, should be the aim of liberal and enlightened writers, who make the manners of society the chief subject of their observation, and whose playful wit is best adapted to produce impression on the classes upon which it is desirable to act. But in this Lady Morgan, democratical professor as she is, we have a devoted apostle of fashion, and all its worst fooleries. There is not a pernicious vanity or affectation belonging to tuft-hunting or *modishness*, which she does not labor to confirm and strengthen, by precept, sentiment, and her own goodly example. Her peculiar capacity, too, lamentably well fits her for the undertaking. She has a vivacity, a playfulness, which may pass for wit, and a perception of the ridiculous which carries her far enough to raise the laugh without suggesting the truth which often lies skin-deep beneath the ludicrous. Detach her from manners, and her mind appears capable of superior inquiries; but the field of manners should be the field of her utility, and there it is actually mischievous. All the good general principles the lady has ever propounded, advocated, or indicated, are overbalanced in effect ten-thousand fold, by the sanction and encouragement she affords to the idlest and most abasing of the frivolous prejudices. The book before us is enough to poison half the tea drawing rooms in the land. It might be aptly styled, "The Tuft-hunter's Vademecum," the whole gist and effect of it being to show the joy and glory of aristocratical associations; to illustrate the pride and pleasure of distinction by persons of quality. Nor is this pitiable fault peculiar to the work immediately in question; the blemish extends over all those productions of Lady Morgan with which we happen to be acquainted. The morality of the old ginger-bread covered nursery books used to be that the pains-taking hero "saved a great deal of money, married his master's daughter, and came to ride in his coach and six, all very grand, as you may see in the pretty picture facing the title-page." The morality of Lady Morgan is, that by great address, elegant accomplishment, and eminent talent, persons may come to enjoy the society of Lords and Ladies, and dine in Duke's houses, "all very grand;" and she in her

The Saint John (N. B.) Courier says, that several counterfeit United States' Bank Notes, some purporting to be of the U. S. Bank, payable at Charleston, are in circulation there.

In consequence of the unfavorable state of the weather, which interferad with the arrangements of the superintendent, the ceremony of elevating the Statue of Washington, at Baltimore, was postponed until Wednesday next, the 25th instant.

In Frederick county Court, Md. on Friday last, R. Whip received the sentence of the law, of twelve years' confinement in the Penitentiary, for setting fire to and burning the barn of Mr. Stephens, a connexion of his, both residents of that county.

Several members of Congress, says the New York Journal of Commerce, have already reached this city, on their way to Washington. Gen. Hinds of Mississippi, arrived yesterday in the ship Azelia from New Orleans. Mr. Silsbee of Massachusetts, and others of the New England delegation, have been in the city for several days.

We understand much injury has been done in the east part of the town of Poughkeepsie, N. Y. during the last week, by dogs attacking several flocks of sheep. One farmer alone, lost about thirty. Sometime last winter a cow belonging to the Methodist clergyman in that village was attacked by dogs and nearly killed.

A case of slander was tried on Wednesday in the Court of Common Pleas, New-York, in which Dr. Thomas Pitts was plaintiff, and James A. Campfeld defendant. The actionable words were, that the plaintiff was a quack, and that it could be proved, or to that effect. The most respectable physicians in the city were called to give testimony, and the jury brought in a verdict for the plaintiff of $160 dollars damages.

The New Orleans Price Current of Oct. 31, reports sales of 600 bales new Cotton, at 9 a 10 cts. No samples of new Sugar yet arrived. Tobacco, clearances for Philadelphia, 123 hhds; for Liverpool 117 hhds. Flour declined to 5 1-2 a 3-4.

The oldest member of either house of Congress is Gen. Samuel Smith, of Maryland, who was elected to the House of Representatives in 1797, and transferred to the Senate in 1803, where he has continued, with the exception of a short interval, to the present time. Mr. Newton, of Virginia, is the oldest member of the House, having been regularly re-elected from the Norfolk district since 1801.

Edward B. Dudley has been elected, without opposition, the Representative to Congress from North Carolina, vice Gabriel Holmes deceased.

The Quebec Mercury states that snow fell in that city on the 7th inst. to the depth of two or three inches. The weather, however, continued mild, and the ground was not frozen. In Watertown, Jefferson County, N. Y. it has fallen to the depth of about eighteen inches, and the sleighing is good in Onondaga.

The Boston Gazette, boasting of a picture of Sam Patch which adorns its columns, omits to say that it is copied from one designed and engraved for our paper, by that unrivalled artist, Mr. Gilbert; whom we can recommend heartily to all who wish to have wood cuts executed in the very best style.

The Providence Daily Advertiser, in alluding to a slight fall of snow in that place last week, breaks forth into the following rhapsody:—"Autumn attempted to try on one of Winter's light garments last Saturday morning, but the chilly vestment had scarcely touched her, ere it brought tears into her mild eyes, and was dissolved in relenting moisture—in other words, we had a spit of snow, followed by considerable rain."

Alexander Harvey, a native of Perth, Scotland, aged about 35 years, was drowned in the canal near Schenectady, N. Y. on Friday evening week, by falling overboard from one of the canal boats. The deceased was a Marine on board the United States ship Brandywine, and was on his way to Utica.

The first session of the twenty-first Congress will commence in Washington on the first Monday of the ensuing month.

From the Buffalo Republican, Nov. 14.

GREAT FIRE!—This morning, a little before five o'clock, our citizens were alarmed by the cry of fire. It broke out on the north side of Main street, in a block of wooden buildings, two or three doors north of the bookstore, printing office and bindery of Messrs Day, Follett, and Haskins; it continued to rage for two hours, and destroyed the following buildings:—

1. Wood store and dwelling house, occupied by Col. Geo. Stow, as a grocery store, loss $100, no insurance. Sargent and Wilgus, bookstore and bindery, saved a small part only of books, loss uncertain, no insurance. Dr. Geo. E. Hayes & Co. druggists, saved $400, lost 1500, no insurance. Dwelling occupied by Mr. Groom, loss $40. Front office up stairs occupied by S. Shumway, attorney, loss in books, trifling. Town Library was in this office, which was partly saved. This building was owned by Townsend and Coit, and was insured to its value.

2. Wood store, occupied by E. Smith, sadler, loss $600, no insurance. Joseph Kinney, grocer, saved part of his stock, loss 70 or $80, no insurance. Building owned by Townsend and Coit, insured for the probable value. These stores were leased by Maj. Palmer, whose loss amounts to $300, having expended this sum on the buildings.

3. Wood store, owned and occupied by Samuel Bosworth, jeweller, saved watches, jewlery and customer's watches, loss $1000 in building and tools, &c.

4. Wood store and printing office, owned principally by D. M. Day, and occupied by Messrs. Day, Follet and Haskins. Their stock was extensive, they were engaged in book printing and binding, and their loss heavy, as their stock is the most difficult to remove of any. They saved a few of their printing materials, and a considerable part of their dictionary plates; of their book stock they saved probably $1000—probable loss 7 or $8000, insurance $4000, by Western Insurance Company. Mr. Day's loss in the building is $700. One great item of their loss is the interruption of their business, but this, we trust, will be in some measure made up to this enterprising house by their patrons and the public.

5. Wood exchangeoffice, owned and occupied by H. R. Seymour, his property saved, building insured for the full value.

6. Wood store, owned by C. Athearn, and occupied by him as a tobacco factory, loss $4000, insurance on goods and building $2500.

7. Wood store, owned by Maj. John Scott, and occupied by Messrs. Athearn and Havens, with groceries, saved $1000, loss $2000, no insurance on goods, insurance on the store.

8. Wood store, owned by Maj. John Scott, and occupied by Messrs. Bristol and Powell, loss about $1000, insurance on store and goods to the full amount of loss.

9. Wood store, owned and occupied by Abm. Lazelere, jeweller, saved his goods principally, insured to the amount of his loss.

10.—Wood store, owned and occupied by S. N. Callender, dry goods, loss in building about $300—$250 insured, loss by removing goods, insurance for full amount of loss.

11.—Wood store, owned and occupied by R. Hargrave Lee, with groceries, insurance on $1500—loss over insurance probably 7, or $800.

It was fortunate that there was but little wind; otherwise, it would have been difficult to have saved two more blocks from destruction. The doors and window shutters across the street, were severely scorched; but by using water freely on the wood parts exposed, a large block of valuable buildings were saved.

There was a great want of water experienced. Gen. Potter and Mr. Lovejoy, were severely injured, by the falling of some part of a building.

There were probably more than 4000 citizens present; but few, however, could be of any farther service, than to assist in removing property. Two buildings were pulled down; there were instances of a fearless exposure of several citizens; some remained on the broken buildings until they were pulled down.

We think that some measures ought to be taken immediately to secure a supply of water, in future; and, it would be well for those authorised to do so, to make personal inspection, during windy nights, of all stores, offices, and shops on Main street.

The amount, lost in the whole, was between 20 and 30,000 dollars; a considerable part of which was insured. There are two or three cases of severity. This misfortune has swept away a dozen of wooden buildings, situate in the heart of the business part of the town; the bulk of the loss, however, falling on the insurance offices, the interruption of the business of those burnt out will not be of long duration.

Among the losers, the case of Messrs. Sargent & Wilgus, and Dr. G. E. Hayes, will be felt the severest.

This is a warning to those who have escaped, to be on the look-out. This is the first signal fire, since the red brand of the enemy was applied to this village in Dec. 1813.

SHIP NEWS.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 21.—Arrived, ship Monongahela, Dixey, from Liverpool, Oct. 9th, with mdse. to T. B. Cope & Sons.

Schr Ariadne, Davis, Gloucester, 7 days, with fish, to B. & B. Cooper.

Brig Dido, Eaton, 56 days from the Cherry Islands, with barilla, to J. Miller, Jr. In lat. 38, lon. 70, spoke brig North Star, 14 days from Portland, bound to Matanzas.

Schr. Fair Play, Hopkins, 2 days from Snowhill, with grain, to Captain.

Schr. Emory, Bell, 3 days from Folly Landing, with grain, to Captain.

Schr. Comet, Hitchens, 5 days from Suffolk, with shingles to Captain.

Sloop Ellen, Blair, 30 hours from Baltimore, via canal, with mdse. to J. Hand.

Sloop Star, Egbert, 2 days from Baltimore, via canal, with mdse. to W. J. Watson.

Sloop Superior, Gale, Baltimore, via Canal, 2 days, with mdse. to W. J. Watson.

Below, a brig and two schrs. unknown.

Brig Phila, at this port from Havana, and 10 days to the capes; sailed Nov. 8th. Same day, the ship Rebecca, of New York from Buenos Ayres, with a cargo of jerked beef, bound to Havana, drifted ashore on the Ponto, bilged, and sunk almost immediately, the captain and crew had barely time to save themselves. Left the brig Droma, Morgan, to sail next day for New York.—Brig Wm. Martin, of Philadelphia, uncertain; schr. Superior, cleared for Wilmington, N. C. the 5th inst.—The revenue cutter Marion, just arrived from Key West. The United States schr. Grampus was in the port of Havana.

CLEARED, schr. Wm. Tell, Ortley, Baltimore, via canal, A. Wakeman.

Ship Dorothea, Davis, Savannah, L. Clapier.

Brig Dido, Barney, Havre, John Welsh.

Schr. Fancy, Corson, Pensacola, W. Jackson.

Schr. Fair Play, Sharp, West Indies, J. Patton, Jr.

Sloop Lafayette, Peterson, Baltimore, via canal, W. J. Watson.

Sloop Diademia, Petit, Alexandria, via canal, J. Hand.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—Arrived, ship Concordia, Britton, from Belfast, Oct. 20th, with merchandize.—6th inst. off Nantucket, saw schr. Boston Packet, of Biddeford.

Brig Clarice, Hatch, Marseilles, Oct. 1st, with mdse. almonds, opium, &c. Passengers, Mr. and Mrs. Mupabo. Left, ships Hercules and Albree, and brigs Margaret and Aurora, all uncertain. Ship Canton Packet, sailed Sept. 28, for Brazil; brig Amazon, Martin, for New Orleans, sailed a few days before. Passed Gibraltar Oct. 10th.

Brig Mary Jane, Correja, Havana, 12 days, with coffee, sugar, &c. Passengers, F. De la Cruz, Uzquierlo, and Mr. Tartergny. Sailed in co. with brig Panther, for Baltimore. Left brigs Roxana, Miller, uncertain; Charles, Stevens, do.; Susan, Evans, do.; St. Joseph, of Marblehead, do.; and others.

Brig Wm. P. Ferrand, Child, 25 days from St. Barts, with specie, &c.

French brig Le Cotonnier, Patten, 6 days from Charleston.

Schr. Edgar, Wilson, 60 days from Smyrna. Left, brigs Nile, Ellis, for Boston, in 2 days; William & Henry, do. 4 days; Smyrna, Sprague, of do. uncertain.

Schr. Wm. Harris, Robinson, 25 days from Maracaibo, with lustic, &c.

Sloop Gen. Lafayette, Osborn, 3 days from Philadelphia.

Below, 2 schrs.

Sailed, ships Edward Quesnel, Hawkins, Havre; St. John, Parker, Mobile.

Cleared, ship America, Baker, Gibraltar.

Brig Phaides, M'Cerren, Antwerp.

Brig Onslow, Clapham, Port au Prince.

Brig Courier, Smith, Charleston.

Schr. Jeune Antoinette, Garcia, St. Domingo City.

Passengers in the ship Concordia, Britton, from Belfast:—Mr. Hamilton Steele, and 41 in the steerage.

Passengers in the ship Leonidas, Bugnon, sailed yesterday for Havana:—Mrs. S. S. Joure, Misses J. Joure, E. Joure, A. Joure, D. Joure, Mr. A. Joure, Mr. Lewis Ehrentz, lady, two children and servant, Messrs. Lewis G. Melnzet, F. Bola, and E. Wade, of Havana; Mr. William A. Whitehead, of New Jersey; Mrs. Lyon, Mrs. Smith, Messrs. John Whitehead, L. Ferratton, Samuel Benton, and Cunningham, of New York; Mrs. Shazott and daughter, of Philadelphia.

NEW LONDON, Nov. 15.—Arrived, brig William Henry, Bennett, from Curacoa.

BOSTON, Nov. 17.—Arrived, brigs William, Atwood, from Savannah; Messenger, Higgins, Fredericksburg; Larch, Simpson, Alexandria; schooners Reliance, Farley, Turks Island; Splendid, Norwood, Philadelphia; Emigrant, Prince, do.

Cleared, schooner J. Q. Adams, Isley, St. Jago, Cuba.

PORTSMOUTH, Nov. 15.—Arrived, brig Margaret, Lowe, from Turks Island.

BATH, Nov. 14.—Arrived, brig Franklin, Trott, from Point Petre, Guad.

Cleared, brig Eagle, Holbrook, Havana.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 20.—Arrived, sloop Farmer's Daughter, from Philadelphia, via the canal.

Sloop Union, Lewis, Philadelphia, via canal.

Sloop Neptune, Hackney, Philadelphia, via canal.

Steam boat Norfolk, Henderson, 24 hours from Norfolk. Passed, off Smith's Point, one ship at anchor; saw a number of vessels bound down. Nothing in the Bay bound up.

Cleared, ship Belvidere, Nabb, Liverpool, via Charleston.

NORFOLK, Nov. 17.—In Hampton Roads, brig Harvest, Eldred, from up James River, bound to Bordeaux.

Sailed, brig Mark, Amsbury, for Halifax, N. S.

Nov. 18.—Arrived, schr. Garnet, Higgins, Rockport, Me 28 days, bound to Charleston, mackerel and potatoes—put in in distress, having experienced very severe weather during the passage—was compelled to throw overboard a part of the deck load, and was also short of provisions and water.

Steam boat Norfolk, Henderson, from Richmond.—Passed above Harrison's Bar, ship Gratitude, bound up; off Goose Hill Flats, ship William Brown, below Hog Island, ship Henry Tuke, both bound down.

Below, a brigantine, belonging to Baltimore, from New York, with stone, for the Hip Raps.

From the Boston Patriot of Monday.

THE MONEY FOUND.—$4300 was stolen from the bar room of the Suffolk Hotel, Elm street, between Thursday night and Friday morning. From Mr. Hastings, the keeper of the hotel, we learn the following particulars respecting the theft and the recovery of the money:—

The driver of the Dunstable stage, to whose charge the money had been committed, stepped into the bar, where Mr. Hastings stood, by the desk, saying he wished to put something in, which he did. The driver thought Mr. H. understood it was money, which was not the case. Neither the first nor second bar-keeper had any knowledge that there was money there. On Thursday night, Mr. Morse, second bar-keeper, and a stageman slept in the bar-room, when they were called up by one of the boarders, and a lodger from the country, who said "the devil was to pay" in their room. He went up stairs with them taking a light, and there found the ceiling of the room broken through, some plaster upon the floor; and a slipper. On going into the garret, they found another slipper; the hole having been made probably by some one stepping through, but nothing more could be found. Mr. Morse then called Mr. Case, the bar-keeper, and all four searched about for some time, both in and out of the house, without finding any thing uncommon. Finding all quiet they retired to rest.

On Friday morning the theft was discovered, and a diligent search was made until Saturday afternoon, when the money was found. The front part of the cellar under the building, is partitioned off, and occupied by Mr. Brooks. This part is plastered, and between the plastering and the floor of the bar-room is a cavity, about 6 inches wide. A scuttle and stair-way leads from the bar-room, inside the counter, and about half way down the cavity above mentioned, stands very handily, and on the edge of this the bundle of money was found unopened.

It is supposed that some one entered the bar-room, secured the money, passed down to the cellar and deposited it on the ledge, calculating to enter through the outer cellar, which was never fastened, at some other opportunity and carry off the plunder. Whether he attempted to hide it in the garret, or only made a disturbance there to have those who slept in the bar-room called away is a matter of doubt.

ONE DAY LATER.

New York, Nov. 20.—By the ship Concordia, Captain Britain, which arrived last evening from Belfast, we have papers of that place to Oct. 19. The accounts from London and Liverpool which they contain are one day later than those received by the New York.

BELFAST, Oct. 19.—The Paris papers of Wednesday evening contain an article headed "continuation of hostilities in Turkey;" the meaning of which is, that several of the Turkish provinces have risen against the Sultan, in consequence of the severity of the conditions which Russia had imposed on him, the acceptance of which can be to no one a matter of astonishment, considering the desperate situation in which he was placed. The proximity of the Russian army will prove a sufficient security to the person of the Sultan—but it seems a matter of much doubt whether he will be able to employ the rein of his unlimited power with sufficient effect, so as to subdue an infuriated and scattered population of badly connected provinces; each of which has an interest, such as it is, different from its neighbor; and not all bound under one effectively governing whole.

PARIS, Oct. 14.—*Modification of the Treaty of Adrianople.*—The French Government has received advices from St. Petersburgh, which announce that his Imperial Majesty has consented to admit of modifications to the treaty of the 14th of September, which will render it less onerous for the Turks, and less obnoxious to the other powers of Europe. The precise nature of the proposed modifications has not transpired; but it is stated on very good authority, that they will principally apply to the amount of the indemnity, as on the amount of this indemnity depends the length of the occupation of the principalities.

It is stated the article interdicting the passage of the Bosphorus to the vessels of nations at war with either of the two contracting powers, is not to be found in the treaty of the 14th of September; yet the Moniteur, of the 6th of October, announced that such a clause was in the treaty. It is to be remarked, that when the Moniteur gives news as being received by the government, without quoting the authority of any other paper, such news, whether it appear in the official or non-official part, is always official.

The announcement of the existence of the abovementioned clause in the Treaty of Adrianople, was then official, yet it does not appear to have been correct. I believe the truth to be that the article in which this assertion was made, was drawn up in the Foreign Office here, on the authority, not of the Treaty as *signed*, but on that of a draft of the Treaty as first proposed by the Russians, but which Diebitsch himself modified afterwards, probably in consequence of representations made to him. At any rate, the clause does not exist in the Treaty as it stands now, and, in consequence, one great source of contention has been done away with.

The Irish papers contain further accounts of the disturbances in that country. An attack had been made, by an armed party, on the dwelling of the Rev. Mr. M. J. Shaw, in Kilmactrany, county Sligo: some of the party forced their way into the Rev. gentleman's bed-room, and placing a pike to his breast, compelled him to take the following oath, on pain of instant death to himself and all his family:—"To discharge every Protestant servant in his house—to take others that would be named in their stead—to discontinue his schools—not to send for the police, or disclose any of the orders he gave, and if he did not comply, to quit his Parish and Glebe the next day." The fellow then made Mr. S. open his hall-door, and departed. Sooner than sacrifice the lives of his family, the Rev. Mr. Shaw left his Parish the next day.

BELFAST MARKET, Monday, Oct. 19.—There was a good supply of Wheat, which went off rather heavily, from 10s 4d. to 10s 9d. for Red.

LONDON CORN EXCHANGE, Oct. 16.—Our market is very heavy, and Wheat is offered at from 2s to 3s per quarter lower than on Monday, with little demand.

LONDON MARKET, Oct. 16.—The complexion of the markets for Colonial produce has improved this week, and confidence which was so severely shaken by the late failures, is in a great degree restored. The purchases of Plantation Sugar, though not extensive, have been generally at rather better prices. Coffee.—The public sales of Plantation Coffees have gone off heavily at rather lower prices. Indigo Sale.—The East India Company's sale of Indigo is going on languidly. The declaration consists of about 600 chests of Madras, 700 chests of common Oude, and some of very fine quality, and the rest of Bengal. The reduction in ord. shipping qualities, may be stated at 4d to 6d lb. lower than last sale, fine qualities 8d to 9d lb. lower. Inferior qualities have gone much lower, but a good deal has been refused. Hops.—Trade is very flat. Duty called at 36,000*l*. In the Tallow market there is no alteration: the price remains heavy at 37s 3d per cwt. There are no later accounts from St. Petersburgh to day.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE, Oct. 16.—Consols for Money are to-day 90, and for the November Account 90 1-8. The speculators for the advance have been successful against their opponents, and were much assisted by the scarcity of stock and the profusion of money from the individuals. In other English Securities there is no alteration. In the Foreign Market extensive transactions are reported: French Five per Cts. at 107 50; Three per Cents, 81 75, with Exchange 25 60; Russian Stocks 102; Portuguese 47 3-4; Brazil 73 1-2; Greek 20 1-2 22; Peruvian and all South American, are also higher.

LIVERPOOL CORN EXCHANGE, Oct. 17.—In consequence of large arrivals from Ireland, Irish new Wheats experienced a decline in price of from 3d to 4d per 70 lbs. and but little doing.

An English paper calculates that the amount of wine consumed in the United States per annum is 1-7th of a gallon to each inhabitant. In Great Britain, 1 3d of a gallon. In the U. S. about half are French wines—in Great Britain 1-17th.

Tea in the United States, about 1 lb. for each inhabitant; in Great Britain, 1 lb. 2 oz. In the former country the article is about one half cheaper than in the latter.

Coffee in the United States is nearly 2 lb. for each inhabitant; in Great Britain, 2-3ds of a pound.

Foreign spirits in the United States, about 1-4th of a gallon of rum for each free inhabitant, and a rather larger quantity of gin and brandy. In Great Britain 1-6th of a gallon of rum, and only 1-19th of a gallon of gin and brandy.

MAD DOGS.—Much alarm prevails in Canandaigua, N. Y. and other towns in Ontario and Wayne Counties, on the subject of mad dogs.

A Palmyra paper says, that a young woman of Ontario, (Wayne county,) and another in Phelps, have recently died, in consequence of having been bitten by a mad dog. The same paper further states, that four persons have been bitten in Newark, and three in Phelps; as well as a number of cattle, swine and dogs. The inhabitants of Marion, (Wayne county,) have held a meeting, and resolved to kill off their own dogs, and all others they may see wandering away from their owners.

The inhabitants of No. 9, held a meeting at Pritchard's Tavern, on Saturday last, and passed the following resolutions:—

Resolved, That all persons owning dogs, are required to keep them confined, or run the risk of their being killed.

Resolved, That all dogs running at large, or beyond hailing distance of their masters, shall be shot without any discrimination whatever for 15 days.

Montreal, Nov. 14.—Splendid preparations are now making at the Theatre Royal of this city, for a grand Masquerade on Thursday evening the 19th inst. under the direction of Signor Antonio, from Vienna. The pit will be entirely covered over in line with the stage, and richly decorated. The scenery, &c. will be painted and decorated by Messrs. Hunter and Angelo.

On Wednesday afternoon, between one and two o'clock, as some of the workmen employed in taking down the scaffolding from the front of the New French Church, were cutting away a rope which fastened part of the erection, a portion on which three men were standing gave way. One of them was caught on a lower scaffold, and escaped with little injury, but the other two fell to the ground. One of them was killed on the spot, and the other was so severely injured, that no hopes are entertained of his recovery.

The Planets Jupiter and Venus have for some time past, from their proximity to one another, been interesting objects of observation in the western part of the heavens. Their nearest approach to each other was on the evening of the 28th ult. Venus being only 2 1-2 degrees south of Jupiter, since which they have been receding, and will continue to do so: Jupiter approaching the sun until he becomes invisible in the splendor of solar rays, and Venus receding from the sun until 26th December next, and increasing in brightness, until the middle of January.—*Cour.*

SLOMAN'S SONGS, &C. &C.

NEAL & MACKENZIE have for sale, at their Circulating Library and Dramatic Repository, No. 201 Chesnut street, between the Theatre and Arcade, ELTON'S COMIC SONG BOOK, comprised in four numbers, and containing many songs as sung by Mr. SLOMAN. Among others are the following,—Large bushy Whiskers and the Poke Bonnets are now all the order; Betsey Baker; Rose; Analization; Sweet Kitty Clover; Smoker's Club; London Newspapers; Mr. Jones and his Kittens; Professional Parties; My Eye and Betty Martin, &c. &c. &c.

Also, DIXON'S DROLLERIES—Terpsichorina, a collection of Duetts, Songs, &c., as sung by Messrs. Horn, Pearman, Hunt, Keene, Mesdames Rock, Kelly, Fisher, Knight, &c. &c. Being a companion to the Opera, four numbers of which have been published, at 12½ cents per No.

Also, as above, the new pieces of Merchant's Wedding, Married Bachelor, All in the Wrong, Evadne, &c. &c. nov. 21—3t

THE FINE ARTS.

W. HAYWARD respectfully announces to the collectors of FINE ENGRAVINGS, the postponement of the close of the sale of his stock to THURSDAY EVENING, the 26th inst. up to which period persons of taste have still an opportunity of enriching their portfolios or apartments with such choice specimens as are rarely submitted to their notice. This collection, consisting of nearly 2000 of the best works of the most distinguished engravers of the English, French and Italian Schools, will be offered at the lowest possible prices, at PRIVATE SALE ONLY, and not a single print of this stock, W. H. pledges himself, will be sold at auction.

To the above has recently been added some very choice and rare works.

Also, a few Oil Paintings and Enamels.

Engravings and other works of Art received in exchange. 185 Chesnut street. nov. 21—3t

Life of Arthur Lee, L. L. D.

JUST published and for sale by E. L. CAREY & A. HART, corner of Fourth and Chesnut streets, The Life of Arthur Lee, L. L. D. joint Commissioner of the United States to the Court of France, and sole Commissioner to the Courts of Spain and Prussia during the Revolutionary War, with his Political and Literary Correspondence, and his papers on Diplomatic and Political Subjects, and the affairs of the United States during the same period. By Richard Henry Lee, A. M. in 2 volumes, 8vo. nov. 21—tf

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. B. AUGUST has the pleasure to inform the lovers of Dancing, that he continues to give lessons at his old establishment, corner of Seventh and Chesnut streets, to persons of differ at sexes and ages, who desire to learn to dance in a short time, in order to attend Balls and Parties this season. Mr. B. A. assures persons who will begin soon, that he will enable them to dance with propriety, on or before Christmas or New Year eves.

Days of tuition, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays; from 10 o'clock in the morning till 12, for the ladies; from 4 to 6 for children of both sexes; from 7 to 9 for gentlemen; and from 9 till 10 for private classes of 4 or 8 acquaintances, in order that they form cotillions and learn the steps and figures by themselves.

Prices per quarter $10, for a course of 18 lessons $5, and scholars will have the advantage, (if they choose,) to attend the practising Balls, as lessons, in order to learn the figures.

Practising Balls every Monday until May, at which strangers will be admitted at $1, or $10 for the season; former pupils will pay half price.

Private lessons every day, and at any hour, either in dwellings or at the school, where several rooms are prepared for persons averse to attending public schools, or others who desire to learn new steps or new figures.

N. B. Mr. B. A. will teach to waltz and the graces for $5; hornpipes and characteristic dances $1 each lesson.

The ball room will be let twice a week for balls, parties, exhibitions, &c. on reasonable terms. For further information apply at the above place. D.

nov. 21—1t

ELEGANT ALBUMS.

JUST received, a small invoice of elegant ALBUMS, with engraved title-page, tinted leaves, and numerous plates, and for sale by

R. GURLEY.

253 Market street, opposite Decatur street.

nov. 21—3t

QUILLS,

FOR SCHOOLMASTERS.

SCHOOLMASTERS and others can be supplied with QUILLS at 37½ cents per thousand at No. 148 Spruce Street, above Fourth. nov. 21—3t

SILVER BEAR.

THE skin of the Silver Bear, which is a rarity, may be seen at the Fur and Cap Store of SYLVESTERS, BROTHERS & CO., Nearly opposite the Mechanics' Bank.

nov. 21—tf

American Caricatures, &c.

THE subscriber offers for sale the following American Caricatures, viz:—Life in Philadelphia, No. 1 to 13, Sketches at Fashion, Nos. 1 and 2, Life in New York, No. 1 to 4, Sketches in Dancing, 8 illustrations, Shakers at Lebanon; The Long Story; Johnson's Scrap Book.

Also, 400 English Caricatures, Political, &c.

Views in London, Paris, Edinburgh, Scotland, &c.

Also, upwards of 300 English Views, at 18 cents per dozen. S. HART,

65 South Third street, opposite Girard's Bank.

nov. 21—3t

☞ UNION LINE TO BALTIMORE.—Steam Boat Newcastle, Captain Jenkins, leaves Chesnut street wharf every morning, at seven o'clock. The public are respectfully informed, that passengers by this line arrive in either city before dark. nov. 19—1y

☞ CITIZENS' CANAL LINE TO BALTIMORE.—Steam boat William Penn, Capt. Jeffries, departs from Arch street wharf every morning, at seven o'clock. The public are respectfully informed that the barges pass through the Canal, between this and Baltimore, daily. nov. 18—tf

CITY PHALANX, EXCURSION.—A Meeting of the Company will be held at Military Hall, this evening, 21st November, at 8 o'clock precisely, to make arrangements for the intended Excursion to Washington City. JOSEPH AKEN, Secr'ty.

The members of the Perseverance Hose Company tender their thanks to Mr. Knight, No. 6 Church Alley, for the Refreshments provided for them during the fire on the night of the 19th inst.

The following is published to oblige a youthful correspondent:—I am the name of necessary things, and a word of 14 letters; my first, second, third, fourth and tenth, make the name of a country in Asia; my fourth and fifth, a verb; my sixth, seventh and eighth, a writing utensil; my second, seventh and third, a nickname for a boy; my eleventh, seventh and third, what every tired boy loves at night; my ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth and thirteenth, a water animal; my fourteenth, seventh, tenth and twelfth, a useful animal, a native of Patagonia.

MARRIED.

On Thursday, the 19th inst. by the Rev. Charles R. Demme, JACOB ALBRIGHT, a native of Germany, to Miss ANN A. DUNLAP, of Trenton, N. J.

On Thursday evening, by the Rev. Charles Dupuy, Capt. CHARLES HERTUN, of East Machias, to Miss MARY ANN HANNAH SMITH, of this city.

Near Trenton, on Thursday, 19th inst. by the Rev. Eli F. Cooley, Mr. THOMAS J. STRYKER, Merchant of that city, to Miss HANNAH, youngest daughter of Mr. John Scudder.

In Amwell, N. J. on Wednesday, 18th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Kirkpatrick, Mr. LINCOLN R. TITUS, Merchant of Trenton, N. J. to Miss IDA, daughter of Captain Garret Schenck, of the former place.

DIED.

Yesterday morning, Mr. JOHN WHITE, aged 45 years. The friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, to morrow [Sunday] afternoon, at 1 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 128 Cedar [South] street.

On Wednesday evening, after a short illness, Mr. WILLIAM DRAGHEN, in the 40th year of his age.

On the 20th inst. in the 27th year of her age, Mrs. ELIZA PAUL, after a lingering illness. Her friends and acquaintances, and those of her mother, Mrs. Rebecca Webb, are particularly invited to attend her funeral, without further notice, from her mother's residence, South Second street, third door below Christian street, east side, on Sunday next, at 1 o'clock.

On the 19th inst. THOMAS NELSON, a native of Yorkshire, Great Britain, in his 55th year, long a resident in this city, and its neighbourhood; few men have passed through life more blameless or more esteemed by all that knew him. His friends and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, without further notice, on first day, the 23d inst. at 1 o'clock, from his late residence, Perry street, No. 28, between Spruce and Pine street, and between Twelfth and Thirteenth street.

ALMANACK.

1829 NOVEMBER.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	HIGH WATER.	MOON'S PHASES.
21 SATURDAY,	7 11	4 49	10 41	
22 SUNDAY,	7 12	4 48	11 26	
23 MONDAY,	7 13	4 47	0 12	
24 TUESDAY,	7 14	4 46	0 58	
25 WEDNESDAY,	7 14	4 46	1 30	
26 THURSDAY,	7 15	4 45	2 10	
27 FRIDAY,	7 16	4 44	2 47	

THE MUSEUM

Of Foreign Literature and Science,

NO. 89, FOR NOVEMBER, 1829.

CONTENTS.—History of the Knights Templars, from the Foreign Quarterly Review; American Manufactures, from the Oriental Herald; The Mauvais Pas, from Blackwood's Magazine; The Welcome to Death, from Sharpe's London Magazine; If Hope be Dead, from Blackwood's Magazine; Revolution of Naples in 1647 and 1648, from the Foreign Quarterly Review; The Nightingale's Death Song, from the New Monthly Magazine, I'd be a Parody, from Sharpe's London Magazine; Colonial Discontent, from Blackwood's Magazine; Canadian Boat Song, from the same; Departing Music, from Sharpe's London Magazine; Von Hammer's History of the Ottoman Empire, from the Foreign Quarterly Review; Ode to the Harp of Zion, from Blackwood's Magazine; The State and Prospects of Great Britain, from the same; The Ruined Nunnery, from the same; A Scene off Bermuda, from the same; The British Settlements in Western Africa, from the same; Napier's Peninsular War, from the Monthly Review.

Miscellany.—Muller's Danish Biography and Literary History; M. Cæsar Moreau; Paris Booksellers; New Dictionary; History of the Internal Navigation of France; Messrs. Quoy and Gaymard's Collections in Mineralogy, Zoology and Botany; Prizes offered by the Geographical Society of Paris; Annual Medal of the same Society; French Exploratory Scientific Commission to the Morea; Travels of M. Rupple; Sketches of the Island of Java and its Inhabitants; History of the Prussian Monarchy; Quattro Anni in Morea; Portraits; of the most illustrious Living Characters of Italy; General History of the Arts of Design.

New Publications.—Manon; Three Series of Popular Histories, History of the Revolution of Spain and Portugal; Tales of an Indian Camp; Treatise on the Nature and Properties of Light; Practical Treatise on Colonial Law, Private Correspondence of David Garrick, Esq.; Narrative of the War in Germany and France in 1813 and 1814, Private Memoirs of the Court of Louis XVIII; Travels in Mexico in 1826, 7, and 8; The Borderers; An Introduction to Medical Botany; Captain Basil Hall's Travels in America.

The Museum is published Monthly, at $6 per annum, by E. LITTELL & BROTHER, Corner of Chesnut and Seventh streets.

nov. 21—tf

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Vendition Exponas, to me directed, will be sold, at Public Vendue, on Monday, November 30, 1829, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the Merchant's Coffee House,

ALL the right, title and interest of Abraham Kline of and in all that certain two story brick messuage or tenement, frame building and lot of ground, situate on the east side of Third street between Coats and Brown streets, in the Northern Liberties, containing in front or breadth on said Third street, seventeen feet six inches (including a two feet six inches wide alley on the north side, to be left open) 34 feet from the east side of Third street; and in depth thence eastward, 34 feet, then narrowing by an offset, 2 inches, then continuing eastward the said reduced width of 16 feet 9 inches, 80 feet, to an alley left open from Coats to Brown street, called Brooks' alley, on which alley it is 16 feet 9 inches, bounded on the north partly by the remaining ground of John L. Shaffer, and partly by an alley two feet nine inches wide, left open by the said John L. Shaffer, thirty one feet deep from the west side of said Brooks' street, on the south by ground of the said John L. Shaffer and ——— Hunter on the east by said Brooks' street, and on the west by Third street aforesaid, together with the use and privilege of the said two feet nine inches wide alley, leading into Brooks' street, and of a water course, over and along the same, and of the common use and privilege of the said Brooks' street at all times, hereafter forever, and together with all and singular the buildings, improvements, ways, streets, alleys, waters, water courses, rights, liberties, privileges, hereditaments, and appurtenances whatsoever thereunto belonging, or in any wise appertaining, subject to a yearly rent charge of $41 67, payable to John L. Shaffer, his heirs and assigns, in half yearly payments, on the 1st of May and 1st of November, the said John L. Shaffer reserving to himself, and his heirs and assigns, the right use and privilege of the said 2 feet 9 inches wide alley, out in and to said Third street, the said depth of thirty feet feet from the east side of Third street, and of a water course, over and along the same at all times hereafter forever.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Abraham Kline, and to be sold by GEORGE REES, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Philadelphia, Nov. 19, 1829.—21-3t

LOST.

AT some of the recent fires, a double Mail screw, branded U. S. S., and belonging to the United States Fire Company. Any information respecting the same, will be thankfully received at Jesse Ogden's, corner Fourth and Race, or 84 Market street.

nov. 21—tf

Philadelphia Medical Society.

Medical Hall, Nov. 19.

AT the next meeting of the Society, to be held this evening, 21st inst. at half past six o'clock, Dr. BENJAMIN H. COATES will read a paper on the Physical means of investigating certain diseases of the Lungs.

ROBERT M. DUNBAR, Rec'd. Sec'ty.

nov. 21—1t

Manufacturers' Market,

Nos. 13 and 15 NORTH WATER STREET.

EVERY *WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY AFTERNOON*, will be arranged for *PRIVATE SALE*,

A large and general assortment of *AMERICAN MANUFACTURED GOODS*, comprising all the varieties made in the city and neighbourhood, with an assortment of *AMERICAN PRINTED CALLICOES*.

Also, a quantity of *BRITISH* and *CANTON GOODS*.

Sales at Auction.

BY GILLINGHAM, MITCHELL & CO.
NORTH SECOND STREET, NEAR MARKET.

PACKAGE SALE.

On Tuesday morning, at 10 o'clock,

150 packages seasonable British Dry Goods, received by the late arrivals, particulars of which will be found in catalogues, which will be ready for delivery and goods open for examination early on the morning of sale.

Also, 3 bales super ingrain carpeting, 1 do. Venitian do., 1 do. Wilton and Brussels rugs.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

On Tuesday morning,

30 packages shirtings, sheetings, checks, ticks, linseys, cottonets, diapers, shawls, &c.

By order of the Underwriters

Union Transportation Line,

VIA CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL.

Steamp Union, ... Collins.
—— Star, ... Fybert.
—— Superior, ... Seale.
—— Union, ... Lewis.
—— Lafayette, ... Peterson.
—— Friendship, ... Levis.

THE Proprietors of the UNION LINE, in addition to forwarding goods by steamboats, via New Castle and Frenchtown, are prepared to forward goods by the Delaware and Chesapeake Canal daily, except Sunday. One of the above sloops will sail every day. Goods sent to the office, 0 Chesnut street wharf, will have immediate despatch, and at the lowest freights. WM. J. WATSON, Agent.

nov. 2—tf

FOR ST. THOMAS.

THE fast sailing, coppered and copper fastened brig OCEAN, J. Duling, master, will be despatched immediately, for the above port, and is intended as a regular trader. For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to Capt. Duling, or to

JOHN R. LINN,
91 South Front street.

nov. 17—tf

FOR SALE,
2,000 BUSHELS OF POTATOES,

ON board schr. Governor Brooks, from the Eastern part of Maine, and now laying at the lower side of Chesnut street wharf. Apply to the captain on board, or at the store of

BEAM FOX,
57 South Wharves.

nov. 20—tf

LAFAYETTE IN AMERICA.

JUST received and for sale by E. L. CAREY & A. HART, Fourth and Chesnut streets, Lafayette in America, in 1824 and 1825, or Journal of a Voyage to the United States. By A. Levasseur, Secretary to Gen. Lafayette during his Journey.

Also, Collingwood's Correspondence, Adventures of a King's Page; Memoirs of Emmet; Encyclopedia Americana, vol. 1. nov. 20—tf

NOTICE.

THE AUDITORS appointed by the Orphans' Court for the city and county of Philadelphia, to apportion and distribute the assets remaining in the hands of Robert Patterson, administrator of the estate of John Dougall, deceased, to and among those entitled to receive the same agreeably to law, will meet at the House of Mrs. Bradshaw, in Chesnut, near Sixth street, on the thirtieth day of November inst., at 10 o'clock, P. M. when and where all persons having claims or demands against the said estate, are requested to attend and prove the same.

ARCHD. RANDALL,
WILLIAM KING,
M. G. FERGUSON.

nov. 20—2tt

JOHN MONELL TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he still continues the above business at his old established stand, No. 20 South Third street, where he will be happy to furnish all articles in his line on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Six or eight Pantaloon and Vest makers wanted to above. june 6—tf

Notice to Country Merchants
AND STOREKEEPERS.

NOTWITHSTANDING the great and increasing demand for Caps of every description, we, the manufacturers, do continue to sell at our usual reduced rates.

Those who intend to purchase, are requested to call and judge for themselves.

SYLVESTERS, BROTHERS & CO.
12 South Third street, nearly opposite the Mechanics' Bank.

Bear Skins, Fur Collars, &c. nov 20—tf

LAFAYETTE IN AMERICA.

JUST received and for sale by TOWAR & HOGAN, No. 255 Market street, Lafayette in America, in 1824 and 1825, or, Journal of a Voyage to the United States. By A. Levasseur, Secretary to Gen Lafayette during his Journey. Translated by John D. Godman, M. D. nov 20—tf

10,000 Dollars Paid Yesterday.

SYLVESTER had the pleasure of cashing the prize of Ten Thousand Dollars, sold in a whole ticket by him on the 10th inst. Next Thursday, Sylvester hopes to sell the 20,000. It will be remembered he has an Office at 130 Broadway, New York—as also at 30½ south Third street. The Union Canal Lottery, Class H, contains a prize of 30,000; besides two of 10,000.

S. SYLVESTER,
30½ South Third street.

Be particular in the name. nov 20—d3t

LAFAYETTE IN AMERICA.

JUST received and for sale by J. GRIGG, No. 9 North Fourth street, LAFAYETTE IN AMERICA, in 1824 and 1825, or, Journal of a Voyage to the United States. By A. Levasseur, Secretary to General Lafayette during his Journey. Translated by John D. Godman, M. D. nov 20—6t

Extraordinary—Seven Prizes in two days.

14 20 39, a prize of	$400	
14 20 44,	400	W. City.
18 20 29	200	
18 23 56	100	
25 34 60,	500	
11 23 54	200	Delaware.
41 20 51,	100	

All sold on Tuesday and Wednesday, and paid this day, at the Farmers' and Mechanics' Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 73 South Third street, first house below Dock street. A. M. NUTE.

nov. 20—tf

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be sold at Public Vendue on Wednesday, November 4th, 1829, at 5 o'clock in the evening, at the Merchants' Coffee House

A certain messuage or tenement, with and lot of ground, situate in the Second Ward of the City of Philadelphia, containing in front on Chesnut street, sixteen feet six inches, and in depth one hundred feet, bounded on the said Chesnut street northwardly, by property now or late of Thomas Ridgway, deceased, southwardly by property now or late of John Brown, eastwardly by property now or late of Thomas Ridgway, deceased, and westwardly by property now or late of John Brown, being the same premises which Joseph Ogden and wife, by their deed of mortgage, bearing date the 1st day of November, 1824, and recorded in Mortgage Book No. 12, page 19, &c. conveyed to the said James Porter and Lancaster Thorp.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Sarah Thorp, and to be sold by

GEORGE REES, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Philadelphia, November 7, 1829.

N. B. This is a very valuable office column, about five miles from Philadelphia, on a road leading by the house of Bailey's hotel, forming both Germantown to the Old York Road. It is about three quarters of a mile from the village of Germantown, and a quarter of a mile from the main road. There are on the premises a good house in stone, 30 by 40 feet, with a detaching house adjoining. The mill house is used for a cotton printing factory, and is lighted up with skylights. A large stone bleach house, 30 feet by 20, with a brick shop above, that will hold 6 tables. A good large dye house, with water running to any part of it. A good stable building adjoining the dye house, containing four good rooms, with stable above, used as a drying and making up room, &c. There is a large good stone barn, with out houses, and every convenience for carrying on the farm. The land is in good order, and under good fence. There are three good springs on the premises, and seven cottages, which together rent for $210 per annum.

nov. 19—3t

TRAVELLERS

Leaving this city with their families or parties, can be accommodated with extra Post Coaches, first rate teams, and careful, sober and attentive drivers, to any part of the United States. Please apply to the subscriber, at the U. S. Mail Coach office, No. 28 South Third street.

JAMES REESIDE.

sept. 5—tf

DAILY TO BALTIMORE.
THROUGH BEFORE DARK.

Averaging two hours the most expeditious route between the two cities.

The UNION LINE Steam Boat NEWCASTLE, Capt M. C. Lennox, leaves Gircs our street Wharf daily, on Sundays, at 7 o'clock and Passengers arrive at Baltimore, conveniently before dark, the same afternoon, for the splendid new Steam Boat INDEPENDENCE, Capt. Robinson.

Baggage at the risk of the owner. sept 29—tf

THE PENNSYLVANIA
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
FOR INSURANCE AGAINST
LOSS BY FIRE.

Capital inviolably for Losses $400,000
CHARTER PERPETUAL.

THE PUBLIC are respectfully informed that this Company continue to make INSURANCE, either Permanent or Limited, on Property of every description, against Loss or Damage by FIRE, on terms as liberal as any similar Institution. By a Charter it is confined to the single object of INSURING PROPERTY ON LAND, OR LYING IN PORT, from loss by Fire, and affords the best security against the distress and ruin to families occasioned by the ravages of that destructive element.

Applications made personally, or by letter, at the office, No 152 WALNUT STREET, between Fifth and Sixth streets, Philadelphia, will be promptly attended to. JONATHAN SMITH, *Secretary.*

april 7—tf

CORNELIUS DEWEES,

ORNAMENTAL CARVER and GILDER, No. 30 Prune street, opposite the Navy Yard, Southwark, manufactures Gilt, Mantle, Pier, Portrait, Picture and Needle Work Frames, in the first style of elegance and fashion, at the shortest notice, and lowest prices.

Country orders attended to, and packed in the best manner. N. B. Two smart lads wanted as apprentices.

oct. 26—1m*

THOMAS T. HOGG & CO.
SIGN PAINTERS,
AND IMITATORS OF WOOD, &C.
NOS. 32 & 33 ARCADE.

july 22—tf

THE AMERICAN
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

DAILY make INSURANCE on property of every description, from LOSS or DAMAGE BY FIRE, on terms as reasonable and LIBERAL as any similar Institution in the United States.

Applications at the Office, No 101 CHESNUT STREET, either personally or by letter, promptly decided on. JOB BACON, Secretary.

may 7—tf

THOMAS DESILVER, JR.

BOOKSELLER and STATIONER, No. 247 Market street—patent ruling, blank and fancy binding, neatly executed. june 18—tf

J. W. WILLIAMS,
No. 23 CHESNUT STREET,
SIGN & ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.

march 14—tf

CHARLES & J. H. BULKLEY,
HAT MANUFACTURERS.

☞ OLD STAND, 61 South Third street, opposite Girard's Bank.

☞ NEW STORE, 149 Chesnut street, one door East of the United States Hotel, and opposite the United States Bank. aug. 12—tf

COTTON AND WOOL CARDS.

150 BOXES cotton and wool Cards, for sale low, by G. M. & G. R. JUSTICE,
aug 12—tf No. 149 Market street.

REMOVAL.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public that they have removed from No. 136 Chesnut street, to the S. W. corner of Chesnut and Seventh streets, where they will keep constantly for sale a general assortment of books, to the various departments of Literature and Science.

nov. 16—tf E. LITTELL & BROTHER.

FOR SALE,

BY THOMAS DESILVER, Jr., Bookseller and Stationer, No. 247 Market Street, a few Season Tickets Chesnut Street Theatre. oct 24—tf

LAFAYETTE OFFICE.

DRAWN numbers in the Union Canal Lottery, 13th class—

19	28	44	37	1	15	25	27	57.		
*27	37	57	.....	whole ticket,						$1000
*1	25	57		do						1000
*15	25	57		do						600
*25	27	44		one eighth						600
*27	44	57		one quarter						500
*1	44	57		do						500
*1	28	44		do						200

* All sold by CLINTON & CO.
La Fayette Office, No. 53 South Third street.

nov 16—tf

PORK, COFFEE, &C.

500 BARRELS Mess and Prime PORK, Philadelphia inspection.
200 bags JAVA COFFEE.
100 ⅛ INDIA SKINS.
40 lbs MUSKRAT FUR. For sale by

nov 14—tf MACALESTER & YORKE.

H. S. TANNER,

HAS removed his Map Store from the corner of Seventh and Chesnut streets, to No. 144 Chesnut street, opposite the Theatre. nov 12—tf

Philadelphia Suspender Manufactory,
No. 6 SOUTH FOURTH STREET.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have removed from No. 26 to No. 6 SOUTH FOURTH STREET, 3 doors below Market street, where they manufacture and have constantly on hand, a great variety of silk, worsted and cotton Suspenders, including a general assortment of A. L. VANHORNS' improved and Patented spring roller Suspenders, with Springs attached to the Rollers in front, making them, in point of ease and durability, far superior to the Roller Suspenders formerly used.

Also, a general assortment of silk, hair and patent leather stocks, Russian belts, Vest springs, Cravat stiffects, &c. all of which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms, Wholesale and Retail.

VANHORN & PIMM.

N. B. On hand, and for sale at very reduced prices, an assortment of superior pocket books.

oct. 13—tf

New and Cheap Grocery Establishment,
NO. 15 NORTH SECOND STREET.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform his friends and the public in general, that he has re-commenced the GROCERY business WHOLESALE and RETAIL, at the new store, No. 15 North Second street, corner of Cherry Alley, where he has on hand and offers for sale, a general assortment of articles in the above line, consisting of young hyson, imperial and gunpowder teas, of the very first quality, java, mocha and rio coffee, green and white Laguira, with a general assortment of other coffees, brown sugars, Louisiana, Havana and New-Orleans clarified sugars, loaf sugar, molasses, Havana segars, Spanish olives in jars, Mustard and blown pickles, in cases, half boxes and jars, refined shelled almonds, cognac brandy, 1st and 4th proof, Antigua do., Champagne do., Holland gin of a very superior quality, Jamaica spirits, 1st and 4th proof, New England do., apple and rye whiskey, pure Monongahela do., Madeira, Sherry, Port, Teneriffe and Lisbon wines, Champagne do., in bottles, sweet Malaga do., all kinds of cordials—with a variety of other articles too tedious to enumerate, all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms, by

JOSEPH RICHARDS.

JUST PUBLISHED

AND FOR SALE, by THOMAS DESILVER Jr., No. 247 Market street, Rules at Law of the Circuit Court of the United States. june 18—tf

FARE REDUCED TO $1.
U. S. MAIL COACH for NEW-YORK,

THROUGH in twelve hours—The United States Mail Coach, with a Guard, leaves the Office, No. 22 South Third street, daily, at half past 6 o'clock, P. M. via Frankford, Bristol, Trenton, Princeton, Kingston, New Brunswick, Bridge Town, Elizabeth Town, Newark, and Jersey City.

The Public are respectfully informed, that from the expense the proprietors have gone to, in placing on able Horses, good Coaches, and careful Drivers, that this Line, for safety and speedy conveyance, is not surpassed by any in the Union.

☞ Specie, Bonds, and Packages of every description will be taken under the care of the Guard, and promptly delivered at their places of destination.

For seats, apply at our office, No 22 South Third street opposite Carpenter Hall, late Judd's Hotel. All baggage at the owner's risk.

GEORGE CARTER,
Agent for J. REESIDE & Co. Proprietors.

Private carriages or 4 horse Coaches, furnished to any part of the United States. sept 25—tf

R. Manly & Co. 104 South Street,

OFFER to their country customers, Lottery Tickets in all duly authorised Lotteries, ten per cent. cheaper than any other office in the city. That is to say:—10 Dollar tickets, at 9—5 do. do. 4 50—4 do. do. 3 50—which is a reduction of 12½ per cent.

All our country friends, inclosing cash, will be served the same as if present, and the choicest Numbers picked out for them.

MANLY & CO. deal more extensively with country people than any other office, because he sells cheaper, and good luck. Prizes, viz:—Nos. 33 37 48, quarter, $10,000, to a gentleman in Chester county. Nos. 6 36 34, half, $10,000 to a lady in Delaware county. Nos. 10 28 43, quarter, $6,000, to a person in Montgomery county. Nos. 6 9 35 quarter, $2,000, to a colored man, in Radnor, Delaware county, Pa.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY, of Pennsylvania, Class No. 14, for 1829, draws in this city on Thursday, 17th December, 1829—60 Number Lottery, 9 Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	0 prizes of 500
2	10,000	10 400
2	5,000	10 300
1	4,210	23 200
10	1,000	51 100
10	600	&c. &c.

Tickets $10. We sell them at $9. nov. 18—tf

ATLANTIC SOUVENIR, 1830.

PUBLISHED this day and for sale by GEORGE W. DONOHUE, No. 190 South Second street, the Atlantic Souvenir, for 1830, splendidly bound in embossed leather, with gilt leaves, and 12 highly finished engravings on steel, by the first Artists.

oct. 21—tf

To Country Merchants and Others.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received and offers for sale,
100 boxes Malaga raisons,
8 bales soft shelled almonds,
200 bushels ground nuts, 15 bags filberts,
20 barrels cream nuts, 50 drums figs,
25 boxes rock candy, 10 cases stampt licorice,
10 casks currants, 4 cases citron,
5000 fresh cocoa nuts,
5 cases press'd Canton ginger,
60 mats fresh cinamon,
20,000 first quality Spanish segars,
20 baskets superior salad oil.

Also, olives, capers, anchovies, cordials, wine bitters, oranges, lemons, and a few tars Kataba grapes, sweet chocolate, &c. with a large and general assortment of CONFECTIONARY, warranted to carry any distance.—For sale by MICHAEL TRACY,

At his new Confectionary and Fruit Store, No. 287 Market street, between Seventh and Eighth, opposite Van Buskirk's Hotel. oct. 3—tf

C. F. LEEDS & CO., TAILORS.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they will continue the Tailoring business at the old stand, 20 Arcade, W. Avenue, in the name of C. F. LEEDS & Co. where, by strict attention to business, they hope to share the public patronage; the workmanship they flatter themselves will be inferior to none in the city, as it will be done under their immediate notice.

N. B. An assortment of cloths, cassimeres and vestings will be constantly kept on hand, and orders will be thankfully received and promptly attended to, on the most reasonable terms. aug. 25—3m

SCHUYLKILL COAL.

THE subscribers are now prepared to receive orders for Schuylkill Coal of the first quality, which will be delivered without delay. Apply at the office, No. 6 Minor street.

oct 16—tf J. R. & J. M. BOLTON.

GEORGE COOPER,
COAL GRATE AND FENDER STORE,
No. 14 North Sixth street.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has commenced business in the above line, and intends to keep on hand a variety of articles in the above line, at moderate prices.

N. B. Sheet Iron Coal Stoves.

oct. 12—3m*

SWEET OIL, SHOULDERS, &C.

50 BASKETS Sweet Oil, superior quality.
500 lbs. Shoulders, put up expressly for family use, which will be sold low.
50 bags Coffee, low priced, ground Cloves, do; Cinnamon, do., Allspice, do. Pepper, with a general assortment of Teas, Wines, Liquors and Groceries, which will be sold at low prices, at the N. E. corner of 4th and Branch streets, between Race and Vine streets.

nov. 18—6t M. HAFFELFINGER.

A KING'S PAGE.

JUST received and for sale by JOHN GRIGG, No. 9 North Fourth street, The Adventures of a King's Page, by the author of Almack's Revisited.

nov. 18—6t

THE MORALS OF PLEASURE.

THIS day is published and for sale by E. L. CAREY & A. HART, corner of Fourth and Chesnut streets, The Morals of Pleasure, illustrated by stories designed for young persons. By a Lady—in 1 vol. 12mo. neatly half bound.

Subscriptions received to the Encyclopædia Americana, the first vol. of which is already published, and ready for delivery. nov 18—4t

HACKLES.

THE subscribers have just received one case of Peter & John Partridge's HACKLES, consisting of Hemp, Keg, Middle and Fine Checkers.

G. M. & G. R. JUSTICE,
aug s12—tf No. 149 Market street.

PITTSBURGH GLASS.

FOR SALE, by the Subscribers, in whole and half boxes, a quantity of various sizes, which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, to close a consignment.

aug 7—tf NORTH & WARRIN.

MONEY TO LOAN.

A NUMBER of sums of money to loan on Mortgage on Real Estate, in the city and county of Philadelphia, to wit: $20,000, 15,000, 10,000, $8000, 6,000, 4000, 2,500, 2,000, 1000, &c. Apply to

JOHN RONSALL,
nov. 19—d3t No. 3 Carpenter's Court.

WILSON'S PATENT

SQUARE, and Instructions in the art of cutting garments agreeably to his system, engraving of the report of fashions, accompanied with directions for making up the same, to be had at the Agent's Office No. 80 North Third street. nov. 2—tf

COFFEE, RELISHES, &C, &C.

WILL be served up at the PHILADELPHIA CONFECTIONARY, North East Corner of Seventh and Walnut streets, every day during the cold season, from 6 o'clock in the morning, until 10 o'clock in the evening. —tf

W. BURTON'S
BOTTLED PORTER, ALE AND CIDER STORE,
S. W. Corner of Chesnut and Second streets,

where the above articles, of very best quality, are constantly kept for Exportation or Home Consumption.

Also, his IMPERIAL, which is so highly approved of, being a very pleasant and wholesome beverage.

oct. 17—tf

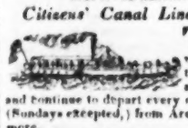
DRAWING

OF the Union Canal Lottery, No. 13, for 1829. Numbers drawn—19 28 44 37 1 15 25 27 57. ☞ Half of the $9,000 remained on hand.

*25 37 57 half		$1000
*1 15 44 quarter		500
*37 44 57 quarter		500
*19 28 57 quarter		400

And several of 200 dollars, 100 dollars, &c. &c. &c. All sold by WM. D. GONTER,
nov. 16—d6t No. 164 South Fourth street

SEVEN O'CLOCK IN THE MORNING.
NEW ARRANGEMENT.
Citizens' Canal Line for Baltimore.



THE elegant steamboat WM. PENN, will resume her trips in the line, on Thursday morning next, at 7 o'clock, and continue to depart every morning, at the same hour, (Sundays excepted,) from Arch street wharf, for Baltimore.

Passengers by this line, pass through the canal, in the splendid barges Chesapeake and Delaware, which are warm and commodious, arriving early the same evening at Baltimore.

Persons desirous of passing through the canal, and return the same way, have an opportunity of doing so by departing on board the Wm. Penn, any morning, at 7 o'clock. N. DAVIDSON, Agent,

nov. 17—tf No. 3 Arch street.

Franklin Institute Lectures.

PROFESSOR BACHE will deliver a lecture on "CLOUDS" THIS EVENING the 16th instant, at 7 o'clock. Professor Johnson will deliver a lecture on the "MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF MATTER," on Wednesday evening, the 18th inst. at 7 o'clock, and Peter A. Brown, Esq will deliver a volunteer lecture on "GEOLOGY," on Saturday evening, the 21st inst. at 7 o'clock. nov. 16—nws

THE SALE OF CAPS

FOR the winter season, has now commenced. Those who are not furnished with this essential article of comfort, are requested to call at

SYLVESTERS, BROTHERS & CO.
No. 12 South Third Street.

Who have also for sale, Fur Soles, Collars, Tippets, &c. nov. 13—tf

DANIEL R. KELLY,

MERCHANT TAILOR, No. 125 Arch, a few doors east of Fourth street, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has received, reports of the Fall and Winter fashions, for 1829 and 30, and is prepared to fill all orders entrusted to him with neatness and despatch. nov. 2—tf

MUSICAL FUND SOCIETY.

THE members of the MUSICAL FUND SOCIETY and the public, are respectfully informed that the twentieth concert, for the benefit of the fund, will take place at this Hall, on Thursday, the 26th of November.

The performing members, and assisting visitors, are respectfully requested to give punctual attendance at the following rehearsals:

On Thursday, the 12th inst. at half past 7 P. M.
On Thursday, 19th do.
and at the general rehearsal, on the Wednesday previous to the concert, at 2 o'clock P. M., to which members can be admitted by exhibiting their tickets at the door. W. H. W. DARLEY, Sec'y. B. D. M.

nov. 11—dtf

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN, about ten days ago, a handsome yellow common sized Setter Dog. Had a chain round his neck with the brass plate, upon which was the owner's name, taken off. The above reward will be paid for the apprehension of the thief, or two dollars for the dog, and no questions asked, upon application to this office. nov. 19—3t

British and French Goods.

ELEGANT Foulard Prints.
Dark do. do.
8-4 Chintz Shawls.
No. 9 Watered Belt Ribbon.
Sup. Blue-Black Satins.
Men's and Women's Hoskin Gloves.
do. sup. Boudard's do.
5, 6 and 7 4 Merino Cloths.
White Paris and Black Italian Crape.
Linen Cambrics and Cambric Hdkfs.
Plain Colored Gros de Naple.
do. do. Gros de Suez.
Sup. rich Victorines, new article for Ladies' Evening Dresses.
Reps Satins, Double Chain, first quality.
Granadine Scarfs.
White Satin Borderred Silk Barage Hdkfs.
White Silk Cashmere Long Shawls.
Do. do. 5-4 do.
Do. do. 3 4 do.
An elegant assortment of French Embroidery.
Also, Drab, Blue, Olive and Dark Mixed American Manufactured Cloths, most of which will be sold low, to close consignments, by JOHNSON & CLARK,

sept. 16—tf No. 14 South Front street.

SUMATRA PEPPER.

20 CASES SUPERIOR GUM COPAL.
100 KEGS REFINED SALT PETRE, (100 lbs. each.)
100 BARRELS ALUM.
20 do. BLUE VITRIOL.
10 do. CAYENNE CLOVES.
60 hhds. ENGLISH PARIS WHITE, very superior.
20 do. CAYENNE COCOA.
100 BAGS COLUMBO ROOT.
LAGUIRA COFFEE.
TORTOISE SHELL. For sale by

HACKER, BROWN & CO.
oct. 27—tf No. 56 South Front Street.

JAMES CLARK

OFFERS for sale, at No. 135 South Front street, a variety of Books, Paper and Stationary. Also, Slates, Slate Pencils, Lead Pencils, Red and Black Ink, Ink Powders, Ink Stands, Wafers and Sealing Wax, Bills of Lading, Shipping Articles, Manifests, Seaman's Journals, &c.

Patent Blank Books ruled to any pattern, and bound in a superior style as above, or at the Bindery, over No. 25 Market street.

Rags taken in exchange for any of the above articles.

sept 30—6m

Book Binders' Plough Knives.

JUST received and for sale at No. 8 South Front street, a very superior lot of Plough Knives, at a very low price.

Also, a superior lot of Binders' Boards for sale very cheap. nov. 13—tf

REMOVAL.

NATHANIEL E. WARWICK, Merchant Tailor, respectfully informs his friends and customers in general, that he has removed from No. 34 North Fifth street, to No. 109 NORTH THIRD STREET, 5 doors below Race; where he intends to keep a handsome assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c., which will be made up to order at the shortest notice, and in the most fashionable manner.

N. B. Clothing made and trimmed for those who wish to furnish their own cloth. april 2—tf

BEDDING WAREHOUSE,
AND VENITIAN BLIND MANUFACTORY,
No. 102 WALNUT, between 4th and 5th streets.
MOSS & WALTON

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public, that they have now on hand, and they intend constantly to keep a good stock of first rate, well dried SOUTHERN FEATHERS, for Beds, and the best CURLED HAIR, for Mattresses.

Also, the first quality ENGLISH and DOMESTIC PICKING.

M. & W. beg to assure those who may favor them with their orders, that they may rely upon having every article in the above line, of the best materials and workmanship, *AT THE LOWEST PRICES.*

VENITIAN BLINDS, with new and ornamental fronts, painted in green and fancy colors, warranted of the best materials, at reduced prices.

N. B. WINDOW CURTAINS and BED FURNITURES made up and fixed according to designs of the latest London and Parisian Fashions.

CARPETS and FLOOR MATTING neatly fitted.

jan. 1—tf

London Annuals for 1830.

ACKERMANN'S Forget-Me-Not.
The Winter's Wreath.
Friendship's Offering.
Ackermann's Juvenile Forget-Me-Not.

For sale by E. LITTELL & BROTHER,
Corner of Chesnut and Seventh streets.

nov. 19—tf

41 53 56,

A PRIZE of $1,000, and 18 41 56, a prize of 1,000, sold at Mallon's office, No. 24 North Fifth street. L. W. MALLON.

nov. 19—3t

NEW NOVEL.

JUST published and for sale by TOWAR & HOGAN, No. 255 Market street, "The ADVENTURES OF A KING'S PAGE," by the author of Almack's Revsited, in 2 vols. nov. 17—tf

LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S
BEAVER HATS.

A HANDSOME assortment of Ladies, Misses and Children's Beaver Hats, of the following colours:—Black, Fawn, Blue, White, light and dark Purple and Brown, of the most fashionable shapes. For sale at BULKLEYS',

149 Chesnut street, opposite the U. S. Bank.

nov. 10—tf

Fare Reduced to $2 50, at 12 o'clock,
BY THE CITIZENS' LINE,
For NEW YORK, via Bordentown and New Brunswick.

THE splendid new Steam Boat Philadelphia, Captain Z. W. KELLUM, leaves Arch Street Wharf every day, (Sundays excepted) at 12 o'clock, for Burlington, Bristol, White Hill and Bordentown. Passengers for New York take coaches at Bordentown to New Brunswick, there lodge, and take the superior Steam Boat New York, Capt. G. Jenkins, next morning, and arrive in New York by 10 o'clock. Fare through, $2 50.

N. B. For seats apply at the Steam Boat Office, No. 8 Arch Street, or of the Captain, on board of the Boat, at Arch Street Wharf.

Passengers for Trenton, take coaches at Bordentown. Returning, the Philadelphia leaves Bordentown at half past 6 o'clock, in the morning. nov. 19—tf

CITY COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
November 14, 1829.

PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the City Commissioners, until the seventh day of December next, for digging out Beach street to the surface of the gravel, from Spruce to Pine street, and for removing the dirt therefrom, and depositing it in Beach street, between Chesnut and Walnut streets. The proposals to state the price per cubic yard, and to be endorsed "Proposals for digging out Beach street, &c." By order. JOHN NORVELL, City Clerk.

nov. 19—d7D

A STOCK OF
READY MADE CLOTHING,

SELLING off at very reduced prices for cash, at 78 SOUTH THIRD STREET.

Coats from ..... $16 to $18.
Surtouts ..... 18 to 20.
Pantaloons ..... 4 50 to 5.
Vests ..... 2 to 2 50.

oct. 26—eo4w

FAIRCHILD'S SURE REMEDY
FOR THE CURE OF

Scrofula or King's Evil, Syphilis, or Venereal and Mercureal diseases, Rheumatism, Ulcers, White Swellings, diseases of the Liver and Skin, general debility, and all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood.

THE Proprietor of this Medicine has felt much reluctance in ushering it to the public, and nothing but the fullest conviction of its utility and importance, aided by the solicitation of his friends, could have induced him to bring it forward at this period, when the many headed Panacea monsters are so much in vogue.

The Proprietor claims no merit to himself for the discovery, it having been the result of accident, the Medicine being a tincture prepared from one single herb.

It is too well known to admit of doubt or uncertainty, that all the popular Panaceas of the present day, owe their active qualities to the mercurial preparations which enter into their composition; and the too frequent baneful effects, resulting from their promiscuous use, are daily developing themselves, and gradually dispelling the illusions which had been erased in their favour. Being well aware of the abusive use of mercury in all its preparations, and of the necessity of its being used only under the prescription and advice of a Medical Practitioner, the Proprietor would feel himself painfully responsible, in recommending to his fellow men, a medicine which contained deleterious substances, that would endanger their health and lives. He solemnly assures the public, and pledges himself that his Remedy contains no mercurial or mineral preparation whatever, but is, as observed before, composed of the tincture formed of one single herb. Much might be said in its praise, and many certificates of its efficacy and value be given to the public, but this is deemed superfluous, as the article will be found to recommend and establish for itself a character, by its own intrinsic merit and virtue. It is therefore confidently recommended to the public for the relief of all those diseases which it claims to cure, and will be found an effectual and innocent as well as a "SURE REMEDY."

The Remedy will be put up in round bottles, fluted longitudinally, and having the words "FAIRCHILD'S SURE REMEDY" blown in the glass. Price five dollars per bottle.—Prepared solely by

OLIVER FAIRCHILD, Cincinnati, Ohio.

And Sold by his only Wholesale Agent,

T. W. DYOTT,

N. E. corner of Second and Race streets, Philadelphia, Who will supply all orders, and appoint Agents for the sale of the same. nov. 7—tf

PAPER WAREHOUSE.

DULL & WHITE have for sale at their Paper Warehouse, No. 4 Decatur street, Imperial, Super Royal, Royal, and Medium printing paper, of various qualities.

Foolscap, No. 1 2 and 3.
Quarto Post, No. 1 2 and 3.
Folio and Bank Post.
Bonnet Boards, Bookbinders' Boards.
Trunk Boards, Box Boards, &c.
Hanging Paper, Hardware, &c.
Wrapping Paper, of various sizes.

Together with a complete variety of Paper, all of which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash, or approved paper. aug. 21—tf

Joseph White's Cabinet Warcroom,
NO. 91 SOUTH SIXTH STREET,
Next to the North East corner of Spruce street.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has constantly on hand a handsome assortment of Sideboards, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Mahogany Card and Dining Tables, Plain and Carved Bedsteads, Wash Stands, &c. which he will sell on reasonable terms.

☞ All orders executed on the shortest notice.

Before purchasing elsewhere, J. W. requests purchasers to call and examine his articles.

oct. 20—1y

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &C.

NORTH & WARRIN, Wholesale and Retail Druggists, and Chemists, No. 17 Franklin Place, near the Post Office, have constantly for sale a large and fresh assortment of DRUGS, FAMILY MEDICINES, PAINTS, and FANCY ARTICLES, of their own manufacture, among which are the following, viz.—

400 boxes Pittsburgh Window Glass, of various sizes, (Johnson's brand.)	Sal Saturni,
	Oil Vitriol,
	Jalap Pulv.
200 gross long Vials Corks,	Rhubarb do.
300 lb Brazil Wood, (true.)	Cassia in matts,
700 lb. Gum Olibanum,	Barks,
1,500 lb. English Copperas,	Magnesia,
Castor Oil,	Refined Camphor,
Calomel,	Ink Powders, superior,
Sulphate Quinine,	Cologne Water, (warranted equal to the imported.)
Ext. Glycyrrhiza,	Indelible Ink, in square boxes.
Alcohol in barrels,	
Balsam Capaiva,	

Orders for the Western Country, and for Shipping, executed upon liberal terms, at reduced prices.

Chemical Tests, and every article connected with the Drug Business, as also all the late Pharmaceuticals, prepared to order at the shortest notice, and warranted of the best quality. sept. 25—dtf

Just Arrived, and not to be equalled in the United States.

THE GREAT ANACONDA,
OR TERROR OF CEYLON.

THE most destructive of all Serpents, now exhibiting at No. 104 CHESNUT STREET, between Front and Second streets, for a few days only. It is, unquestionably, the largest ever exhibited alive. The colours of this stupendous specimen of Nature's works, are vivid and beautiful beyond description, and must be seen to be believed. When full grown it will measure upwards of SIXTY FEET in length. In their wild state they feed on large deer, Buffaloes and Tigers, which they kill by the pressure of their bodies; afterwards they swallow them whole. Some idea may be formed of their amazing voracity, from the circumstance of the one now offered for inspection, swallowing SEVEN LARGE RABBITS AT ONE MEAL. This surprising Snake is now rendered so perfectly docile and tractable, that the most timid Lady may not only approach, but also handle it with perfect security.

The wonder of the Age, that astonishing reptile of many hues, THE CAMELEON, from Africa, possest of the extraordinary power of changing its colours, which surpass all imagination; it may be said to vie with the rainbow, and its variety of changes exceed that of the dying DOLPHIN. The wonderful manner in which he takes his prey, excites the admiration of every beholder. In fine weather he is usually fed at 8 o'clock in the evening.

Also, THE GOLDEN PHEASANT from China, which, for elegance of form and splendour of plumage, surpasses the Bird of Paradise. The above is accompanied with the Silver PHEASANT of China, and an ALLIGATOR, the whole of which are alive.

A number of European Singing Birds and Fancy Pidgeons always for sale.

Hours of Exhibition from 10 till 1, and from 3 till 9 o'clock.

Admission 25 cents—Children half price.

N. B. All kinds of Birds, Quadrupeds and Reptiles bought, sold or exchanged, by. J. COPS.

nov. 18—6t

REMOVAL.
G. W. WATSON,
COACH AND HARNESS MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has removed from No. 40 Prune street to the establishment built expressly for Coach Making, at the junction of York and Laurel streets, Philadelphia, immediately in the vicinity and nearly opposite the Mansion House Hotel; where,